

Market Microstructure in Practice: Why and how to trade optimally in a fragmented market

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It is not the presentation of a recent research, but a mix of my former experience as the Global Head of Quant Research of the Equity Brokerage and Derivative Dept. of a large Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB), with a specific focus on trading since I started at CACIB as Head of Quant Research of its brokerage arm (CA Cheuvreux), my current one as Senior Research Advisor in an hedge fund (CFM), and the questions I have or had to answer to the French regulator (AMF), the European one (ESMA), and other entities I have positions into. Nevertheless I only talk on my behalf, all that is written or said is only my opinion and not theirs.

My three lectures are split across:

- ▶ **The Emergence of Continuous Trading** . In this part I will deal with microstructural topics in the *classical sense*, but with a specific angle: the one of the role of the financial system. We will talk about intermediation, fragmentation, regulation, market making, etc.
- ▶ **What to model and what for?** is the question I will address during the second part. Of course it is linked with the user of the model. The role of market participants, their needs in modelling (observed market dynamics and/or the nature of their interactions with markets) will be discussed. From an empirical or a theoretical viewpoint.
- ▶ **Optimal trading? In what sense?** During the last part I will simply focus on the principal — agent problem in optimal trading (we will have a lot of talks about optimal trading techniques this week), and open the topics to big data with the issue of monitoring hundreds of trading algorithms in realtime.

The Emergence of Continuous Trading .

- ▶ The role of financial markets in the financial system
- ▶ Recent evolutions of microstructure
- ▶ Fragmentation(s)

What to model and what for?

- ▶ Market participants
- ▶ Observing short term dynamics: simple descriptions
- ▶ Short term dynamics: towards orderbook modelling
- ▶ Modelling interactions with markets: Market Impact

Optimal trading? In what sense?

- ▶ Optimal trading in the Principal-Agent problem
- ▶ Monitoring trading algorithms: a machine learning viewpoint

Optimal Trading.

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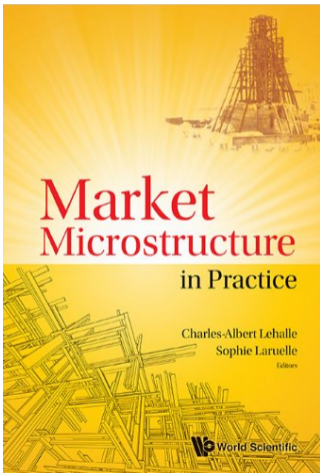
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Market Microstructure and Liquidity has been created from the strong belief that a deep understanding of market microstructure requires academic and practitioner approaches to the topic to be brought together. This idea has been largely confirmed by the success of the seminal conference, 'Market Microstructure, Confronting Many Viewpoints', which was inaugurated in Paris in 2010.

The aim of the journal is to become the leading forum on market microstructure related issues (in a very broad sense) such as market design, regulation, high frequency trading, statistics of high frequency data, order books dynamics and liquidity effects at every time scale, intraday derivatives hedging and portfolio management.

One of the main goals of Market Microstructure and Liquidity is to bridge the gap between academia and industry on these topics. Hence, the editorial board of the journal consists of top academic researchers from at least five different universities (economics, financial mathematics, econometrics, statistics and econophysics), together with an industry advisory board, which includes practitioners from some of the most important investment banks, hedge funds and exchanges, and regulators from international agencies. We believe the role of an industry advisory board is crucial in identifying important and challenging research topics.

We encourage authors to submit their work on these topics to Market Microstructure and Liquidity. Papers can be theoretical, empirical, or both. Our goal is to provide them fast reviews without following any community standards.

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