

Claudia Draxl

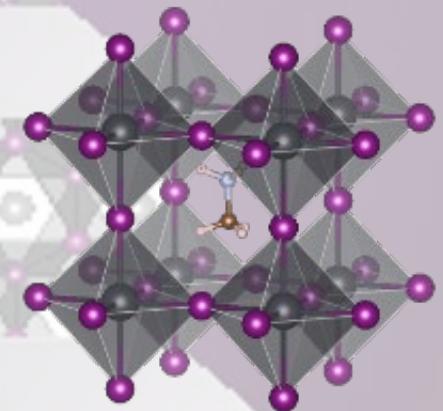
High-throughput

spectroscopy and

materials discovery

by beyond-DFT workflows

and data-analysis frameworks



3 projects ...

FONDA



FAIRmat



NOMAD CoE

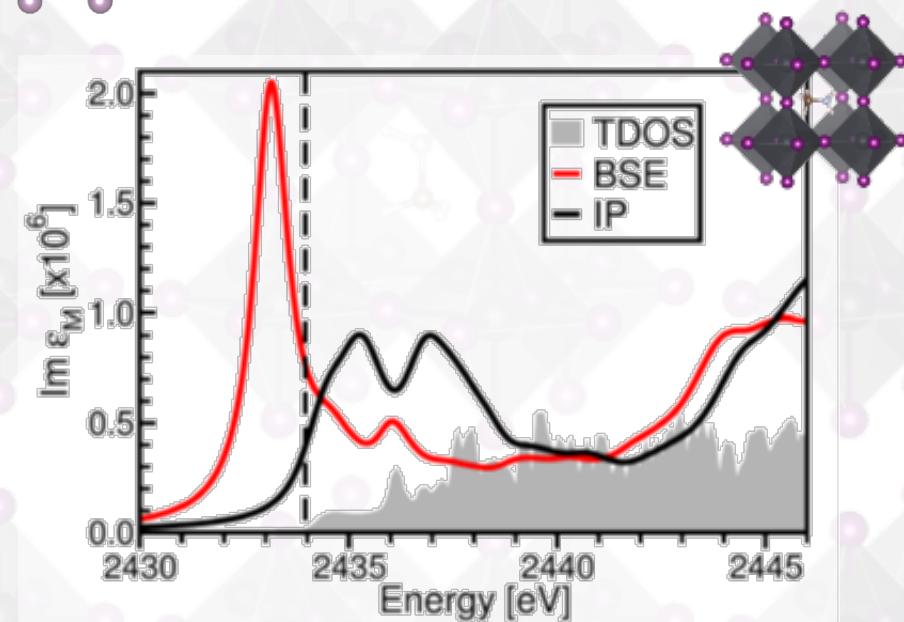
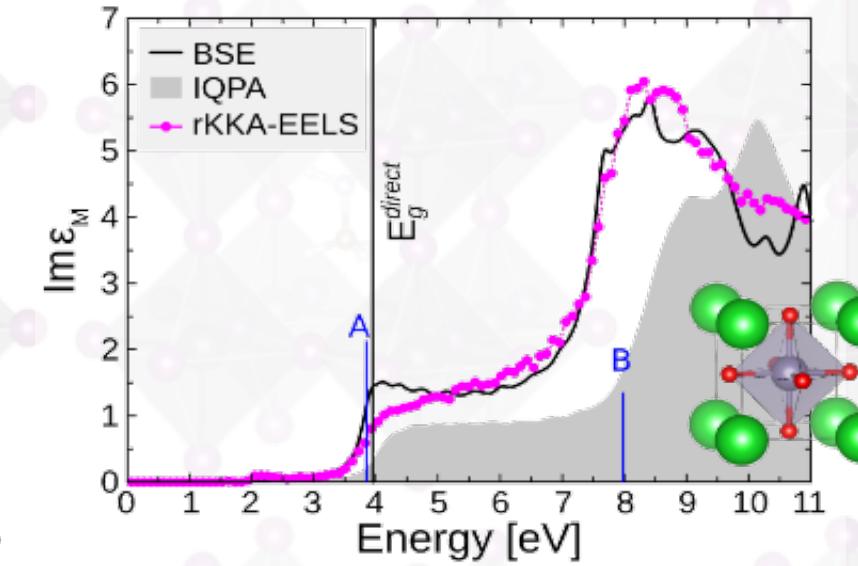
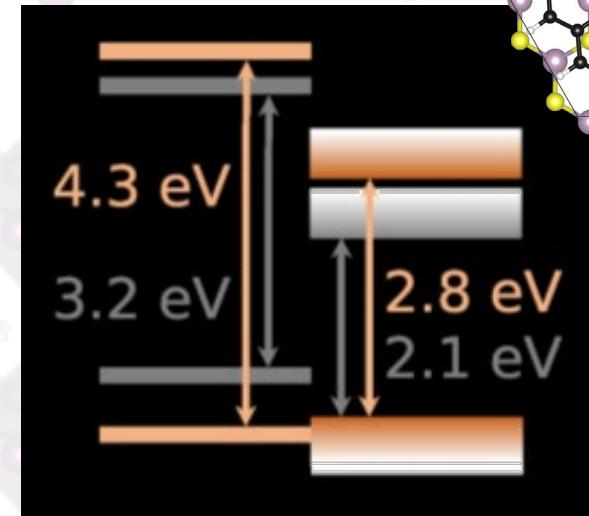
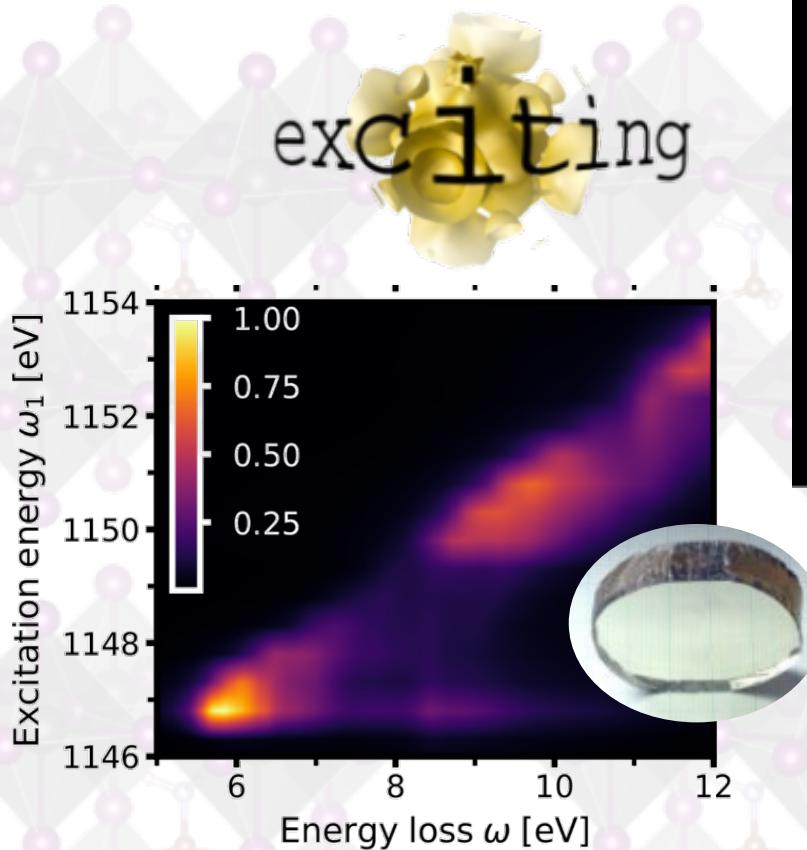
NOMAD

exciting

My research field

Computational materials science

Focus on theoretical spectroscopy



... and why do I care about workflows?

3 projects ...



NOMAD

NOMAD CoE

exciting

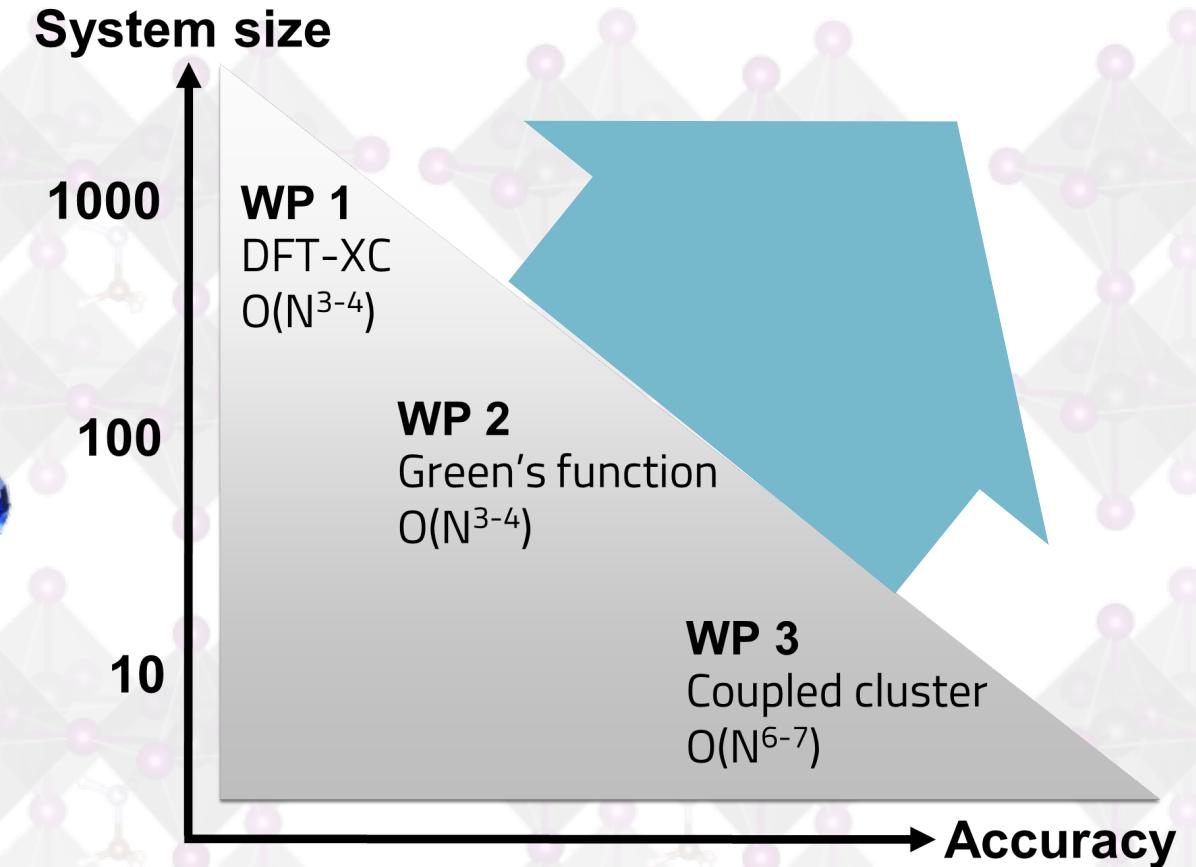
What limits us?

Many materials / properties require methods better than semi-local DFT
Basically everything relevant for e.g. energy research

Complex systems require
larger simulation cells

1 atom out of thousand(s)
may determine the color

... and/or better methodology



Exascale codes

Bring DFT, Green-function based methods, and coupled-cluster theory to exascale

Develop libraries for code families

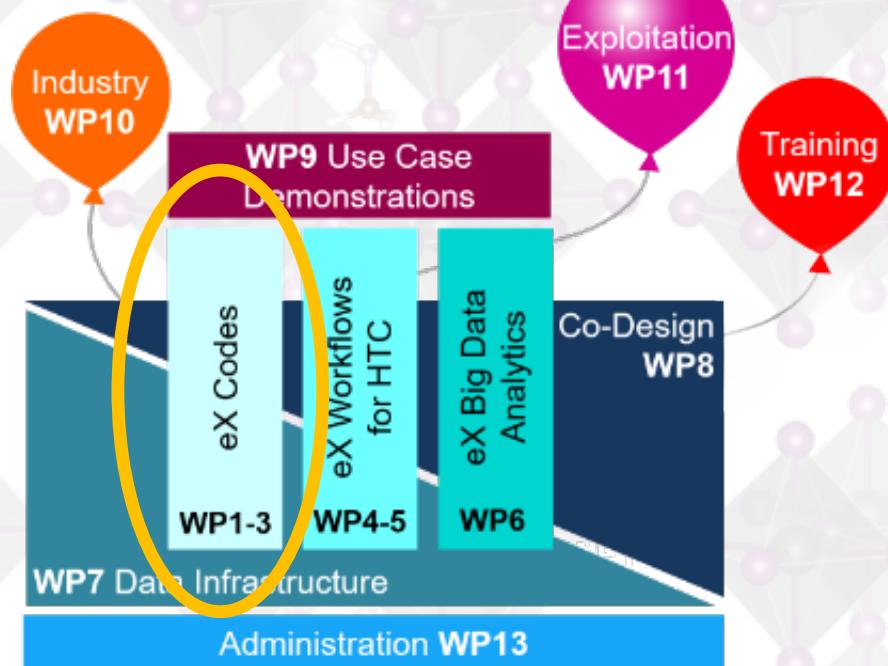
Covering planewaves, LAPW's, numerical atom-centered orbitals

All-electron & pseudopotentials

Demonstrator codes



GPAW!



Our instrument

<http://exciting-code.org>



Home

Documentation

Tutorials

Input Reference

Template Market

Downloads

exciting

Other Packages

How to reach us

Contact

Forum

Development

A. Gulans, S. Kontur, C. Meisenbichler, D. Nabok, P. Pavone, S. Rigamonti, S. Sagmeister, U. Werner, and CD, J. Phys: Condens. Matter 26, 363202 (2014).

C. Vorwerk, B. Aurich, C. Cocchi, and C. Draxl, Electronic Structure, 1, 037001 (2019).

The exciting Code

Download exciting

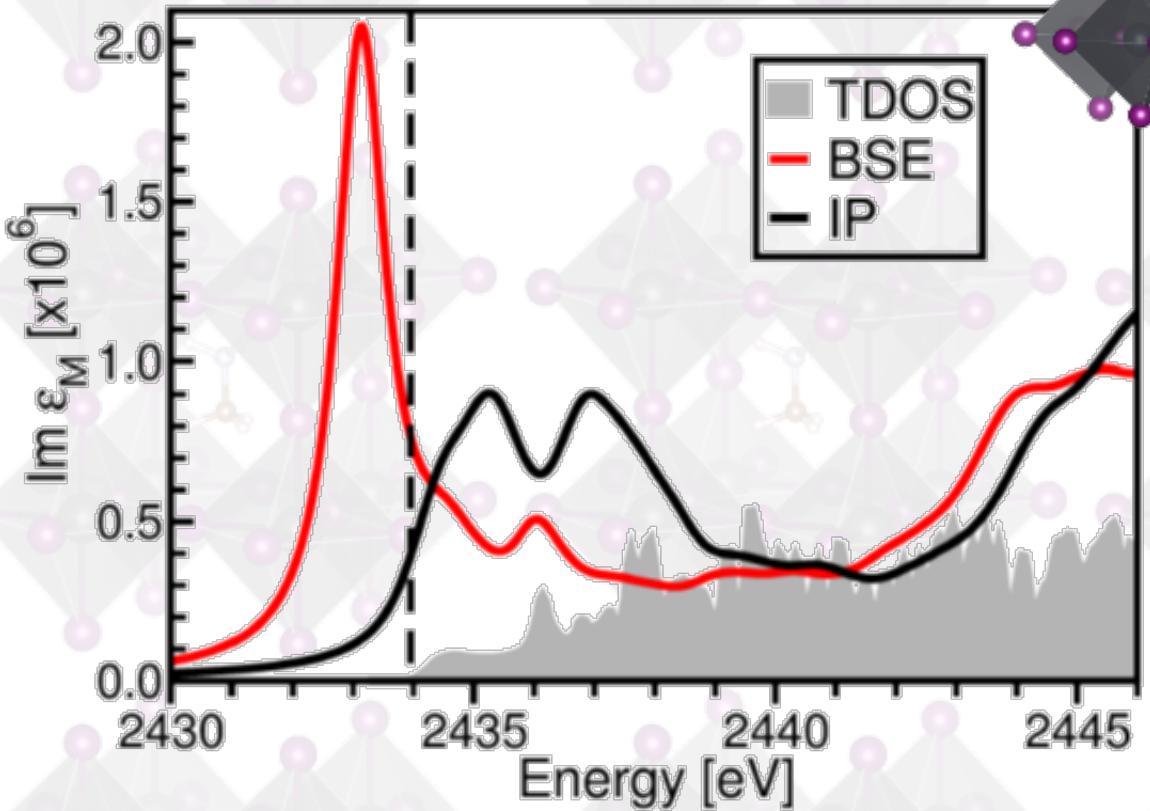
exciting is a full-potential all-electron density-functional-theory package implementing the families of linearized augmented planewave methods. It can be applied to all kinds of materials, irrespective of the atomic species involved, and also allows for exploring the physics of core electrons. A particular focus are excited states within many-body perturbation theory.

