

Columnar Clouds and Internal Waves

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Multiscale Modelling Framework

Scalings and Expansion Scheme

Exact Closure for the Small Scales

Results

Nonlinearity for Weak Undersaturation

Conclusions



Scales

$$u_{i} : u \cdot \nabla u : wu_{z} : \nabla \pi = S_{u}$$

$$w_{i} : u \cdot \nabla w : ww_{z} : \pi_{\pi} = -\theta' : S_{u}$$

$$\theta'_{i} : u \cdot \nabla \theta' : w\theta'_{z} = S'_{\theta}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\rho_{i} u) : (\rho_{i} w) : z = 0$$

$$\theta = 1 + \varepsilon^{4} \theta'(x, z, t) + o(\varepsilon^{4})$$

$$(\partial_{\tau} + u^{(0)} \cdot \nabla) q = 0$$

$$q - \zeta^{(0)} + \Omega_{2i} \beta_{\eta} + \frac{\Omega_{3}}{\rho^{0} \partial z} \left(\frac{\rho^{(0)}}{d\epsilon^{i} \partial z^{i}} \right)$$

$$\zeta^{(0)} = \nabla^{2} \pi^{(0)}, \quad \theta^{(0)} = -\frac{1}{\Omega} \frac{k \times \nabla \pi^{(0)}}{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial Q_{t}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot F_{T} - S_{T}$$

$$\frac{\partial Q_{0}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot F_{T} - S_{T}$$

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$$\frac{\partial Q_{0}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot F_$$

Scales

Three-dimensional compressible flow equations

$$\rho_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \boldsymbol{v}) = 0$$

$$(\rho \boldsymbol{v})_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \boldsymbol{v} \circ \boldsymbol{v}) + \nabla p + \boldsymbol{\Omega} \times \rho \boldsymbol{v} = \boldsymbol{S}_{\rho \boldsymbol{v}} - \rho g \boldsymbol{k}$$

$$(\rho e)_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\boldsymbol{v} [\rho e + p]) = S_{\rho e}$$

$$(\rho Y_{j})_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho Y_{j} \boldsymbol{v}) = S_{\rho Y_{j}}$$

$$(\rho e) = \frac{p}{\gamma - 1} + \frac{1}{2} \rho \boldsymbol{v}^{2} + \rho \sum_{j=1}^{N} Q_{j} Y_{j}$$

How are the various reduced models related to this system ?

Motivation

Key ingredients	a = 6	$6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}$
1. Identification of	$\Omega =$	10^{-4} 1/s
	g =	9.81 m/s ²
 uniformly valid system scales 	~	10^{5} l_{rg}/mc^{2}
• non dimensional narameters	$p_{ m ref} =$	10 kg/ms
• non-unnensional parameters	$\Gamma_{\rm ref}$ — $\Lambda \theta$ —	50 K
 distinguished limits 	$\Delta 0 =$	50 K
	R =	$287 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2\text{K}$
2. Specializations of a multiple scales ansatz	$\gamma~=$	1.4

Key ingredients

- 1. Identification of
 - uniformly valid system scales
 - non-dimensional parameters
 - distinguished limits

2. Specializations of a multiple scales ansatz

$$\frac{c_{\text{ref}}}{\Omega a} \sim 0.5$$
$$\frac{a \Omega^2}{g} \sim 6 \cdot 10^{-3}$$
$$\frac{\Delta \theta}{T_{\text{ref}}} \sim 1.6 \cdot 10^{-1}$$
$$\left(c_{\text{ref}} = \sqrt{\gamma R T_{\text{ref}}}\right)$$

Key ingredients

- 1. Identification of
 - uniformly valid system scales
 - non-dimensional parameters
 - distinguished limits
- 2. Specializations of a multiple scales ansatz



$$h_{
m sc}~=~p_{
m ref}/g
ho_{
m ref}$$

Scaled governing equations

$$\rho_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \boldsymbol{v}) = 0$$

$$(\rho \boldsymbol{v})_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \boldsymbol{v} \circ \boldsymbol{v}) + \frac{1}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{4}} \nabla p + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \, \boldsymbol{\Omega} \times \rho \boldsymbol{v} = \boldsymbol{S}_{\rho \boldsymbol{v}} - \frac{1}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{4}} \rho g \, \boldsymbol{k}$$

$$(\rho e)_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\boldsymbol{v} [\rho e + p]) = S_{\rho e}$$

$$(\rho Y_{j})_{t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho Y_{j} \boldsymbol{v}) = \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{\mu_{i}} S_{\rho Y_{j}}$$

$$(\rho e) = \frac{p}{\gamma - 1} + \frac{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{4}}{2} \rho \boldsymbol{v}^{2} + \rho \sum_{j=1}^{N} \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{\nu_{j}} Q_{j} Y_{j}$$

