

Asymptotics of Ranks of Tensors

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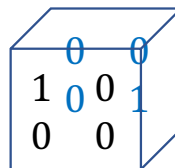
Definition

- pick field F I usually pick the complex numbers
- pick an order k I usually pick $k=2$ (matrix case) or $k=3$
- pick number d not so relevant as long as large enough
- A **tensor \mathbf{t}** is an element in $F^d \otimes F^d \otimes \dots \otimes F^d$ (k factors)

- $k=2$ matrix case

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$k=3$

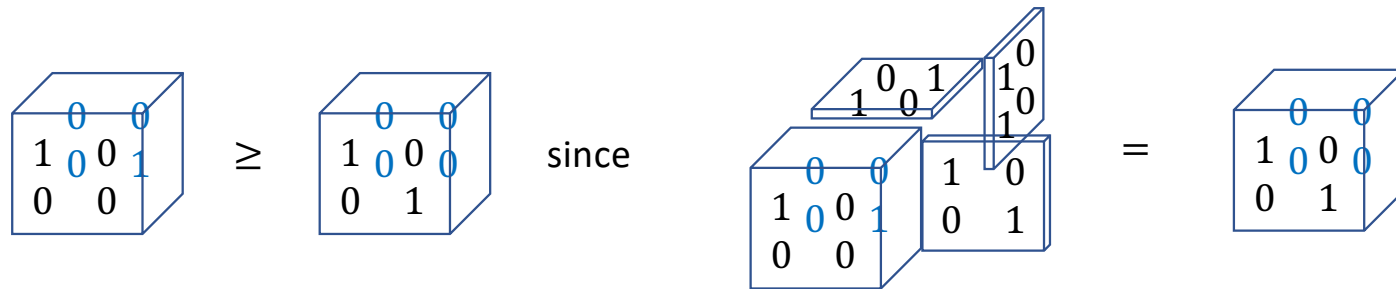


Restriction

- Pick \mathbf{t} in $F^d \otimes F^d \otimes \dots \otimes F^d$ and \mathbf{t}' in $F^{d'} \otimes F^{d'} \otimes \dots \otimes F^{d'}$ (k factors)
- We say that \mathbf{t} **restricts to** \mathbf{t}' ($\mathbf{t} \geq \mathbf{t}'$) if there are matrices: a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k s.th. $(a_1 \otimes a_2 \dots \otimes a_k)t = t'$

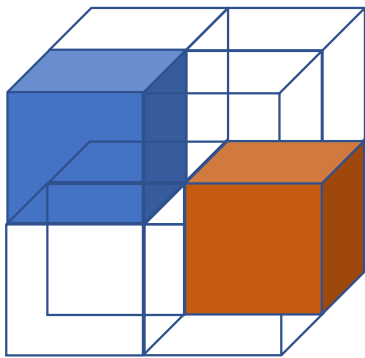
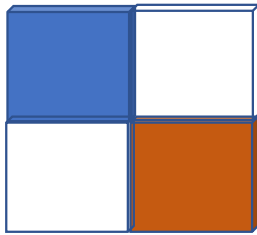
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ since } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\begin{matrix} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ a_1 & t & a_2 & t' \end{matrix}$