News

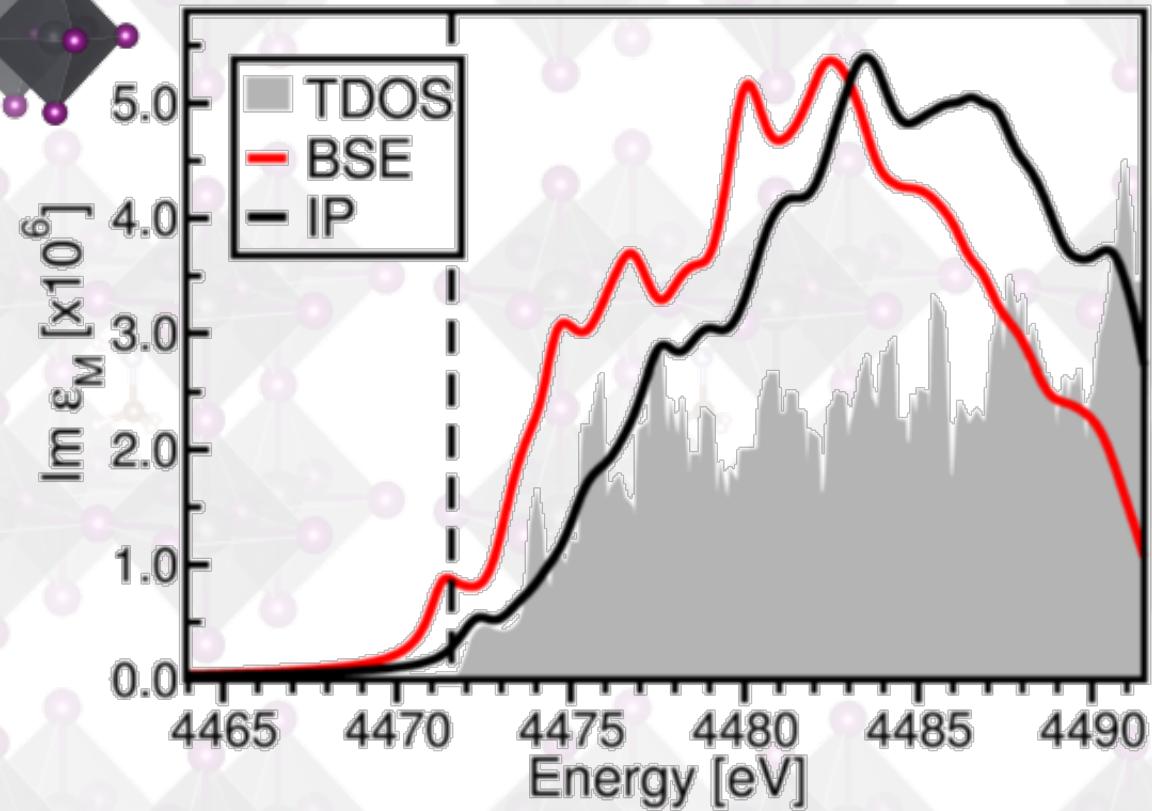


Example: core-level spectra in MAPbI_3

Pb M₅ edge



I L₃ edge



Exascale workflows

Serve as a glue

Controlling computational parameters

Way more parameters in advanced methodology

Combining tasks / 'recipes'

To be executed either in parallel or consecutively

Handling jobs

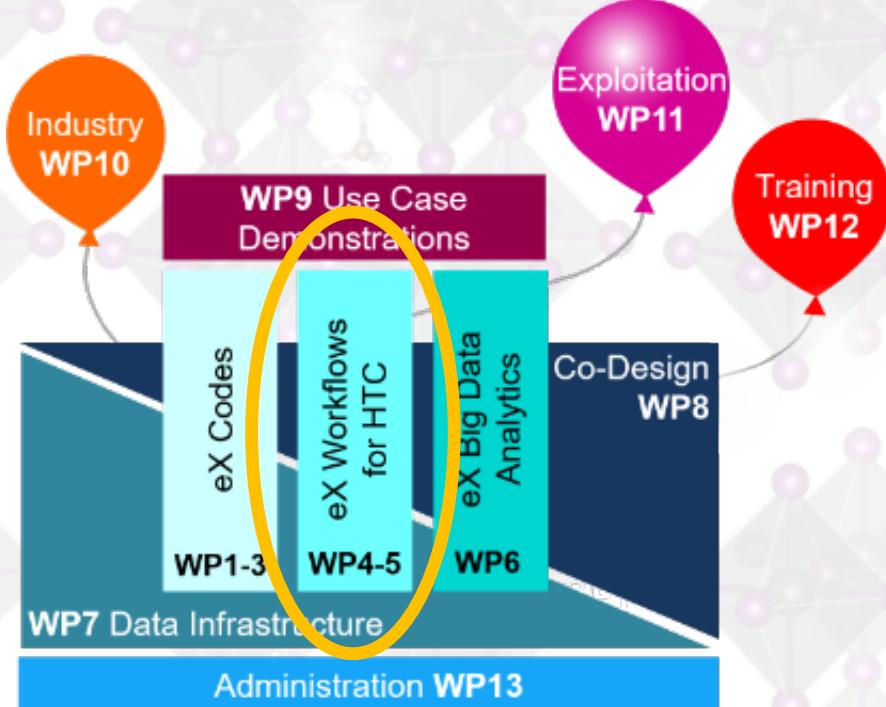
To guarantee error-free or error-corrected execution