Ready for asymptotics in $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$

Recovered classical single-scale models:

 $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\frac{t}{\epsilon}, \boldsymbol{x}, \frac{z}{\epsilon})$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(t, \boldsymbol{x}, z)$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} t, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 \boldsymbol{x}, z)$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 t, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 \boldsymbol{x}, z)$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 t, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 \boldsymbol{x}, z)$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 t, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\xi}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 \boldsymbol{x}), z)$ $\mathbf{U}^{(i)} = \mathbf{U}^{(i)}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{3/2}t, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{5/2}x, \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{5/2}y, z)$

Linear small scale internal gravity waves

Anelastic & pseudo-incompressible models

Linear large scale internal gravity waves

Mid-latitude Quasi-Geostrophic Flow

Equatorial Weak Temperature Gradients

Semi-geostrophic flow

Kelvin, Yanai, Rossby, and gravity Waves

Asymptotic Expansions & Classical Results



Scaling Regimes



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Characteristic (inverse) time scales



Scaling for the equatorial region:*

$$\frac{h_{\rm sc}}{\overline{\theta}} \frac{d\overline{\theta}}{dz} = O(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2) \qquad \text{implies}$$

$$t_{\rm sound} \sim \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} t_{\rm internal} \sim \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^2 t_{\rm adv}$$

* Majda & Klein, JAS, (2003)

Columnar clouds / internal wave time scales*

general expansion scheme

$$\mathbf{U}(\boldsymbol{x}, z, t; \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}) = \sum_{i} \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^{i} \mathbf{U}^{(i)}\left(\boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau\right)$$

horizontal velocity scaling

$$\boldsymbol{u}^{(0)}(\boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau) \equiv \boldsymbol{u}(\boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau)$$

$$oldsymbol{\eta} = oldsymbol{x}/oldsymbol{arepsilon}$$
 $au = t/oldsymbol{arepsilon}$

$$oldsymbol{x} = rac{oldsymbol{x}'}{h_{
m sc}}\,, \qquad t = rac{t' u_{
m ref}}{h_{
m sc}}$$



$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

$$\left(\partial_{ au} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{ heta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{ au} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = rac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

Moisture coupling

 $\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$



Saturated Air

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{C}_{\mathbf{d}} &= C_{\mathbf{d}}^{**} \, \underline{\delta q_{\mathbf{v}}^{(n^*)}} \, q_{\mathbf{c}} \,=\, -\left(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}\right) \frac{dq_{\mathbf{vs}}}{dz} \\ &\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) q_{\mathbf{c}} \,=\, H(q_{\mathbf{c}}) \, C_{\mathbf{d}} - C_{\mathbf{cr}}^{**} q_{\mathbf{r}} \, q_{\mathbf{c}} \\ &\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) q_{\mathbf{r}} \,=\, 0 \end{aligned}$$

Undersaturated Air

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{C}_{ev} &= -C_{ev}^{**} \left(q_{vs}(z) - q_{v} \right) \, q_{r}^{1/2} \\ \left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \right) q_{v} &= 0 \\ \left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \right) q_{r} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$



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Convective scale $(\boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau)$ $\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \pi = 0$ $\overline{w}_{\tau} + \pi_z = \overline{\theta}$ $\overline{\theta}_{\tau} + \overline{w}N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{\overline{C}}$ p_0 $\rho_0 \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_0 \overline{w})_z = 0$ Cloud column scale $(\boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau)$ $(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{n}}) \, \widetilde{w} \, = \, \widetilde{\theta}$ $(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{\mathcal{D}_{\tau}} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$



$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$\boldsymbol{C}_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)] \boldsymbol{C}_{ev}} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

Cloud column scale

$$\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
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$$p_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$C_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)]} C_{ev} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

$$C_{d} = -(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

Cloud column scale

1

$$\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

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abla_{oldsymbol{\eta}})\,\widetilde{w}\ =\ \widetilde{ heta}\ &(\partial_{ au}+oldsymbol{u}\cdot
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Moisture coupling

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$C_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)]} C_{ev} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

$$C_{d} = -(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -\left(\overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w} + \overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w}\right) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

. ...