Direct sum

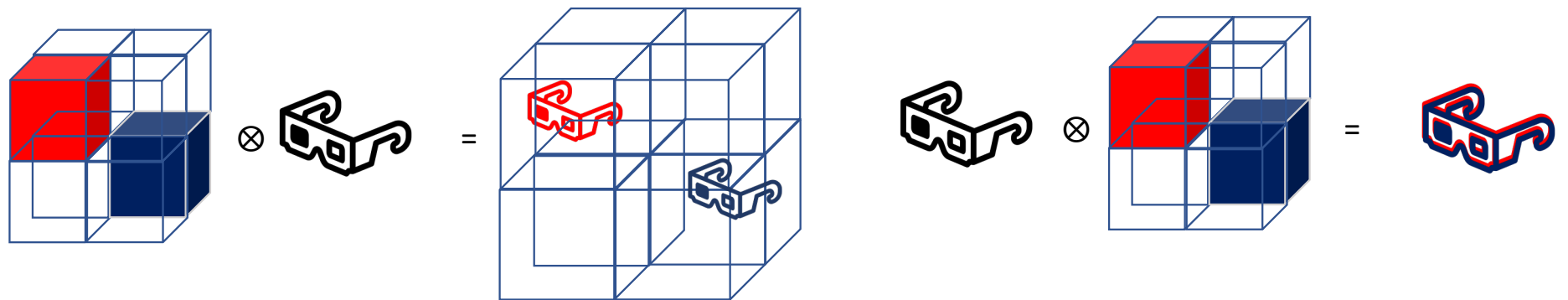
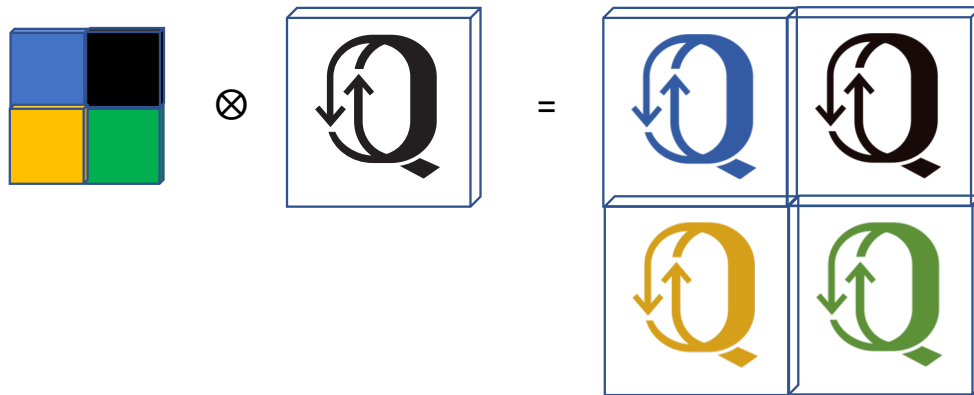
- $t \oplus t'$ in $(F^d \oplus F^{d'}) \otimes (F^d \oplus F^{d'}) \otimes \dots \otimes (F^d \oplus F^{d'})$



$\langle d \rangle := \text{unit tensor size } d = \text{diagonal size } d$

Tensor product

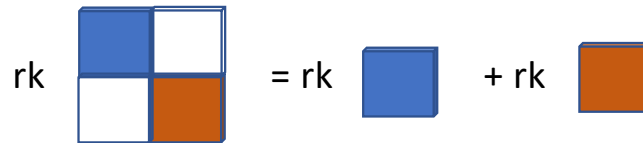
- $t \otimes t'$ in $(F^d \otimes F^{d'}) \otimes (F^d \otimes F^{d'}) \otimes \dots \otimes (F^d \otimes F^{d'})$



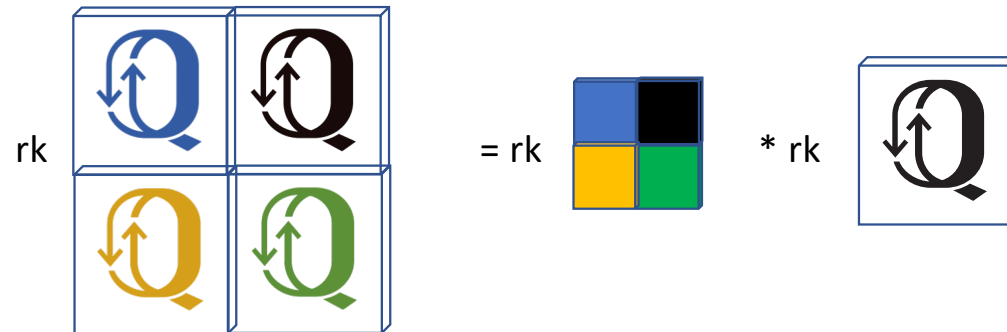
Matrix rank

- monotone, i.e. non-increasing under restriction $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, since $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

- additive under direct sum



- multiplicative under tensor product



- normalized

$$\text{rk} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix} = d$$


Rank zoo



tensor rank 


$$R(t) := \min\{r: \langle r \rangle \geq t\}$$


$$= \min\left\{r: t = \sum_{i=1}^r \alpha_i \otimes \beta_i \otimes \gamma_i\right\}$$