Collecting results

Are

Method-specific

Largely code-specific



Example: high-throughput absorption spectra

Bethe-Salpeter equation

$$\sum_{v' c' k'} H_{vck, v' c' k'}^{e-h} A_{v' c' k'}^\lambda = E_\lambda A_{vck}^\lambda$$

```
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  </structure>

  <groundstate />

  <xst xstype="BSE" />

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```

Bethe-Salpeter equation

$$\sum_{v'c'k'} \hat{H}_{vck,v'c'k'} A_{v'c'k'}^\lambda = E^\lambda A_{vck}^\lambda$$

Exciton wavefunction

Optical excitations

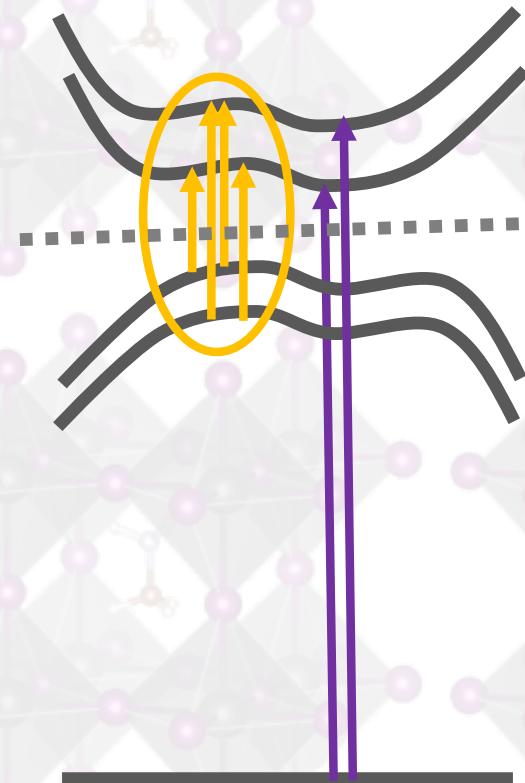
$$\phi^\lambda(\mathbf{r}_e, \mathbf{r}_h) = \sum_{vck} A_{vck}^\lambda \psi_{vk}^*(\mathbf{r}_h) \psi_{ck}(\mathbf{r}_e)$$

valence conduction
core conduction

Core excitations

Spectra

$$\text{Im} \epsilon_M(\omega) = \frac{8\pi^2}{\Omega} \sum_\lambda \left| \sum_{vck} A_{vck}^\lambda \frac{\langle v\mathbf{k} | \hat{\mathbf{p}} | c\mathbf{k} \rangle}{\epsilon_{ck} - \epsilon_{vk}} \right|^2 \delta(\omega - E_\lambda)$$



High-throughput absorption spectra ...

Bethe-Salpeter equation

$$\sum_{v'c'k'} H_{vck,v'c'k'}^{e-h} A_{v'c'k'}^\lambda = E_\lambda A_{vck}^\lambda$$

$$H_{vck,v'c'k'}^{\text{diag}} = (\varepsilon_{ck} - \varepsilon_{vk}) \delta_{vv'} \delta_{cc'} \delta_{kk'}$$

$$H_{cvk,c'v'k'}^{\text{dir}} = \int d^3r d^3r' \frac{\psi_{vk}(\mathbf{r}) \psi_{ck}^*(\mathbf{r}') \epsilon^{-1}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') \psi_{v'k'}^*(\mathbf{r}) \psi_{c'k'}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

$$H_{vck,v'c'k'}^x = \int d^3r d^3r' \psi_{vk}(\mathbf{r}) \psi_{ck}^*(\mathbf{r}) \bar{v}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') \psi_{v'k'}^*(\mathbf{r}') \psi_{c'k'}(\mathbf{r}')$$

Bethe-Salpeter equation

$$\sum_{v'c'k'} \hat{H}_{vck, v'c'k'} A_{v'c'k'}^\lambda = E^\lambda A_{vck}^\lambda$$

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C-

Sp-

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    </qpointset>
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        <doonly task="scrwritepmat"/> <doonly task="screen"/> <doonly task="srcoulint"/> <doonly task="exccoulint"/>
    </plan>
</xsi>

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Workflow for converging (core) spectra

structure



ground-state

dry run checking parameters

species, atom, edge

converge various parameters

range of input values,
convergence criteria [1]

converged result

database, analysis

excitingtools