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

$$\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

Moisture coupling

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$C_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)]} C_{ev} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

$$C_{d} = -(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(\overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w} + \overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(w' + \sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z) \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

1 -

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
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Cloud column scale

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) \, \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$
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Moisture coupling

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$C_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)]} C_{ev} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

$$C_{d} = -(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(\overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w} + \overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(w' + \sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z) \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

New averaged microscale variables

$$w'(\boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau) = \overline{H(q_{c}) \, \widetilde{w}}$$

 $\sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z) = \overline{H(q_{c})}$

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

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abla_{oldsymbol{\eta}})\, heta+\widetilde{w}N^2\ =\ rac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0}\widetilde{oldsymbol{C}}\,. \end{aligned}$$

Moisture coupling

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

Analytical microscale closure II

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) = 0$$
$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) \widetilde{w} = H(q_{c}) \widetilde{\theta}$$
$$(\overline{H(q_{c})} \widetilde{w})_{\tau} = \overline{H(q_{c})} \widetilde{\theta}$$
$$w_{\tau}' = \theta'$$

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

$$\left(\partial_{ au} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{ heta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{ au} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

Moisture coupling

 $\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$

Analytical microscale closure II

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) = 0$$
$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) \widetilde{w} = H(q_{c}) \widetilde{\theta}$$
$$(\overline{H(q_{c})} \, \widetilde{w})_{\tau} = \overline{H(q_{c})} \, \widetilde{\theta}$$
$$w_{\tau}' = \theta'$$

analogously

$$\theta'_{\tau} + \sigma w' N^2 = \sigma \left[(1 - \sigma) \overline{w} N^2 + \overline{C} \right]$$

where

$$egin{aligned} & heta'(oldsymbol{x},z, au) \ &= \ \overline{H(q_{
m c})\,\widetilde{ heta}} \ & w'(oldsymbol{x},z, au) \ &= \ \overline{H(q_{
m c})\,\widetilde{w}} \end{aligned}$$

Coupled micro-macro dynamics on convective scales

$$u_{\tau} + \nabla_{x} \pi = 0$$

$$\overline{w}_{\tau} + \pi_{z} = \overline{\theta}$$

$$\overline{\theta}_{\tau} + (1 - \sigma) \overline{w} N^{2} = w' N^{2} - \overline{C}$$

$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{x} \cdot u + (\rho_{0} \overline{w})_{z} = 0$$

$$w'_{\tau} = \theta'$$

$$\theta'_{\tau} + \sigma w' N^{2} = \sigma (1 - \sigma) \overline{w} N^{2} + \sigma \overline{C}.$$

where

 $\sigma(\boldsymbol{x},z), \overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x},z), N(z)$ are prescribed

Coupled micro-macro dynamics on convective scales (with mean advection)

$$D_{\tau} \boldsymbol{u} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$

$$D_{\tau} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} + \pi_{z} = \overline{\theta}$$

$$D_{\tau} \overline{\theta} + (1 - \boldsymbol{\sigma}) \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \boldsymbol{w'} N^{2} - \overline{C}$$

$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

$$D_{\tau} \boldsymbol{w'} = \theta'$$

$$D_{\tau} \theta' + \sigma \boldsymbol{w'} N^{2} = \sigma (1 - \sigma) \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} + \sigma \overline{C}$$

where

 $D_{\tau} = \partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u}^{\infty} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}}$ and $\sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z), \overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z), N(z)$ are prescribed



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Clouds may narrow the spectrum of lee waves



Lee waves over sin(x) + sin(2x)-topography



















Vertical velocity at t = 20.0, U=0.5











Dry flow over a hill, w

Moist flow over a hill, q_c

Moist flow over a hill, \boldsymbol{w}



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Convective scale

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Cloud column scale

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) \, \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$
$$\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) \, \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}$$

Moisture coupling

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

Analytical microscale closure I

$$C_{ev} = -C_{ev}^{**} (q_{vs}(z) - q_v) q_r^{1/2}$$

$$\overline{[1 - H(q_c)]} C_{ev} = -\overline{C}(\boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

$$C_{d} = -(\widetilde{w} + \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(\overline{H(q_c)} \widetilde{w} + \overline{H(q_c)} \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

$$\overline{H(q_c)} C_{d} = -(w' + \sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z) \overline{w}) \frac{dq_{vs}}{dz}$$