Your favorite animal 

smoothable rank 

border rank  cactus rank 

max flattening rank 

Waring rank 
(symmetric rank)

min flattening rank 

slice rank  analytic rank 

geometric rank  partition rank 

$$Q(t) := \max\{r: t \geq \langle r \rangle\}$$

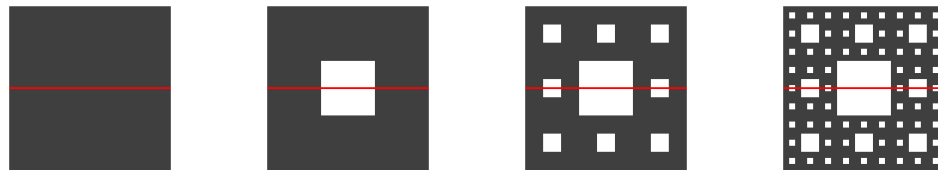
subrank 

- What do they have in common?
 - monotone, normalized, but not multiplicative under tensor product

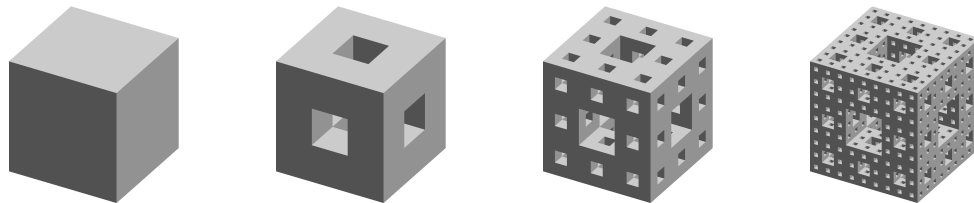
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \text{2x2 matrix multiplication tensor (tensor rank=7<8, Strassen '69)}$$

Iterating the tensor product

- $1 \rightarrow t \rightarrow t^{\otimes 2} \rightarrow t^{\otimes 3} \rightarrow \dots$
- Sierpinsky carpet



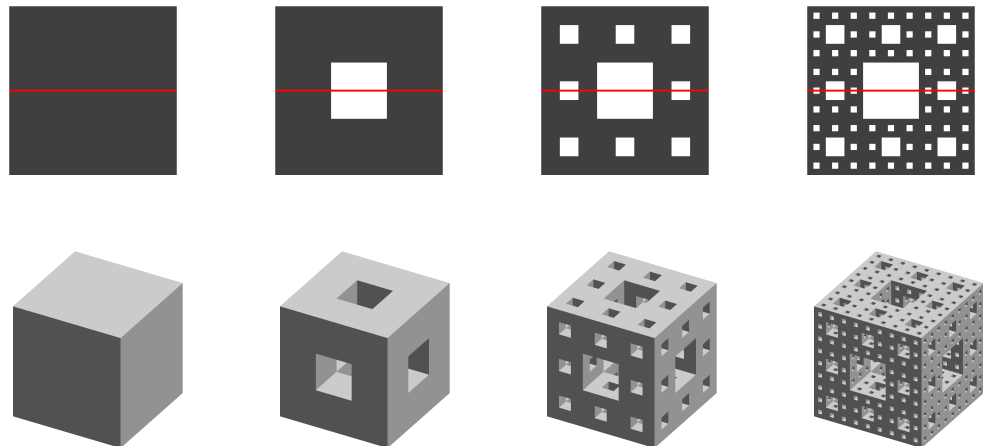
- Menger sponge



taken from Gelss and Schütte, <https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.00814>

Regularize/Amortize/Asymptotize

- $f: \text{tensors} \rightarrow F$
- $\tilde{f}(t) := \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(t^{\otimes n})^{\frac{1}{n}}$
- \tilde{f} measures growth under tensor product
- f multiplicative $\rightarrow \tilde{f} = f$
 - ex: matrix case 😊
 - converse not true



Folklore

- Theorem: Let f monotone, normalized and \tilde{f} exists. Then

$$\tilde{R} \geq \tilde{f} \geq \tilde{Q}$$

- Proof:

- By definition

$$\langle \tilde{R}(t)^{n+o(n)} \rangle \geq t^{\otimes n} \geq \langle \tilde{Q}(t)^{n+o(n)} \rangle$$

- Apply f . Due to monotonicity

$$f(\langle \tilde{R}(t)^{n+o(n)} \rangle) \geq f(t^{\otimes n}) \geq f(\langle \tilde{Q}(t)^{n+o(n)} \rangle)$$

- Due to normalization

$$\tilde{R}(t)^{n+o(n)} \geq f(t^{\otimes n}) \geq \tilde{Q}(t)^{n+o(n)}$$

qed

tensor rank
smoothable
border rank
max flattening rank
min flattening rank
slice rank
analytic rank
geometric rank
rank
subrank

Are there multiplicative functions?

- Theorem (Strassen):

- There are normalized, multiplicative functions F , s.th.

$$\tilde{R} = \max F \text{ and } \tilde{Q} = \min F$$

- Furthermore

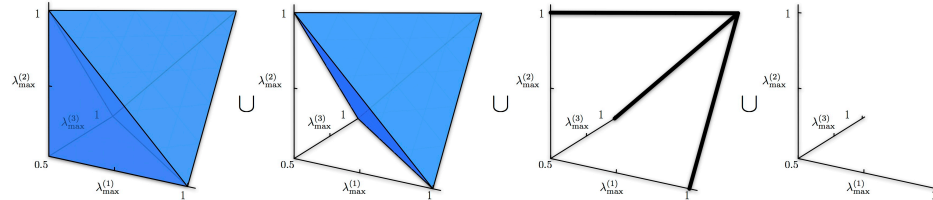
- the F 's are additive
- they determine asymptotic restriction

$$\text{If } F(t) \geq F(t') \forall F, \text{ then } t \geq t'$$

Some results



- Quantum functionals
 - Strassen F's (STOC'18)

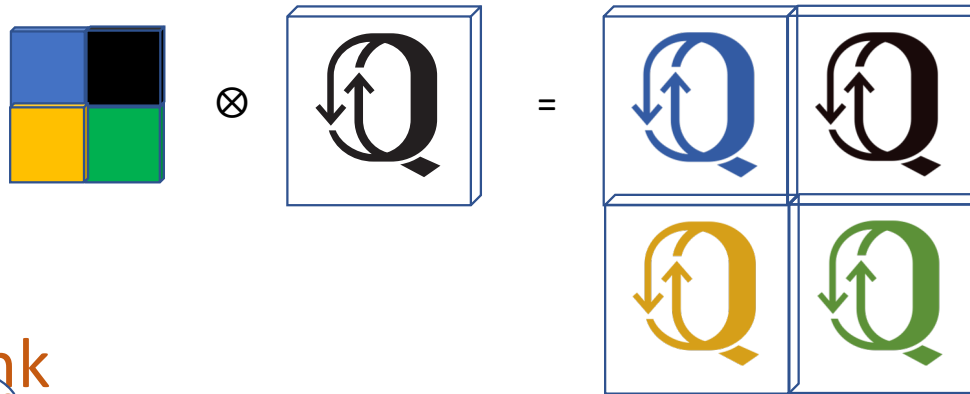


- Weighted slice rank
 - = Legendre of Quantum functionals
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/2012.14412>
- Asymptotic symmetric subrank (of symmetric tensors)
 - = asymptotic subrank
 - barrier for cap-set like problems
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.01130>

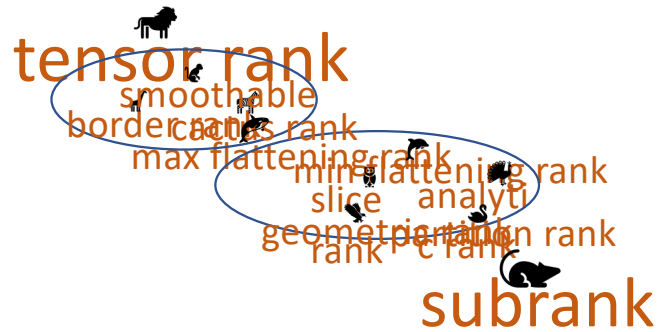


Summary

- QMATH – hiring!



- Zoo



- Asymptotic ranks (cool results 😊)