Parser for over 50 exciting output files

+ tools for post-processing

Utilities for constructing exciting input files

Easy integration with workflow managers

<https://pypi.org/project/excitingtools/>



<https://github.com/exciting/excitingtools/>



Code pieces

jobflow

dynamic workflows, HPC execution

excitingworkflow

define workflow, calculation, convergence

excitingtools

allows automatic interaction with **exciting**

exciting

computation of absorption spectra

XANES benchmark project

Probing 3 different codes

Multi-code Benchmark on Simulated Ti K-edge X-ray Absorption Spectra of Ti-O Compounds

Fanchen Meng,¹ Benedikt Maurer,² Fabian Peschel,² Sencer Selcuk,¹ Mark Hybertsen,¹ Xiaohui Qu,¹ Christian Vorwerk,^{3,*} Claudia Draxl,^{2,†} John Vinson,^{4,‡} and Deyu Lu^{1,§}

¹*Center for Functional Nanomaterials, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York 11973, United States*

²*Institut für Physik and IRIS Adlershof, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Berlin Germany*

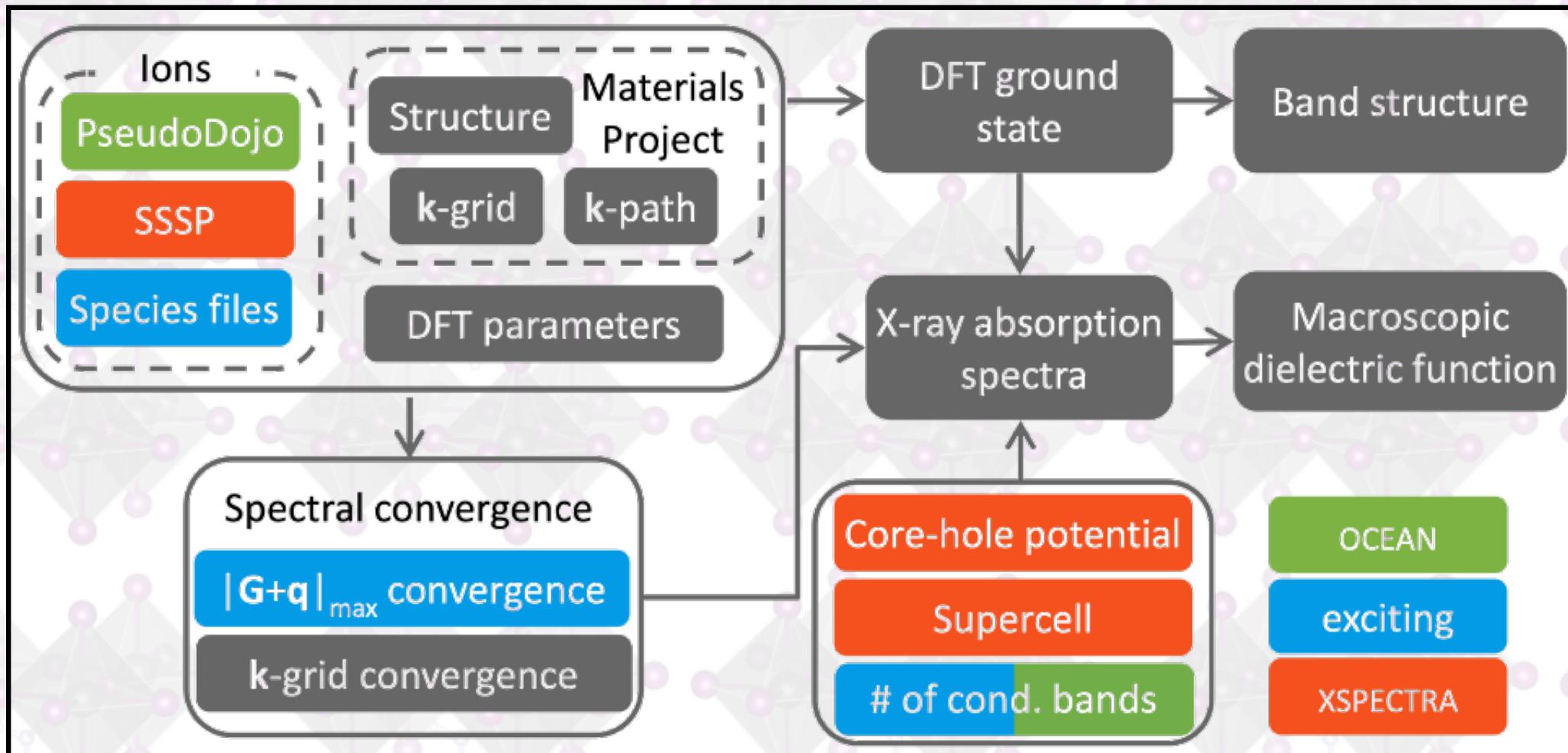
³*Pritzker School of Molecular Engineering, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, United States*

⁴*Material Measurement Laboratory, National Institute of Standards
and Technology, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899, United States*

(Dated: March 15, 2023)

XANES benchmark workflow

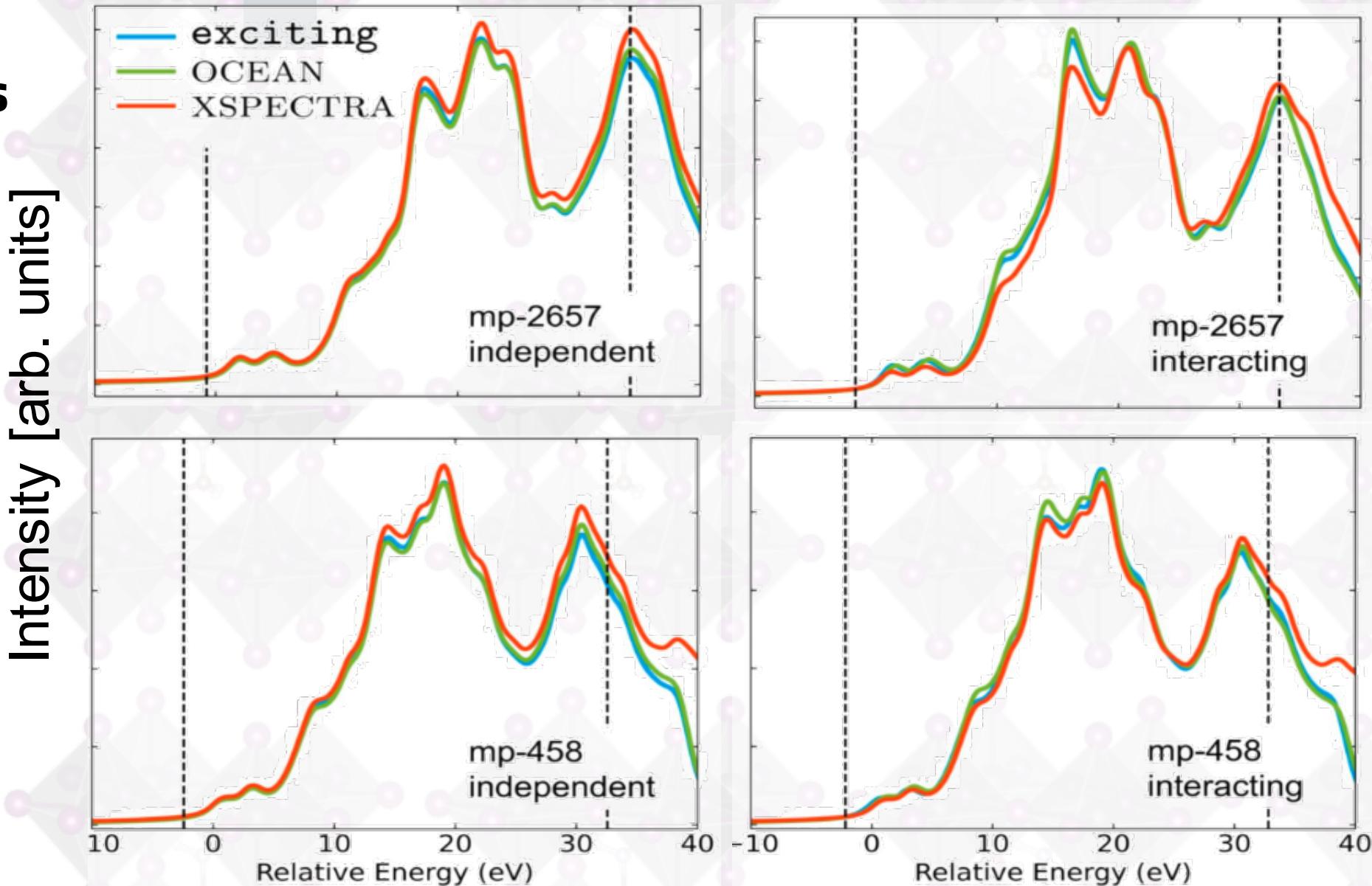
Workflow combining 3 different codes



Ti K edge

Ti-O structures

NOMAD



XANES code: Lightshow

Tool serving 3 different codes

Lightshow: a Python package for generating computational x-ray absorption spectroscopy input files

Matthew R. Carbone,^{1,*} Fanchen Meng,^{2,†} Christian Vorwerk,³ Benedikt Maurer,⁴ Fabian Peschel,⁴ Xiaohui Qu,² Eli Stavitski,⁵ Claudia Draxl,⁴ John Vinson,⁶ and Deyu Lu²

¹*Computational Science Initiative, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York 11973, United States*

²*Center for Functional Nanomaterials, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York 11973, United States*

³*Pritzker School of Molecular Engineering, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, United States*

⁴*Physics Department and IRIS Adlershof, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, D-12489 Berlin, Germany*

⁵*National Synchrotron Light Source II, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York 11973, United States*

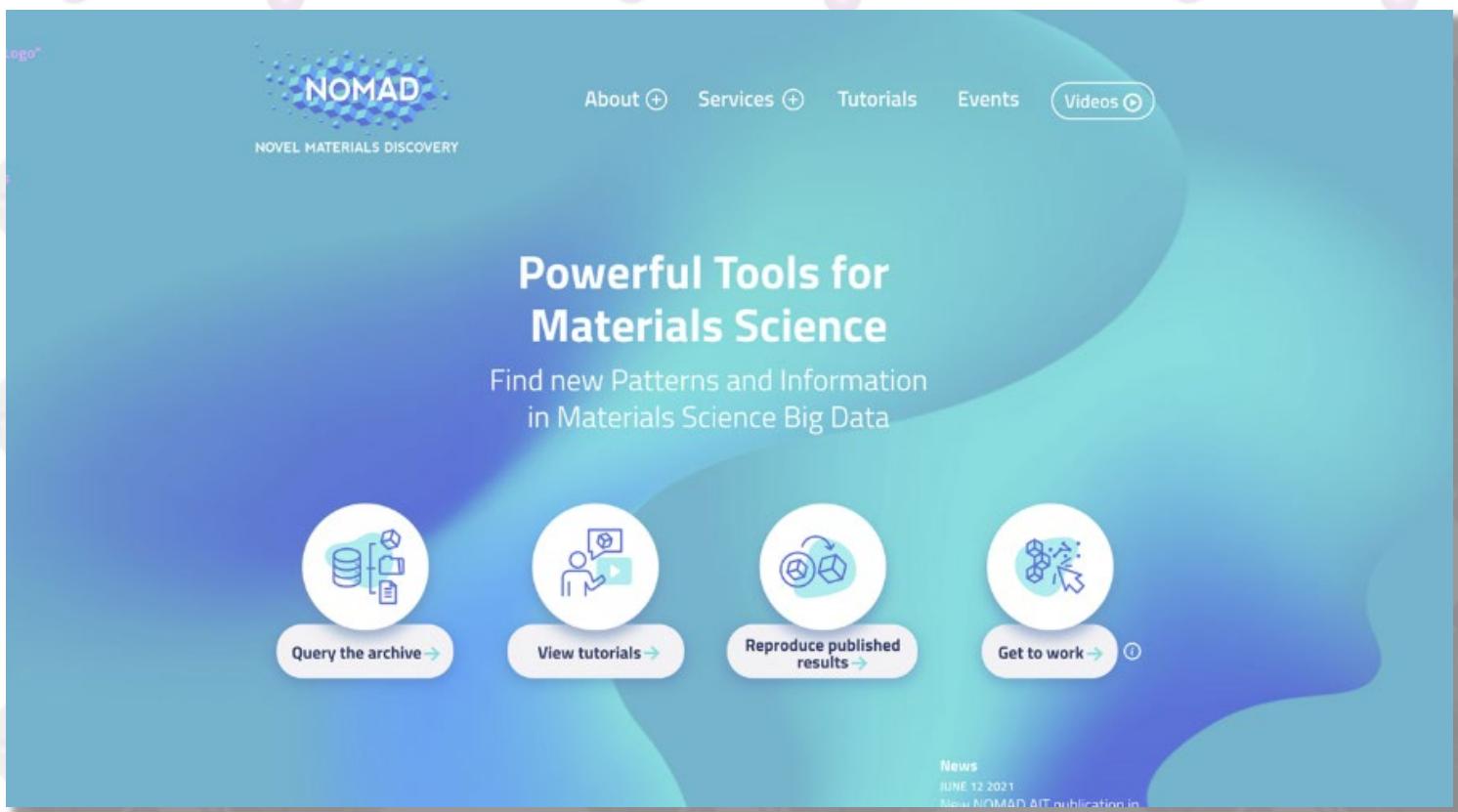
⁶*Material Measurement Laboratory, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899, United States*