New averaged microscale variables

$$w'(\boldsymbol{x}, z, \tau) = \overline{H(q_{c}) \, \widetilde{w}}$$

 $\sigma(\boldsymbol{x}, z) = \overline{H(q_{c})}$

$$\boldsymbol{u}_{\tau} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \boldsymbol{\pi} = 0$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{w}}_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{\pi}_{z} = \overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$$
$$\overline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{\tau} + \overline{\boldsymbol{w}} N^{2} = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_{0}} \overline{\boldsymbol{C}}$$
$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} + (\rho_{0} \overline{\boldsymbol{w}})_{z} = 0$$

Analytical microscale closure II

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) \neq 0$$
$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) H(q_{c}) \widetilde{w} = ??$$
$$(\overline{H(q_{c})} \widetilde{w})_{\tau} = !!$$

Cloud column scale

$$\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \widetilde{w} = \widetilde{\theta}$$

 $\left(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\right) \theta + \widetilde{w} N^2 = \frac{\Gamma L^{**}}{p_0} \widetilde{\boldsymbol{C}}.$

$$\boldsymbol{C} = H(q_{\rm c}) \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm d} + [1 - H(q_{\rm c})] \ \boldsymbol{C}_{\rm ev}$$

New formulation for the saturation indicator function $H(q_c)$:

Total moisture conservation

$$(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}}) \left[H(q_{\rm c}) q_{\rm c}^{(1)} + (1 - H(q_{\rm c})) q_{\rm v}^{(1)} \right] + w^{(0)} \frac{dq_{\rm vs}^{(0)}}{dz} = 0$$

ζ: First-order vertical displacement with $(\partial_{\tau} + \boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla_{\eta}) \boldsymbol{\zeta} = w^{(0)}$

By choice of initial data:

$$H(q_{\rm c}) \equiv H(\boldsymbol{\zeta})$$
 and $\sigma \equiv \overline{H(\boldsymbol{\zeta})}$



 $\overline{H(q_c)}\,\widetilde{w}$ = area-integral of \widetilde{w} over saturated domain.



As in finite volumes with moving boundary:

$$\left(\overline{H(q_{\rm c})\,\widetilde{w}}\right)_{\tau} = \overline{H(q_{\rm c})\,\widetilde{\theta}} + \int\limits_{\partial A} \widetilde{w}\,v_n\,d\sigma$$

Observation for undersaturated regions

$$egin{aligned} &(\partial_{\tau}+oldsymbol{u}\cdot
abla_{oldsymbol{\eta}})\,\widetilde{w}\ =\ \widetilde{ heta}\ &(\partial_{\tau}+oldsymbol{u}\cdot
abla_{oldsymbol{\eta}})\,\widetilde{ heta}+\widetilde{w}N^2\ =\ -\overline{C_{\mathrm{d}}}(\underline{ au},oldsymbol{x},z) \end{aligned}$$

Suggestive assumption:

$$\widetilde{w}|_{\partial A} \equiv \widetilde{w}_{\mathrm{us}}(\tau, \boldsymbol{x}, z)$$

Coupled micro-macro dynamics on convective scales

$$u_{\tau} + \nabla_{x} \pi = 0$$

$$\overline{w}_{\tau} + \pi_{z} = \overline{\theta}$$

$$\overline{\theta}_{\tau} + (1 - \sigma) \overline{w} N^{2} = w' N^{2}$$

$$\rho_{0} \nabla_{x} \cdot u + (\rho_{0} \overline{w})_{z} = 0$$

$$w'_{\tau} = \theta' + \widetilde{w}_{us} \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial \tau}$$

$$\theta'_{\tau} + \sigma w' N^{2} = \sigma (1 - \sigma) \overline{w} N^{2} + \widetilde{\theta}_{us} \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial \tau}$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial \tau} = (\overline{w} + \widetilde{w}_{us}) \frac{\partial \sigma_{0}}{\partial \zeta} (\zeta, x, z)$$

 $\widetilde{w}_{\mathrm{us}}, \widetilde{\theta}_{\mathrm{us}}$ are particular solutions of

$$\widetilde{w}_{ au} \ = \ \widetilde{ heta} \ \widetilde{ heta}_{ au} + \widetilde{w} N^2 \ = \ -oldsymbol{\sigma} \ w' rac{dq_{
m vs}}{dz}$$



Multiscale Modelling Framework

Scalings and Expansion Scheme

Exact Closure for the Small Scales

Results

Nonlinearity for Weak Undersaturation

Conclusions