(Dated: November 9, 2022)

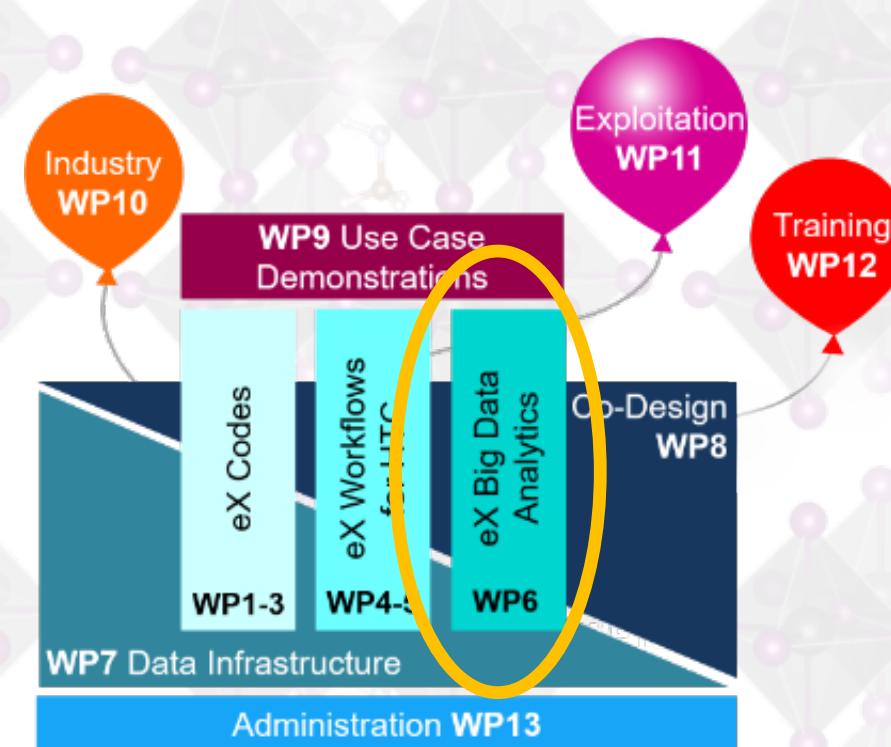
Extreme-scale data

Artificial-Intelligence Toolkit

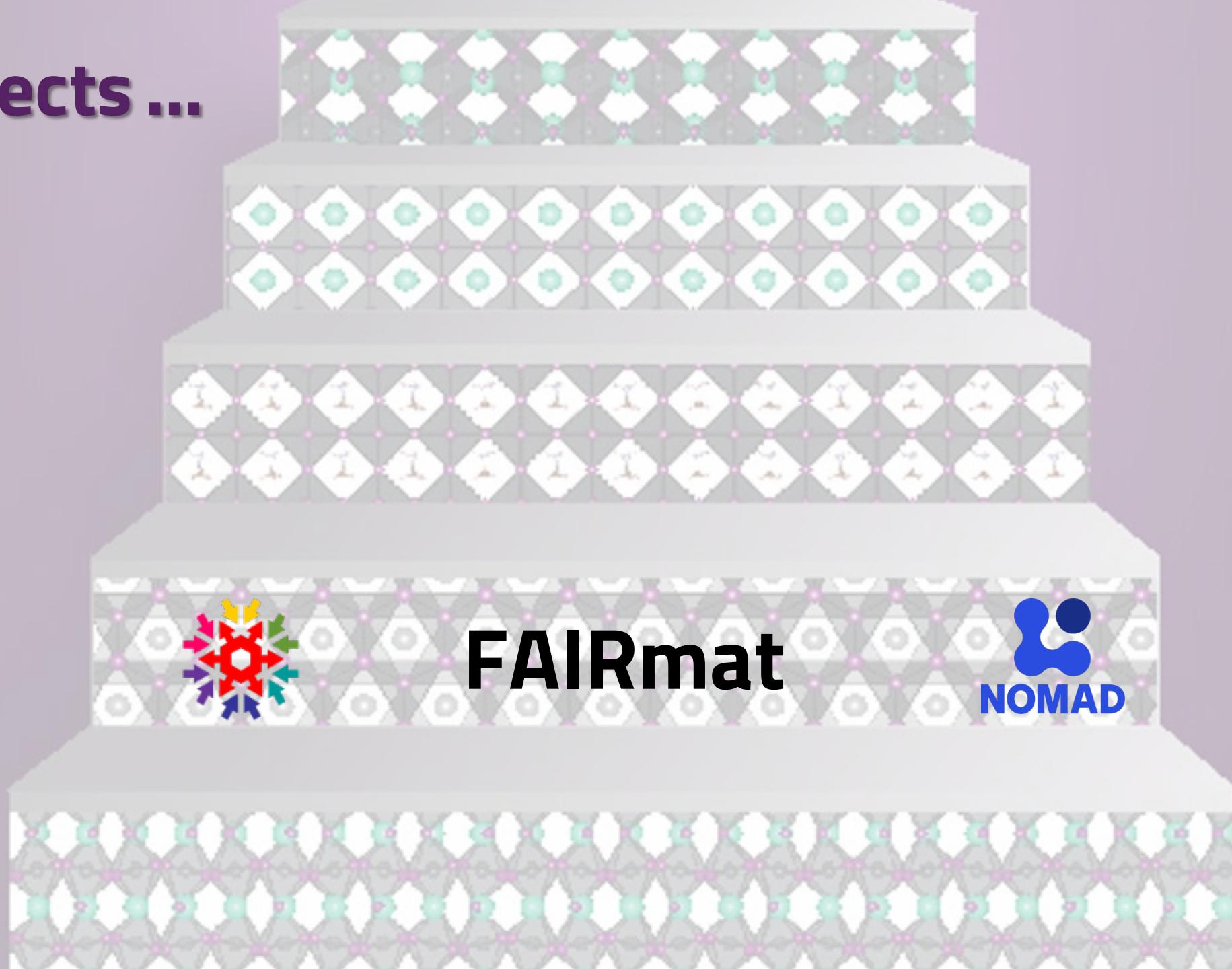
Brought to "real-time" performance



The image shows the homepage of the NOMAD (NOVEL MATERIALS DISCOVERY) website. The header features the NOMAD logo and navigation links for About, Services, Tutorials, Events, and Videos. The main section is titled "Powerful Tools for Materials Science" with the subtitle "Find new Patterns and Information in Materials Science Big Data". It includes four circular icons: "Query the archive", "View tutorials", "Reproduce published results", and "Get to work". A news banner at the bottom left states "JUNE 12 2021 New NOMAD AIT publication in".



3 projects ...

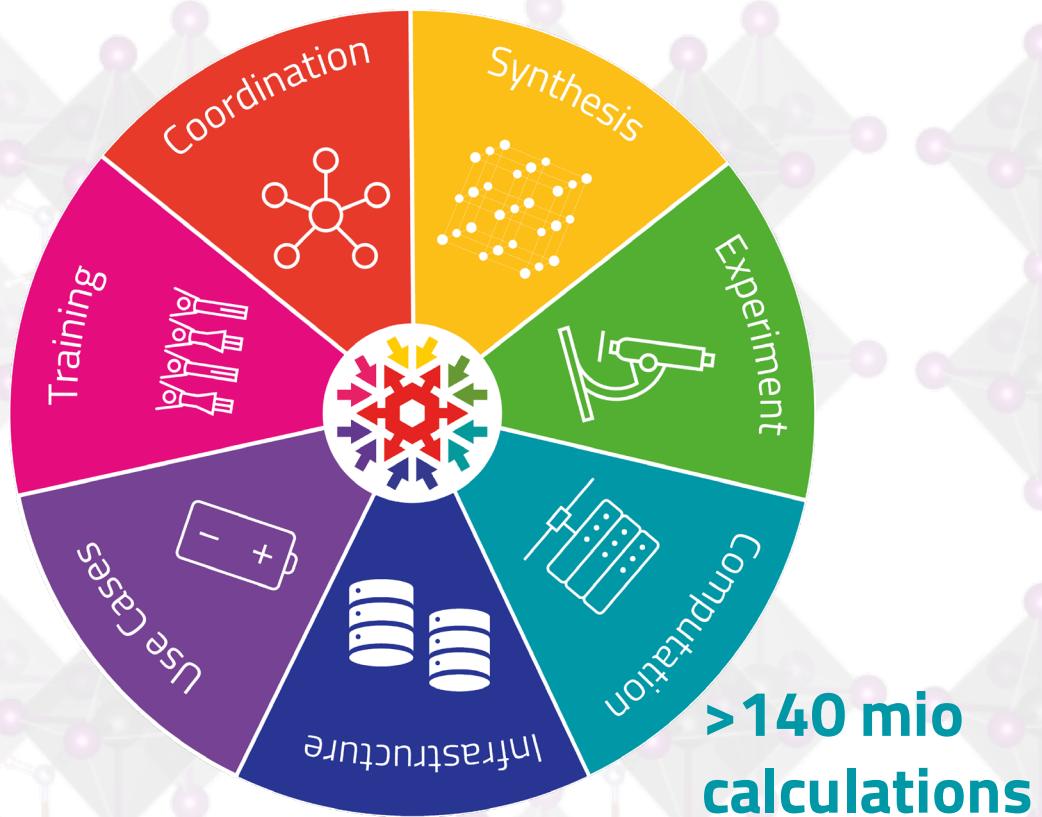


FAIRmat / NOMAD data infrastructure



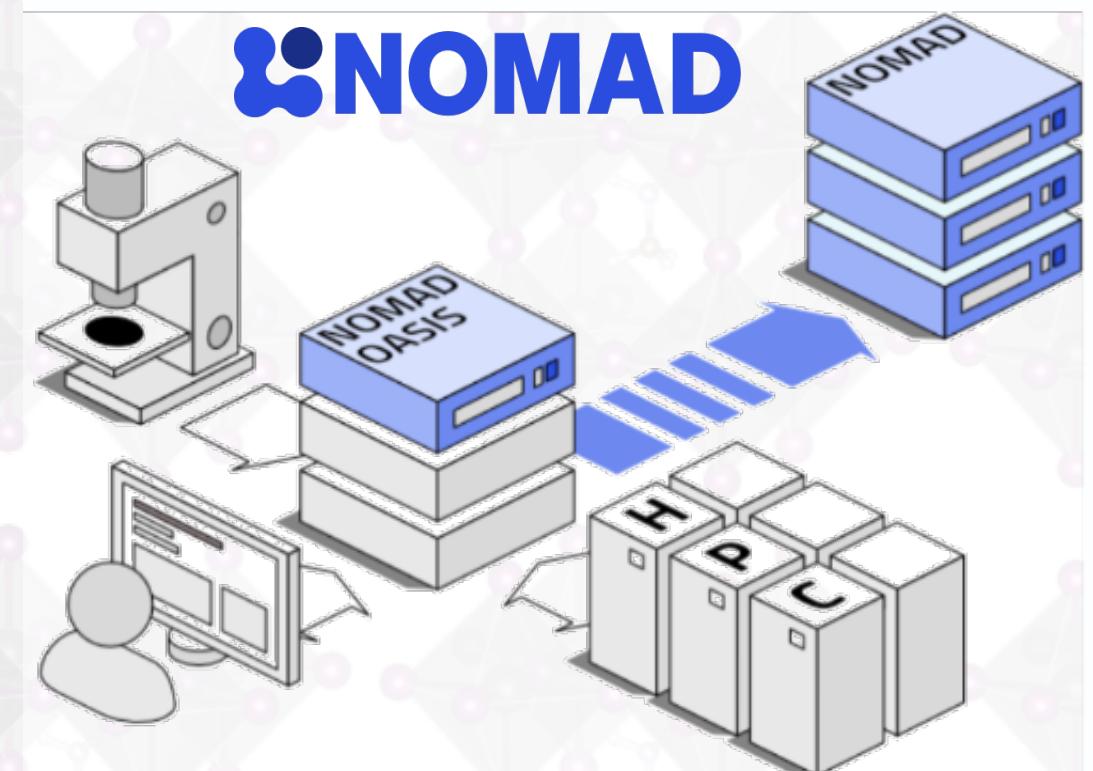
FAIRmat is the NFDI consortium
for solid state physics and
the chemical physics of solids

<https://fairmat-nfdi.eu>



NOMAD is a web-based software for
FAIR research data management
in materials science

<https://nomad-lab.eu>



Workflows in NOMAD

PUBLISH ▾ EXPLORE ▾ ANALYZE ▾ ABOUT ▾

 Entries ?

FILTERS

- DMFT
- EELS
- Workflow
- Molecular Dynamics
- Geometry Optimization
- Properties
- Electronic
- Vibrational

30 RESULTS

MOLECULAR DYNAMICS

Available Properties	linear
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pressure	30
<input type="checkbox"/> Volume	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Energy Potential	16

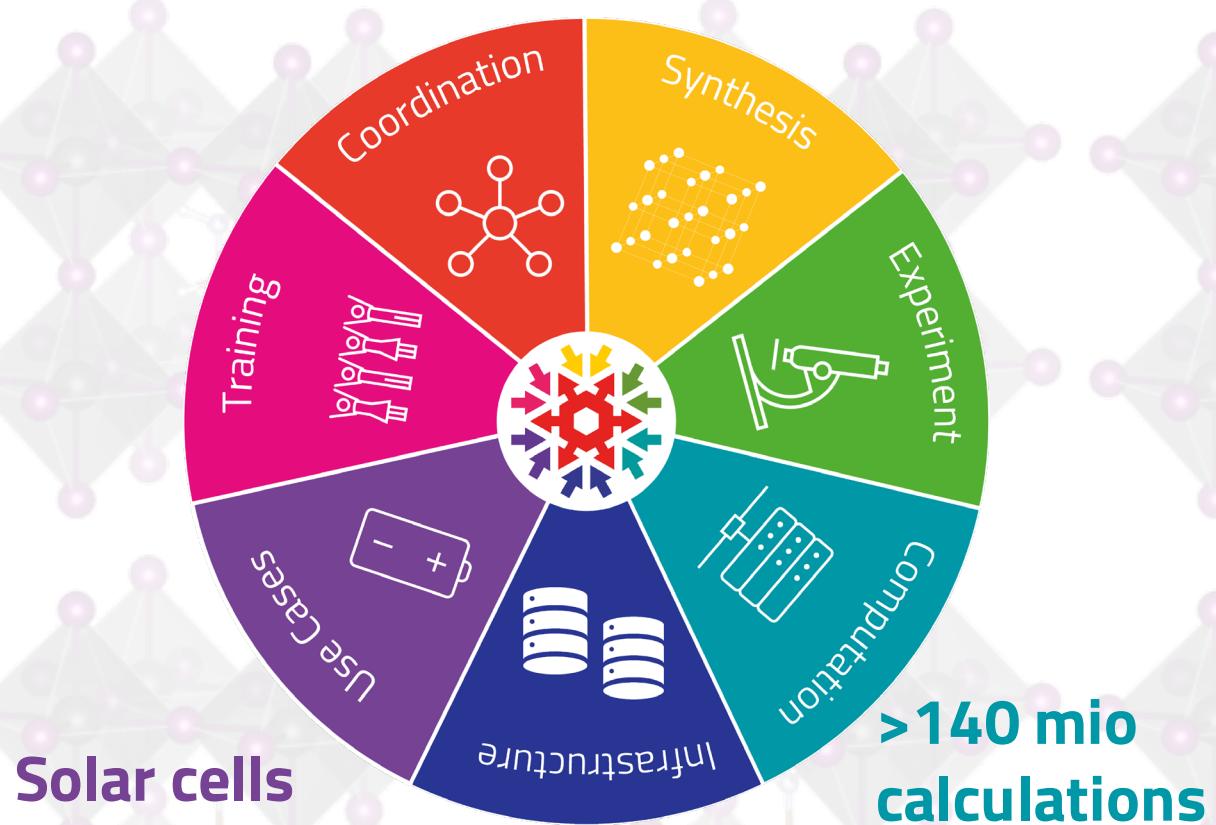
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<input type="checkbox"/> NPT	6

FAIRmat / NOMAD data infrastructure



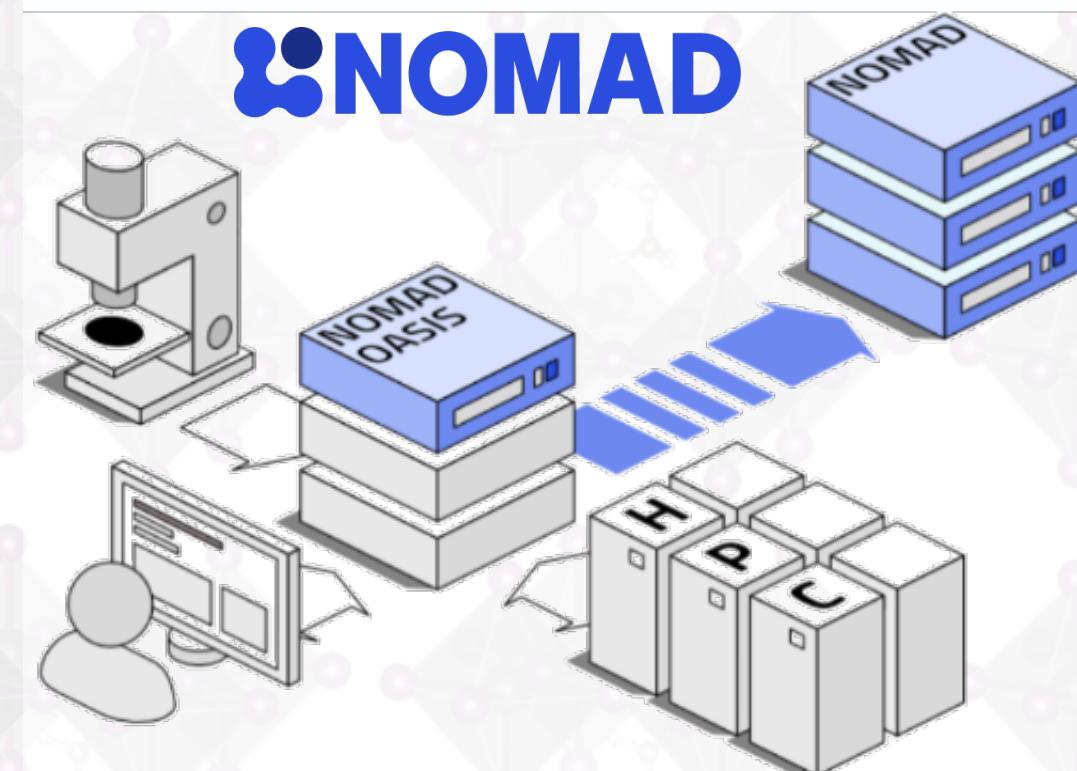
**FAIRmat is the NFDI consortium
for solid state physics and
the chemical physics of solids**

<https://fairmat-nfdi.eu>

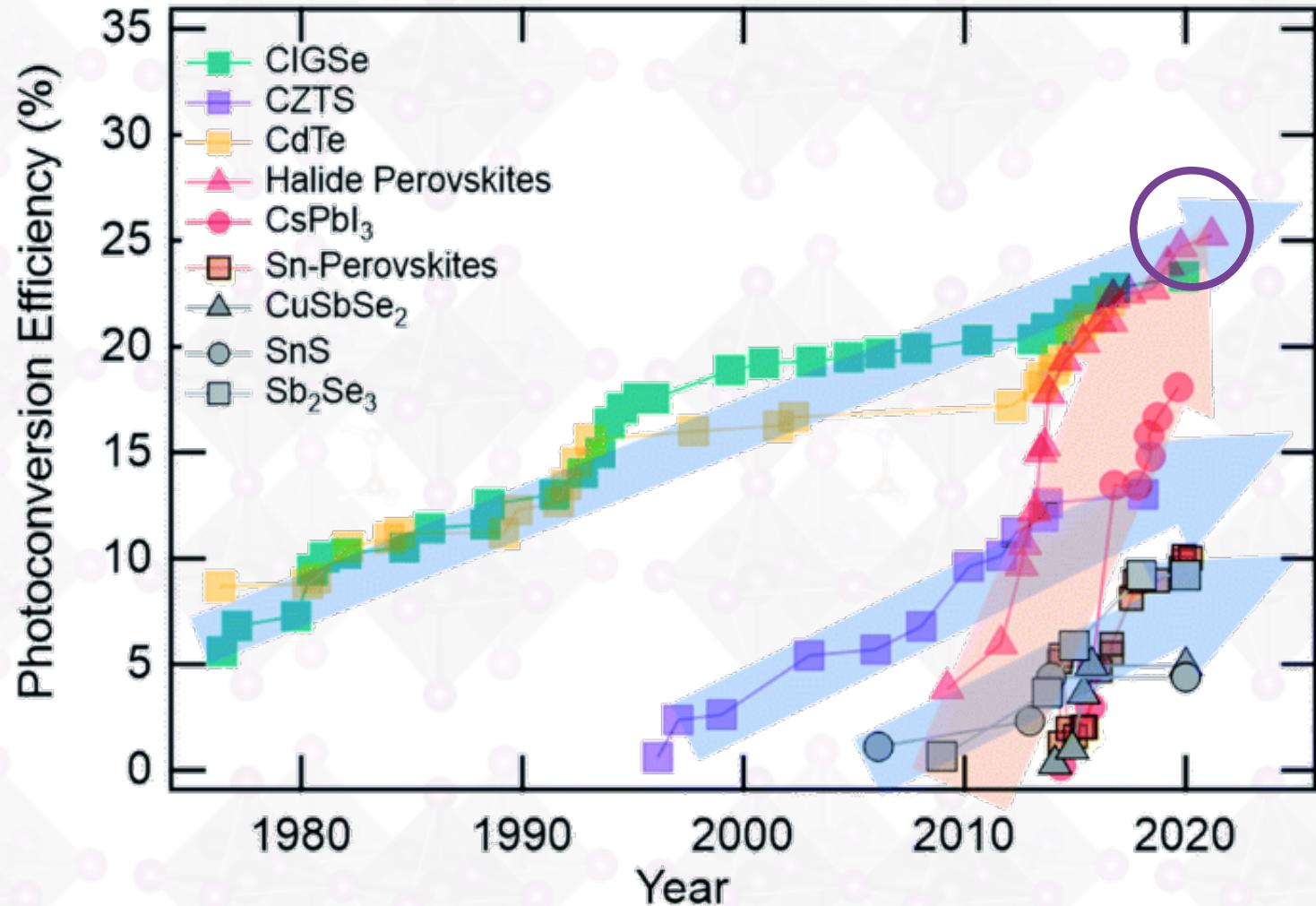


**NOMAD is a web-based software for
FAIR research data management
in materials science**

<https://nomad-lab.eu>



A long way to the roof ...

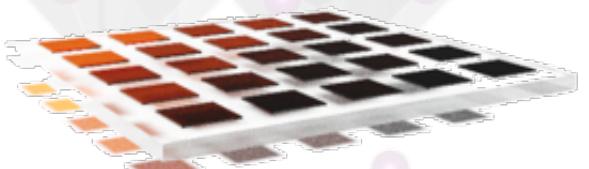


Classical solar-cell research

Literature



Synthesis

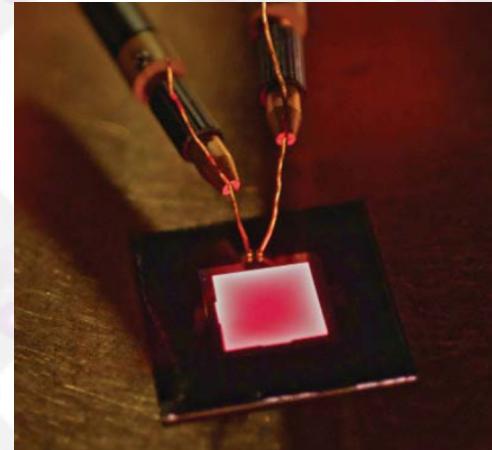


Characterization

SLOW

SLOW

Device



Publication

RESEARCH

SOLAR CELLS

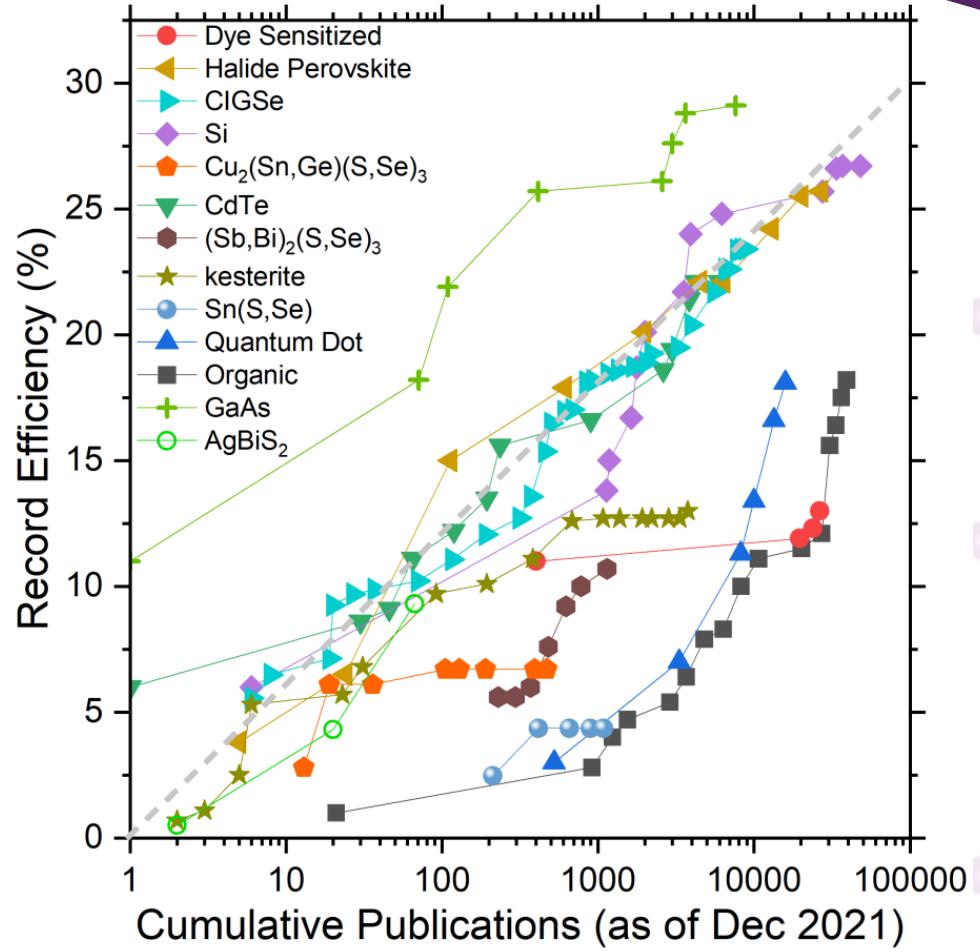
Monolithic perovskite/silicon tandem solar cell with >29% efficiency by enhanced hole extraction

Amran Al-Ashour^{1,*}, Eike Köhnen^{1*}, Bor Li¹, Artiom Magomedov², Hannes Hempel³, Pietro Caprioglio^{1,4}, José A. Márquez², Anna Bolen Morales Vilches⁵, Ernestas Kasparavicius², Joel A. Smith^{6,7}, Nga Phung⁶, Dorothee Menzel¹, Max Grischek^{1,4}, Lukas Kegelmann¹, Dieter Skroblin^{8,11}, Christian Gollwitzer⁸, Tadas Malinauskas², Marko Jošt^{1,9}, Gašper Matič⁹, Bernd Rech^{10,11}, Rutger Schlatmann^{5,12}, Marko Topic⁹, Lars Korte¹, Antonio Abate⁶, Bernd Stannowski^{5,13}, Dieter Neher⁴, Martin Stolerfoht⁴, Thomas Unold³, Vytautas Getautis², Steve Albrecht^{11,†}

Tandem solar cells that pair silicon with a metal halide perovskite are a promising option for surpassing the single-cell efficiency limit. We report a monolithic perovskite/silicon tandem with a certified power conversion efficiency of 29.15%. The perovskite absorber, with a bandgap of 1.68 electron volts, remained phase-stable under illumination through a combination of fast hole extraction and minimized nonradiative recombination at the hole-selective interface. These features were made possible by a self-assembled, methyl-substituted carbazole monolayer as the hole-selective layer in the perovskite cell. The accelerated hole extraction was linked to a low ideality factor of 1.26 and single-junction fill factors up to 84%, while enabling a tandem open-circuit voltage of as high as 1.92 volts. In air, without encapsulation, a tandem retained 95% of its initial efficiency after 300 hours of operation.

Classical solar-cell research

Literature



P. Dale and M. A. Scarpulla,
Sol. Energy Mater. Sol. Cells (2023).

The Perovskite Database Project



Pioneering project

100 authors
Manual handling of
42000 devices
16000 publications

More than 400 metadata categories
Synthesis information

Difficult to update

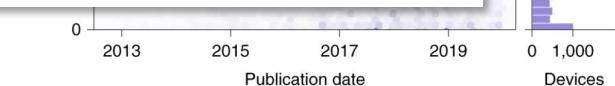
nature energy

Explore content ▾ About the journal ▾ Publish with us ▾

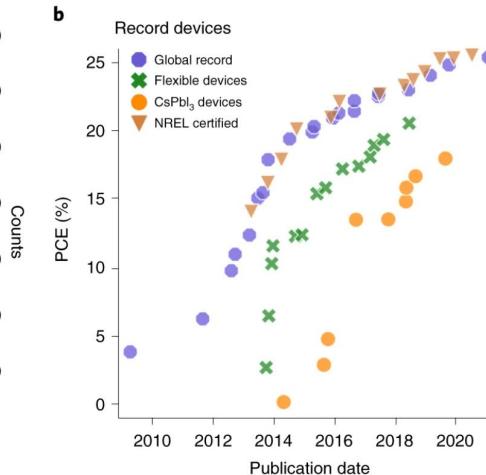
nature > nature energy > resources > article

Resource | Open Access | Published: 13 December 2021

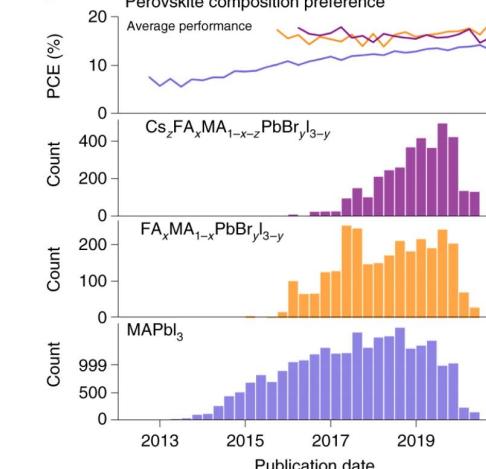
An open-access database and analysis tool for perovskite solar cells based on the FAIR data principles



c Slot-die-coated perovskites



d Perovskite composition preference





Heterogenous sources

Efficiency tables

TOPICAL REVIEW • OPEN ACCESS

Emerging inorganic solar cell efficiency tables (version 2)

Andriy Zakutayev¹ , Jonathan D Major², Xiaojing Hao³, Aron Walsh^{4,5} , Jiang Tang⁶, Teodor K Todorov⁷, Lydia H Wong⁸  and Edgardo Saucedo^{10,9} 

Published 16 April 2021 • © 2021 The Author(s). Published by IOP Publishing Ltd

[Journal of Physics: Energy, Volume 3, Number 3](#)

Citation Andriy Zakutayev *et al* 2021 *J. Phys. Energy* 3 032003

Databases

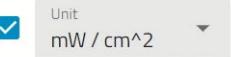
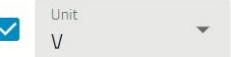
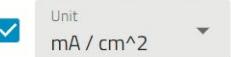


The Perovskite
database

Lab notebooks

Welcome Pepe Marquez 

 SolarCellParameters

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<input type="checkbox"/> Certified values	
Certification institute	
Light intensity	100 
Open circuit voltage	0.533723454176459 
Short circuit current density	32.0661206792725 
Fill factor	0.6472774004560038
Efficiency	11.077790680716312

Explore solar cells in NOMAD

<https://nomad-lab.eu>



PUBLISH ▾ EXPLORE ▾ ANALYZE ▾ ABOUT ▾

LOGIN / REGISTER

Entries ?

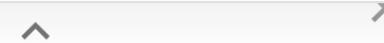
FILTERS



12.495.323 RESULTS

SOLAR CELLS

EELS



Workflow

Molecular Dynamics

Geometry Optimization

Properties

Electronic

Vibrational

Mechanical

Use Cases

Efficiency

zoom 1/4 ▾



2.5k

0

min

0

max

36.2

Fill Factor

zoom 1/4 ▾



20k

Upload time

Authors

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00:00:27

Fabien
Pascale

4.4.2023,
00:00:27

Fabien
Pascale

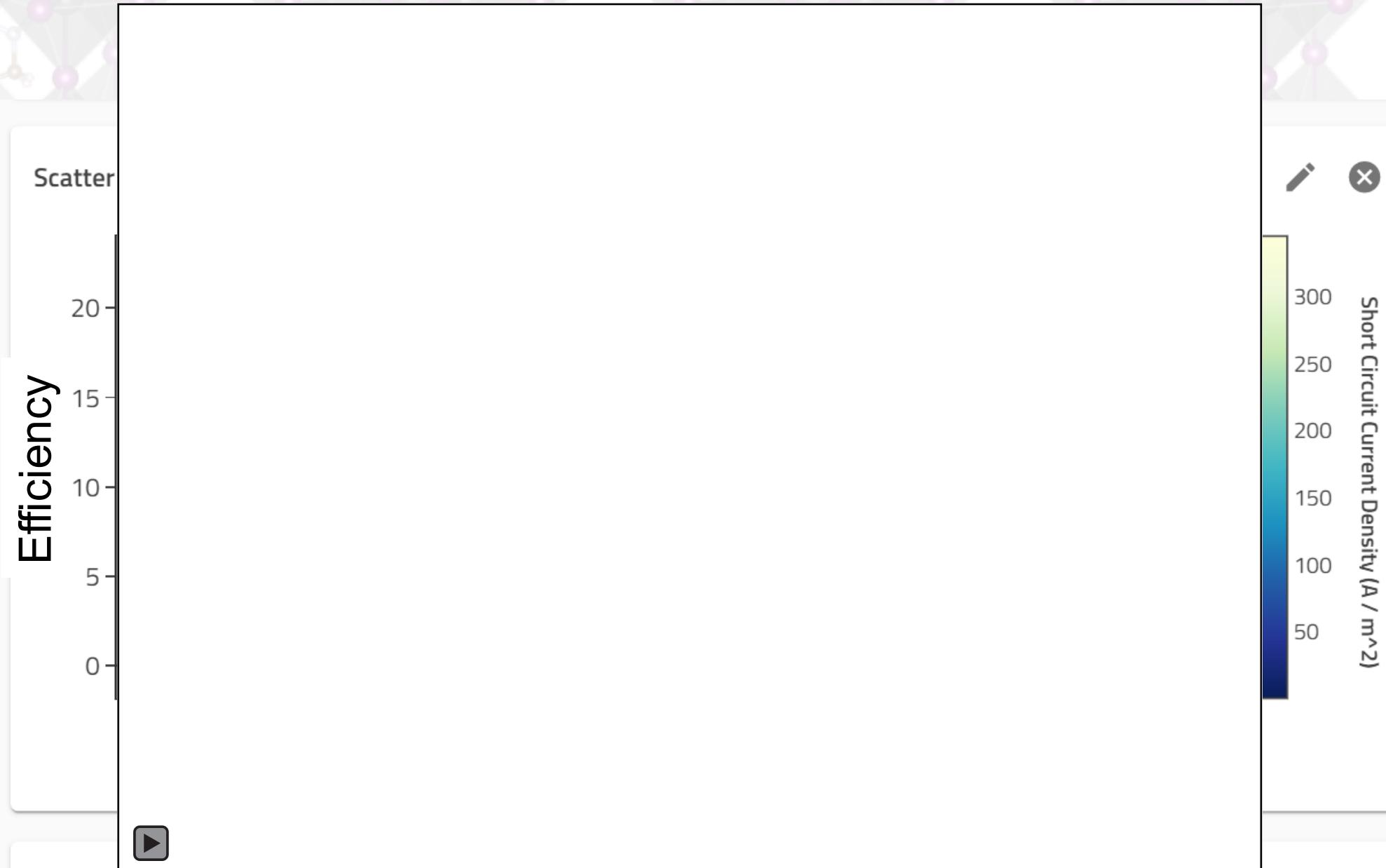
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Pascale

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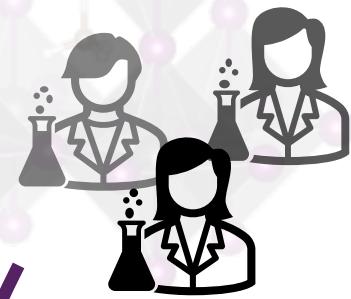
Fabien
Pascale

Explore solar cells in NOMAD



P. Marquez

NOMAD OASIS



SLOW

Synthesis



Characterization

Combinatorial synthesis

High throughput characterization

Autonomous labs

AI for an extra boost

**NOMAD
OASIS**

Combinatorial explosion



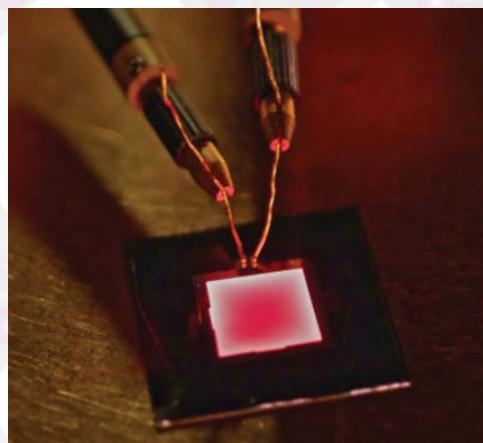
Device stack

SLOW

Synthesis



Characterization



Device

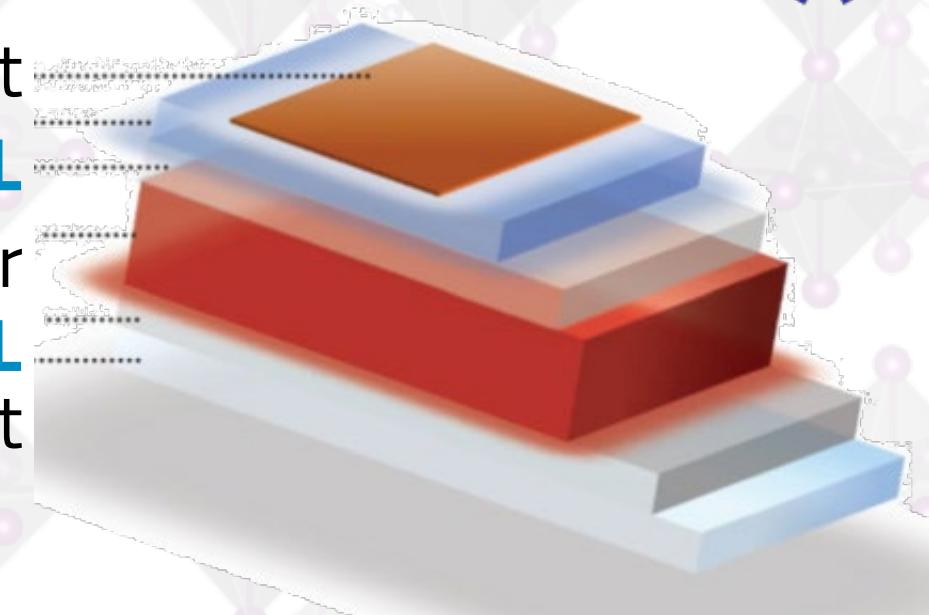
contact

ETL

absorber

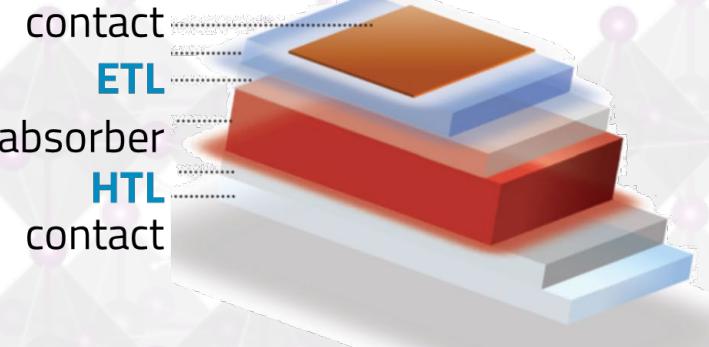
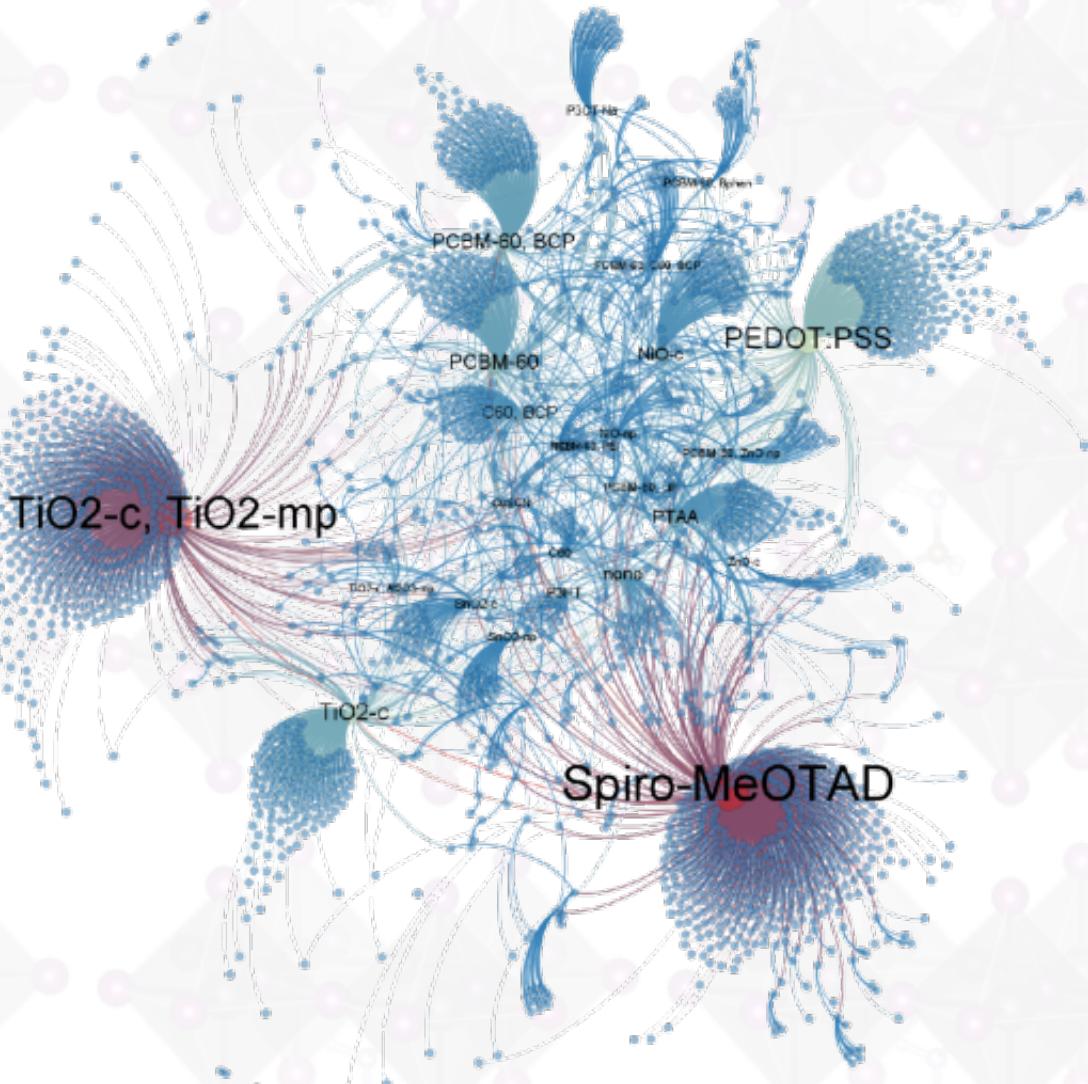
HTL

contact



ETL: electron transport layer
HTL: hole transport layer

Charge transport layers



contact

ETL

absorber

HTL

contact

Nodes: 2600

transport layers

Edges: 3126

combinations

Computational high-throughput screening?

DFT level

Problematic

Many-body level

Not feasible

Problematic

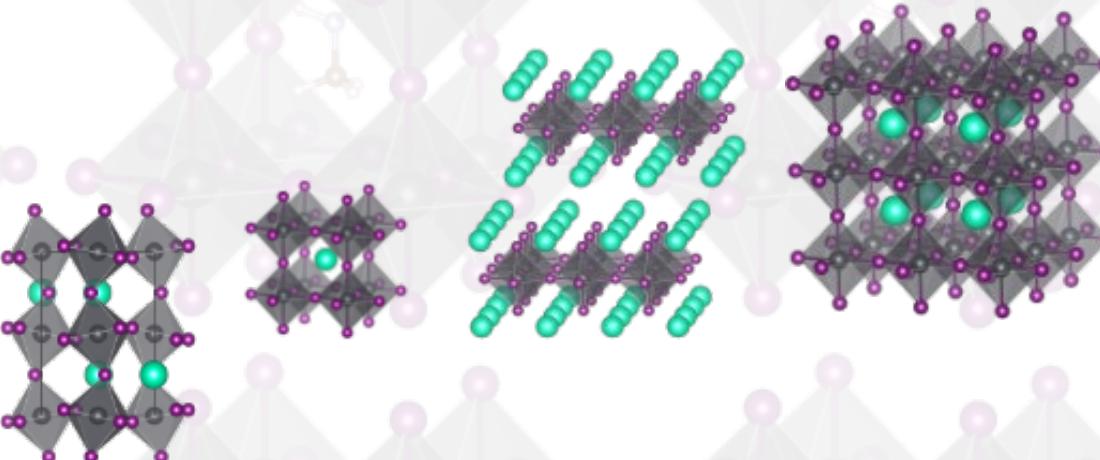


Property 1

Property 2

Property 3

Property 4



Dilemma ...

ADVANCED THEORY AND SIMULATIONS

Research Article |  Open Access |  

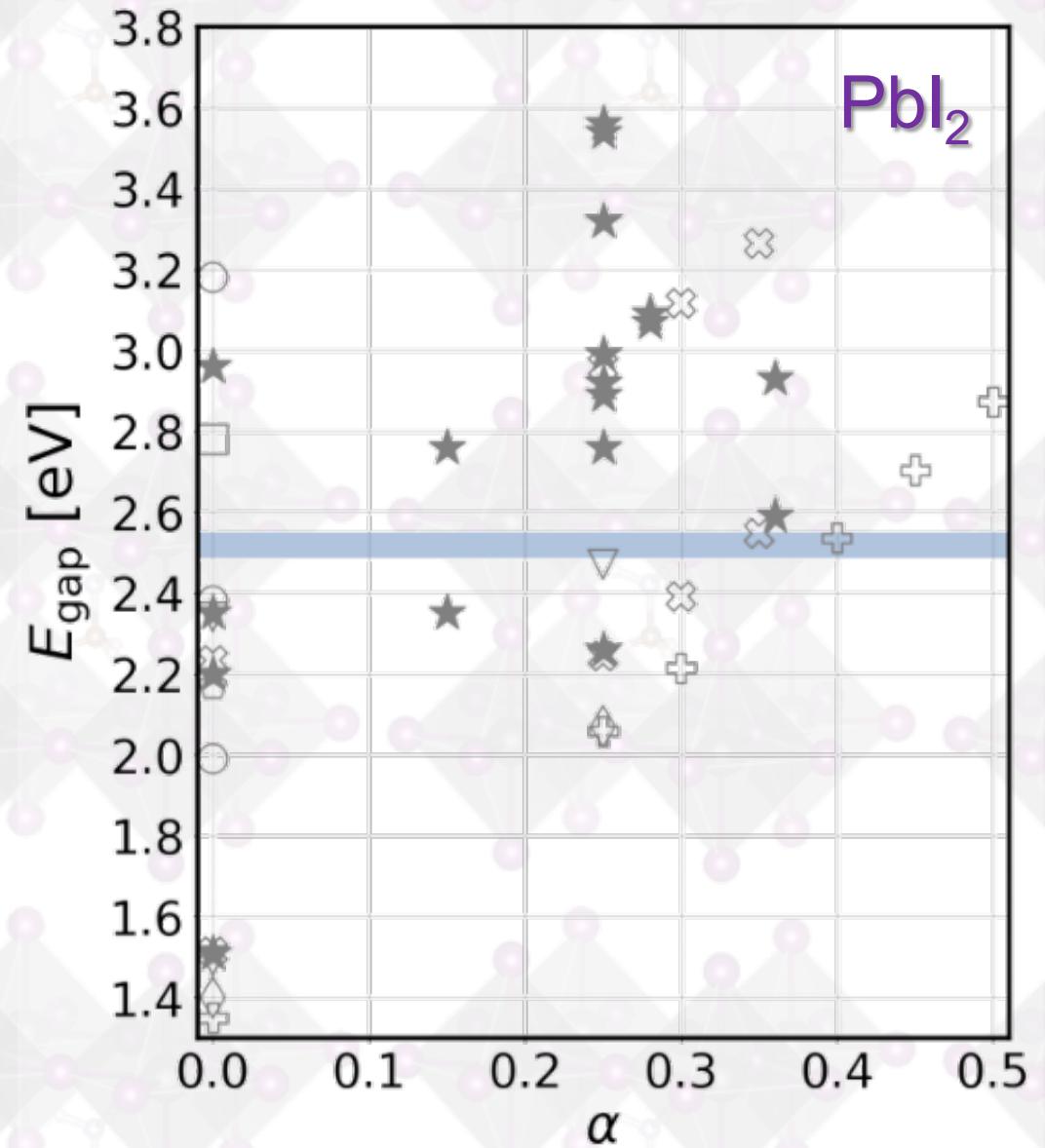
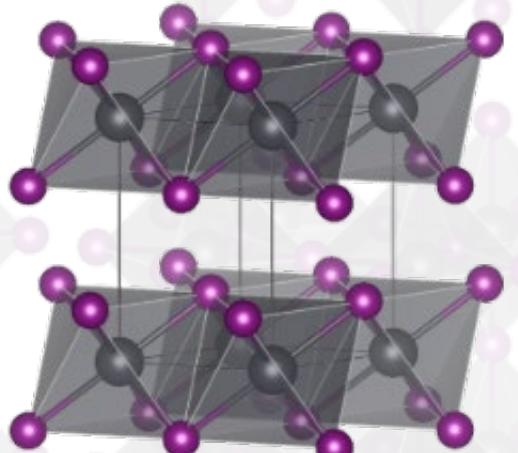
Electronic Structure of (Organic-)Inorganic Metal Halide Perovskites: The **Dilemma** of Choosing the Right Functional

Cecilia Vona , Dmitrii Nabok, Claudia Draxl 

First published: 17 December 2021 | <https://doi.org/10.1002/adts.202100496>

PbI₂ – a precursor

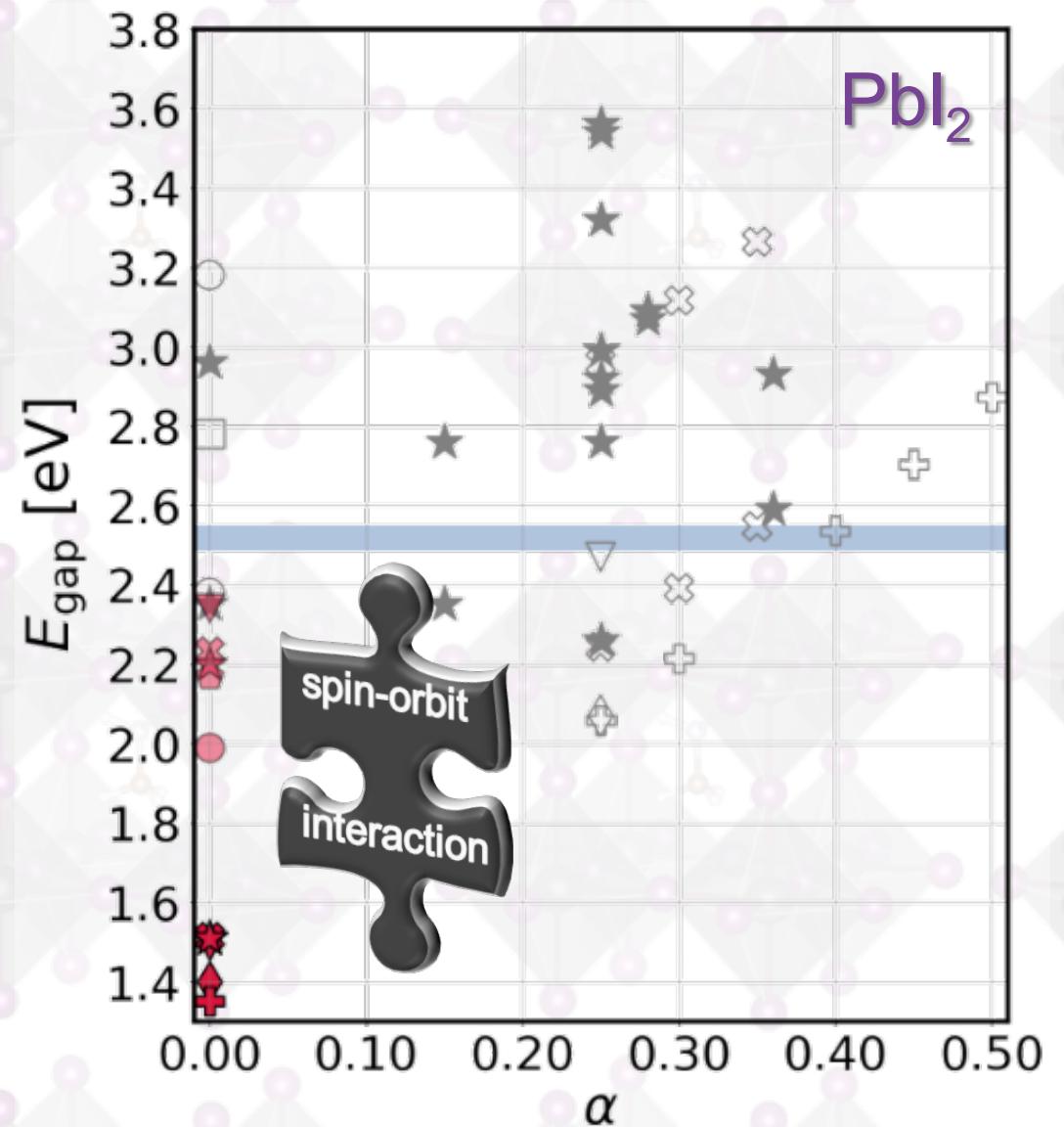
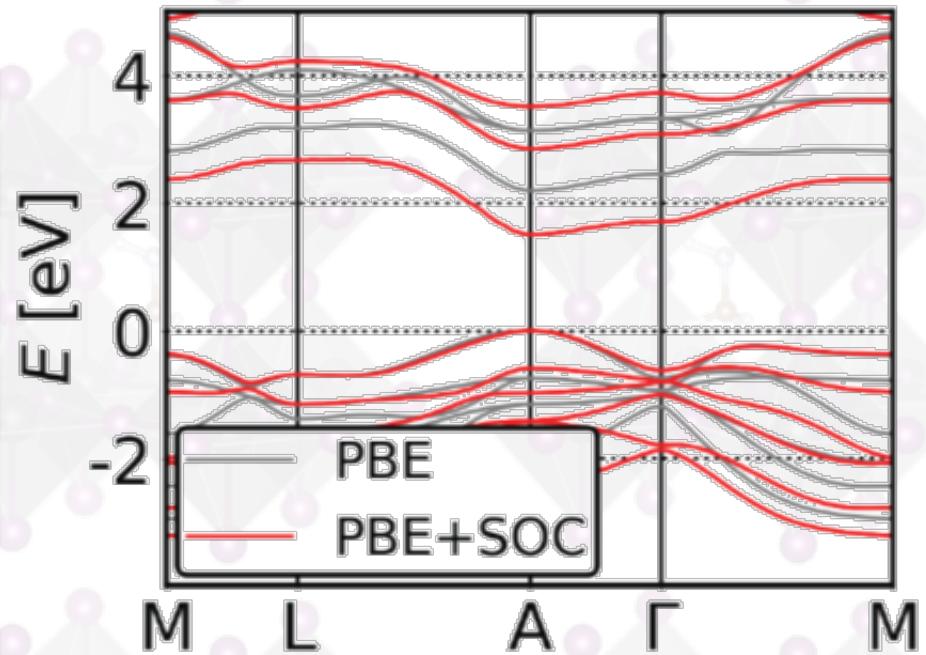
Band gaps from DFT and beyond ...



Electronic structure

Semi-local functionals

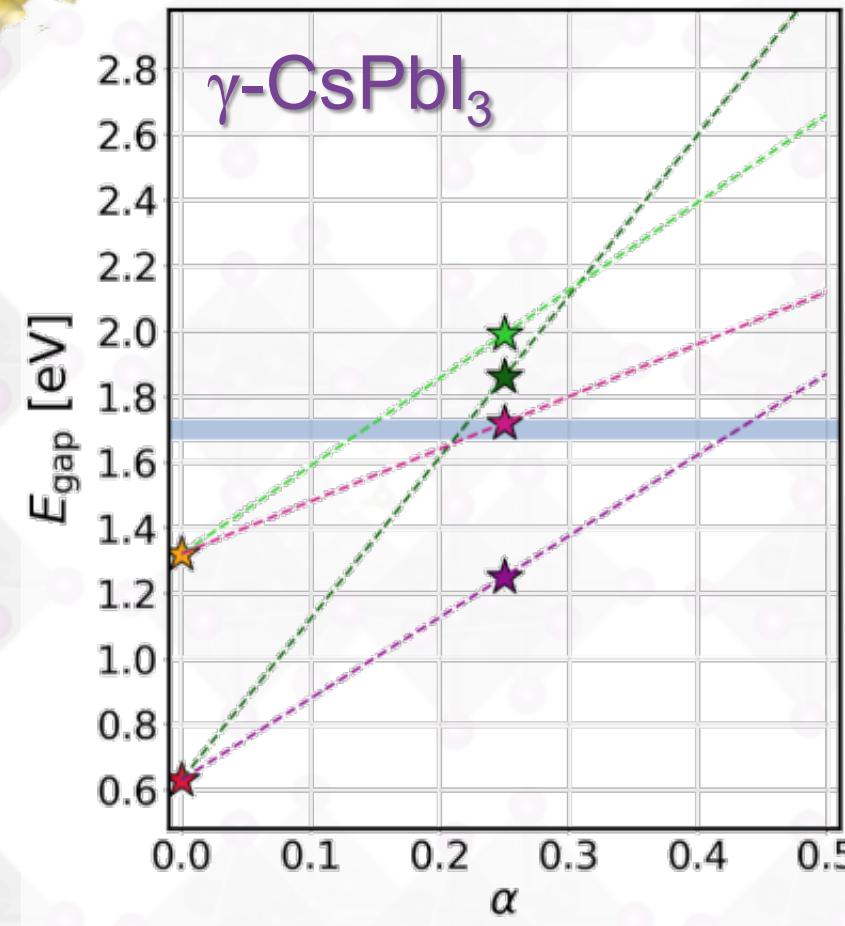
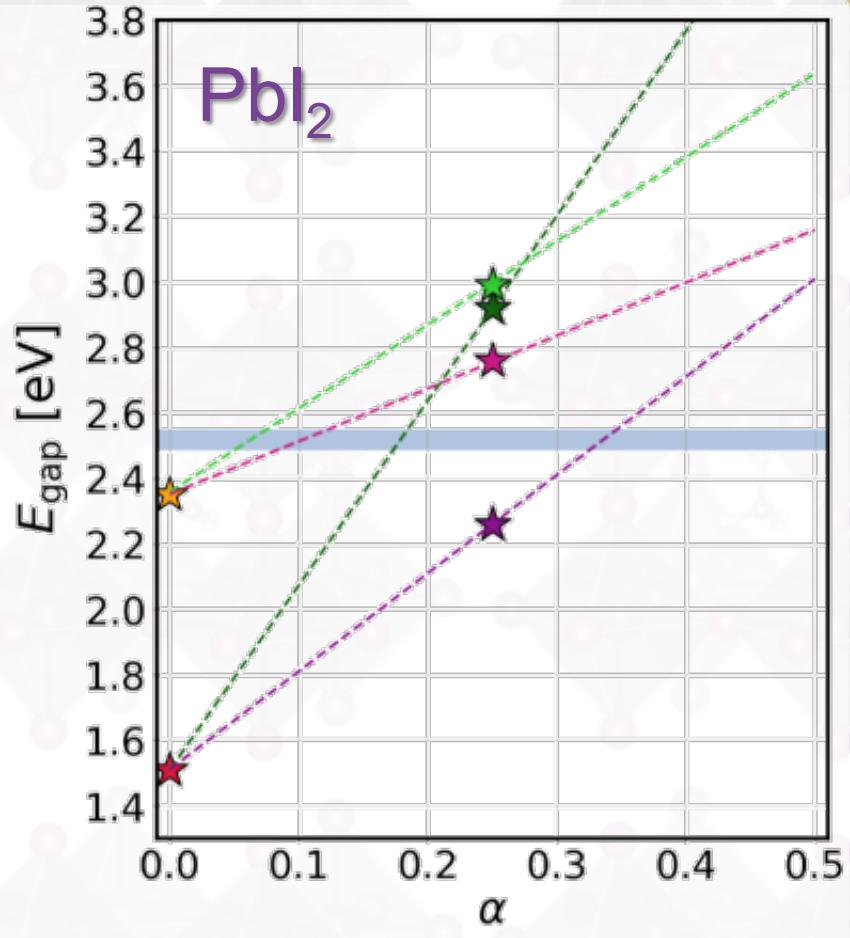
LDA, GGAs



$$[T + V_{\text{ext}}(\mathbf{r}) + V_H(\mathbf{r}) + V_{\text{xc}}(\mathbf{r})] \psi_i^{\text{KS}}(\mathbf{r}) = \epsilon_i^{\text{KS}} \psi_i^{\text{KS}}(\mathbf{r})$$

Best performance?

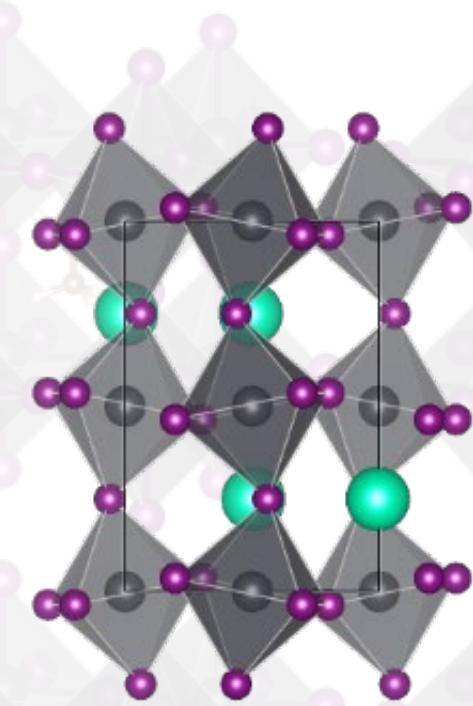
exciting



$$E_{xc}^{\text{PBE0}} = E_{xc}^{\text{PBE}} + \alpha(E_x^{\text{HF}} - E_x^{\text{PBE}})$$

$$E_{xc}^{\text{HSE06}} = E_{xc}^{\text{PBE}} - \alpha[E_x^{\text{HF,SR}}(\omega) - E_x^{\text{PBE,SR}}(\omega)]$$

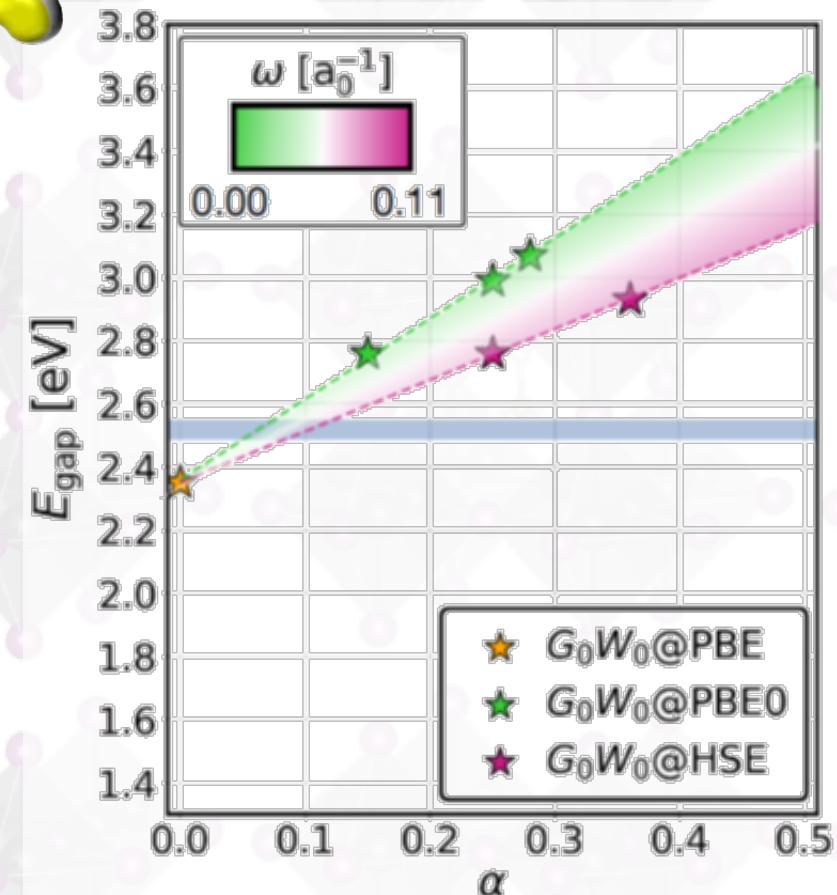
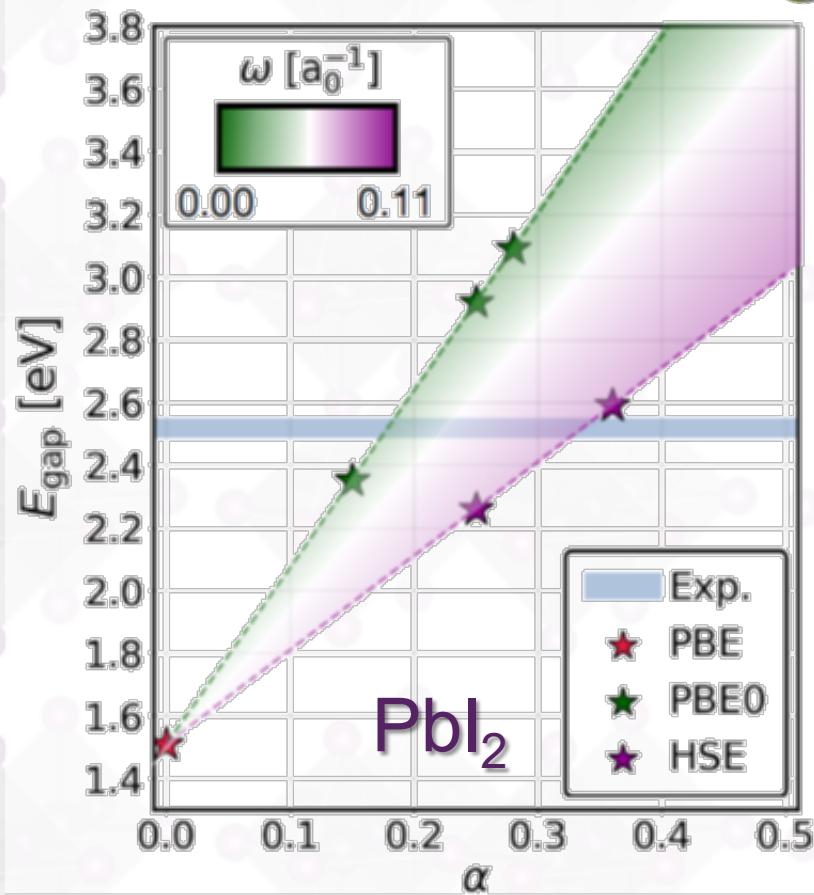
- Exp.
- PBE
- PBE0
- HSE
- G_0W_0 @PBE
- G_0W_0 @PBE0
- G_0W_0 @HSE



More to tune ...

$$E_{\text{xc}}^{\text{HSE06}} = E_{\text{xc}}^{\text{PBE}} + \alpha [E_{\text{x}}^{\text{HF,SR}}(\omega) - E_{\text{x}}^{\text{PBE,SR}}(\omega)]$$

HSE: mixing α , screening ω



Exp.

3 projects ...



Science of workflows



FONDA

FONDA

Foundation of Workflows for Large-Scale Scientific Data Analysis

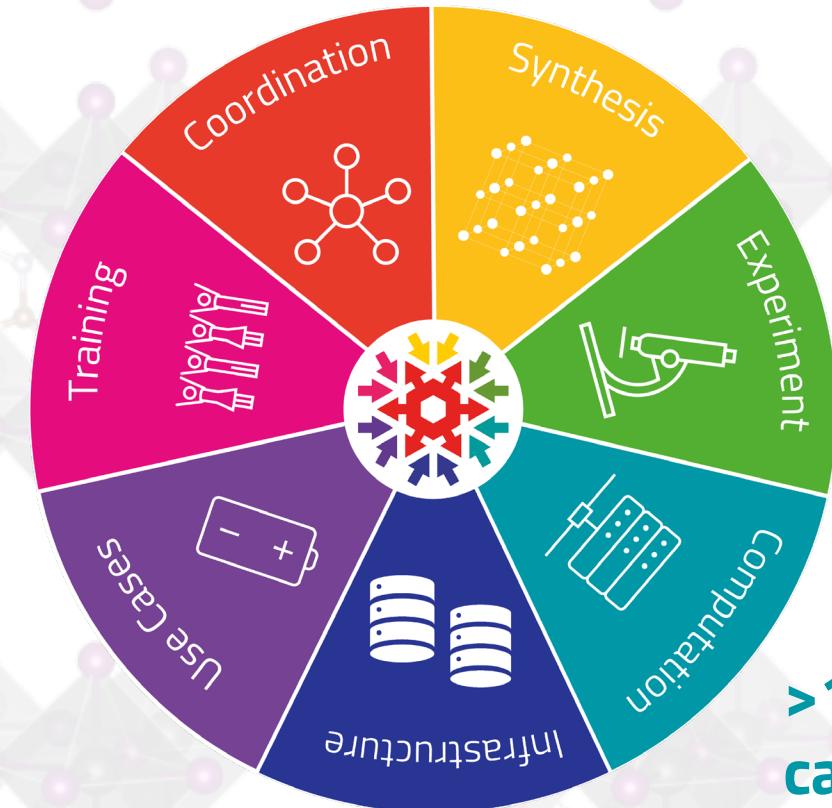
Specific project

Deriving Trust Levels for
Multi-Choice Data Analysis Workflows

Verification & validation

Data quality

Configuration-space sampling



>140 mio
calculations

Similarity measures

Example: spectral fingerprints*

Tailored weighting of spectral features

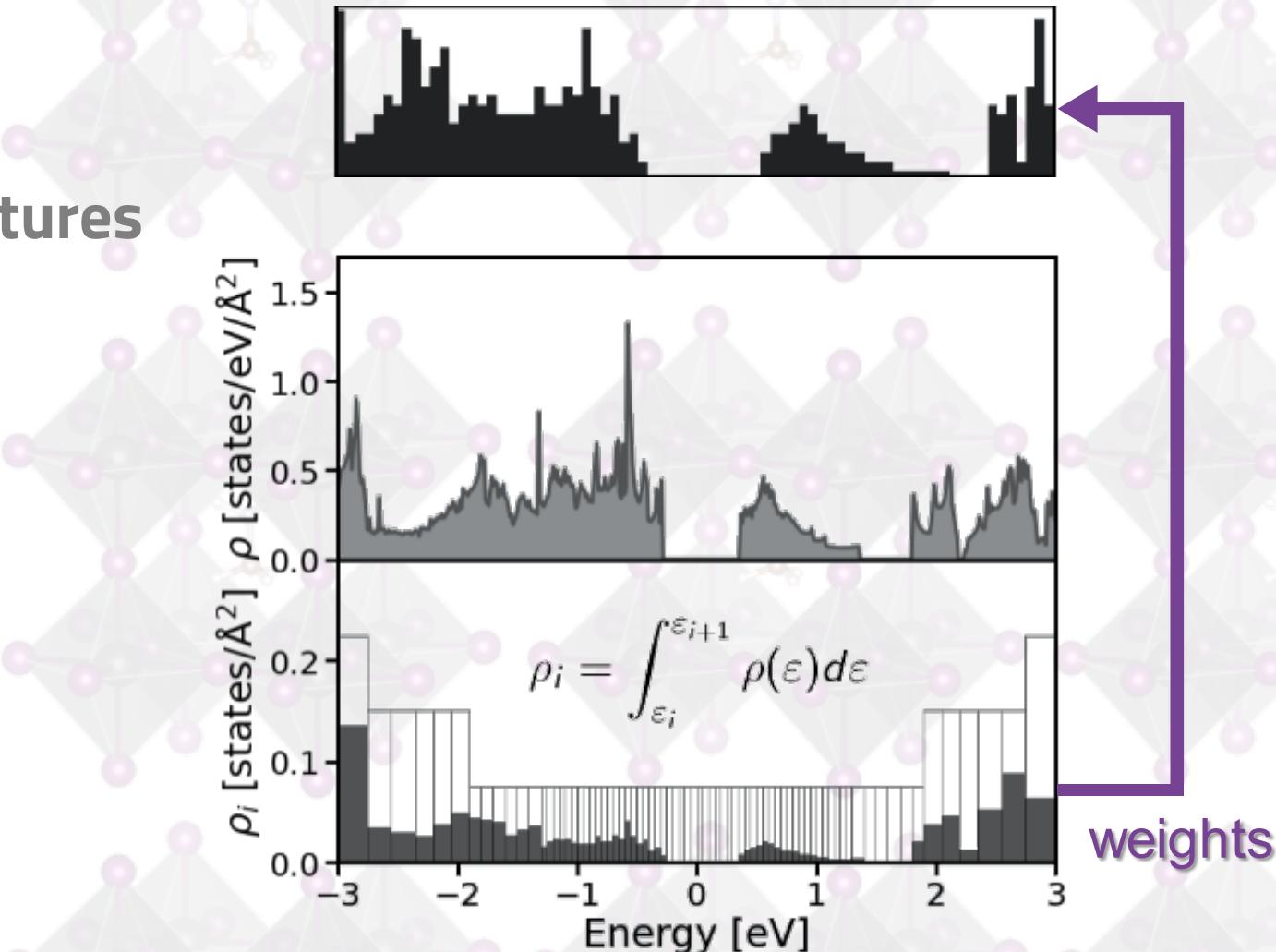
Choose energy range, binning

Focus on particular region

Tanimoto's similarity coefficient

$$Tc(i, j) = \frac{f_i \cdot f_j}{|f_i|^2 + |f_j|^2 - f_i \cdot f_j}$$

$$0 \leq Tc \leq 1$$



$$\rho_i = \int_{\varepsilon_i}^{\varepsilon_{i+1}} \rho(\varepsilon) d\varepsilon$$

weights

Spectral fingerprints

Data quality and error estimates

Example: bulk PbI₂

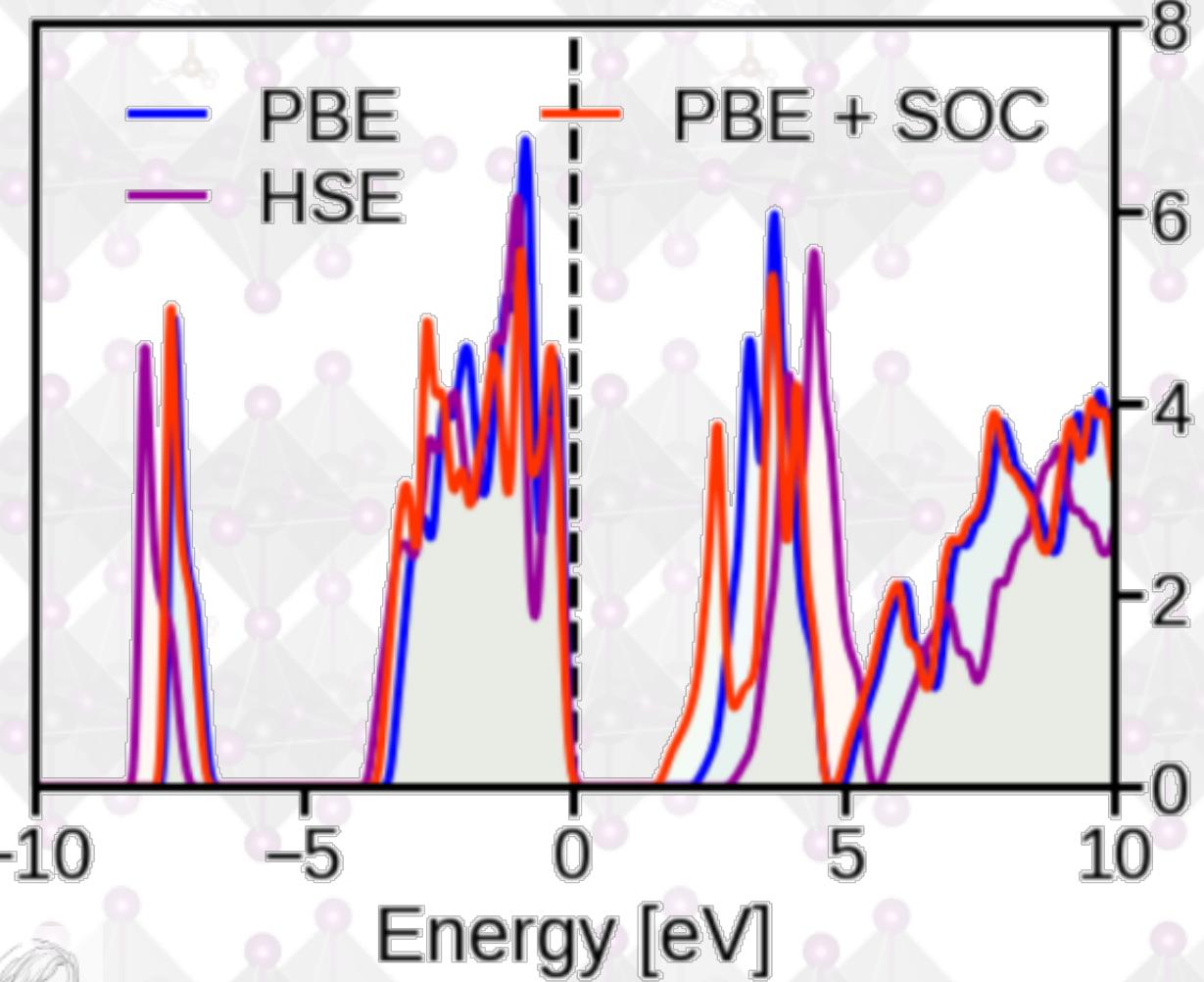
PBE – HSE

Tc=0.60

PBE – PBE+SOC

Tc=0.71

Cancellation of effects

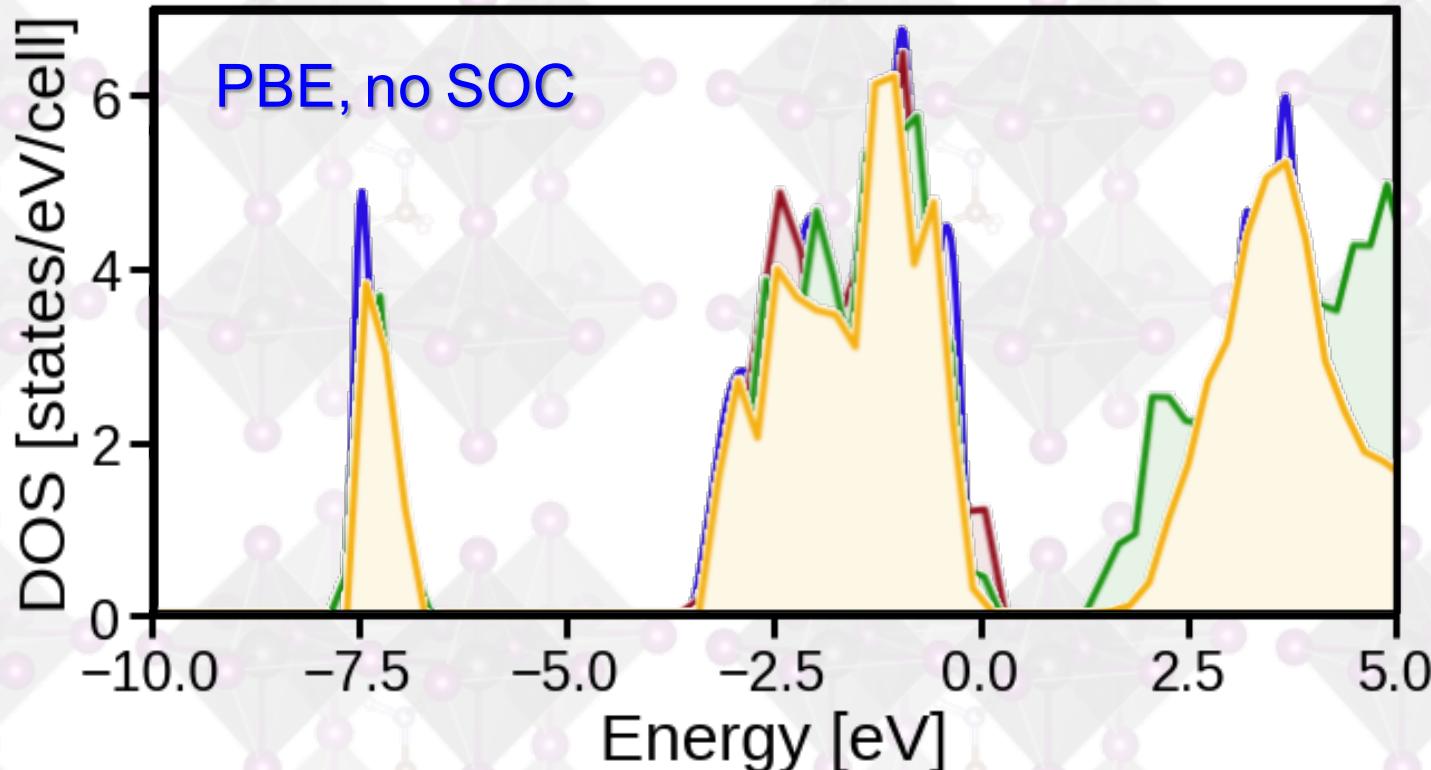
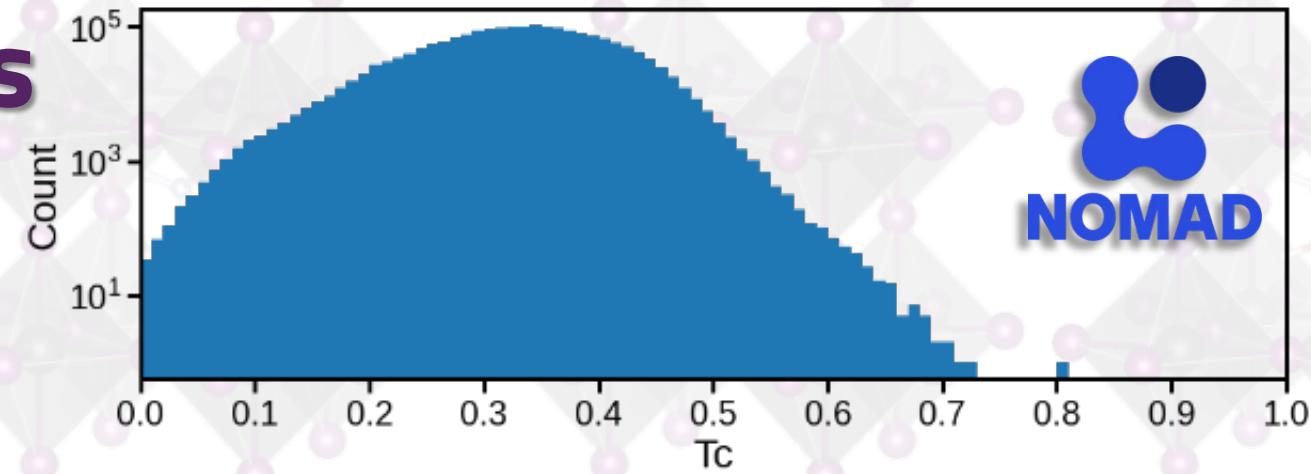


Finding similar materials

Example

Materials similar to PbI_2

Based on 1,899,783 mio calculations



M. Kuban

Wrap-up ...



Thanks !!

