

Subrank, Partition Rank
and Slice Rank

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Subrank

- Geometric rank
- Generic subrank
- "Weak submultiplicativity"
- Asymptotic subrank gap

$$T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$$

Definition Tensor rank $R(T)$

minimize \rightarrow

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^r u_i \otimes v_i \otimes w_i$$

equiv.:

$$T = U \otimes V \otimes W \cdot \sum_{i=1}^r e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i$$

Applications

- Matrix multiplication
- Arithmetic complexity [Raz]

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Definition Subrank $Q(T)$

← maximize

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- Additive combinatorics

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$$\text{Easy: } Q(T) \leq n$$

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$s \leftarrow \text{maximize}$

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Definition Slice rank $SR(T)$

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_j u_i \otimes v_{ij} \otimes w_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^b \sum_j u'_{ij} \otimes v'_i \otimes w'_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_j u''_{ij} \otimes v''_{ij} \otimes w_i$$

minimize $a+b+c$

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Application $Q(T) \leq SR(T) \leq n$

Question How far apart can subrank and slice rank be?

Definition Geometric rank $GR(T)$ [KMZ]

$$\text{codim } \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{F}^n \times \mathbb{F}^n : \forall z \quad T(x, y, z) = 0 \right\}$$

Extends Analytic rank [Gowers, Wolf, Loret] from pos. char to char. 0.

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- invariant under permuting x, y and z
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- $Q(T) \leq GR(T) \leq SR(T)$
- for $T = \langle n, n, n \rangle$: $\underbrace{Q(T)}_{\text{matrix multiplication tensor}} \stackrel{!}{=} GR(T) = \left\lceil \frac{3}{4} n^2 \right\rceil \stackrel{!}{<} SR(T) = n^2$

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matrix multiplication tensor

Follow-up [MC] GR and SR are equal up to constant!

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Note • Surprisingly small, in particular given that generic rank is maximal.

• for generic T , $Q(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ while $SR(T) = n$

• Subrank and slice rank very different generically!

Theorem: For generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$: $Q(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$

$$S \subseteq [n] \times [n] \times [n]$$

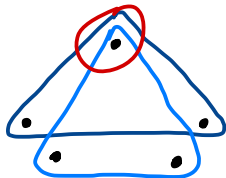
Maximal points: $\text{Max}(S) = \{ \text{coordinate-wise maximal points in } S \}$

Example:

$$S = \{ (2, 1, 1), (1, 2, 1), (1, 2, 2) \}, \quad \text{Max}(S) = \{ (2, 1, 1), (1, 2, 2) \}$$

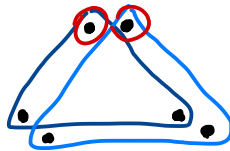
Cover number: $\text{cov}(S) =$ vertex cover number of S as 3-partite hypergraph.

Example: $S = \{ (1, 1, 1), (1, 2, 2) \}$



1

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2

$$T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$$

$$\text{Support: } \text{Supp}(T) \in [n] \times [n] \times [n]$$

$$\text{Action: } g \in GL_n^{x3}, \quad g \cdot T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$$

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$$\text{Example: } T = \sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n} \quad \mapsto \quad g \cdot T = \sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_{s-i}$$

$$\text{Supp}(g \cdot T) = \{(i, i, s-i) : i \in [s]\} \stackrel{!}{=} \text{Max}(\text{Supp}(T))$$

$$s \leq \text{cov}(T)$$

Lemma 1

$$Q(T) \leq \text{cov}(T)$$

Follows from \uparrow

Lemma 2 $\text{cov}(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ for generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$.

Proof sketch

① There is a nonempty open $U \subseteq \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$ such that

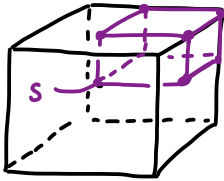
$$\forall T \in U \quad \forall g \in \text{GL}_n^{x_3} \quad |\text{Supp}(g \cdot T)| \geq n^3 - 3n^2 \quad [\text{Bürgisser}]$$

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② For $S \subseteq [n] \times [n] \times [n]$, if $|S| \geq n^3 - 3n^2$, then
 $\text{Max}(S) \subseteq \{s \in [n]^3 : \prod_i (n - s_i + 1) \leq 3n^2 + 1\}$



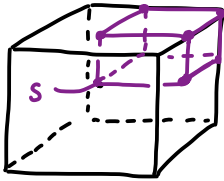
$$\approx \{s \in [n]^3 : \prod_i s_i \leq n^2\}$$

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$$\approx \{s \in [n]^3 : \prod_i s_i \leq n^2\}$$

③ $\text{cov}(\downarrow) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ since $\forall s \exists i \ s_i \leq n^{2/3}$ $\approx \square$

"Weak submultiplicativity"

$$T \in V_1 \otimes V_2 \otimes V_3 \otimes V_4 = \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n \times n}$$

	Rank one elements	
Slice rank	$v \otimes w$	$v \in V_i, w \in \bigotimes_{j \neq i} V_j$
Partition rank	$v \otimes w$	$v \in \bigotimes_{i \in S} V_i, w \in \bigotimes_{j \notin S} V_j$

Weak submultiplicativity: If $\text{SR}(T) < n$, then $\text{SR}(T^{\otimes m}) \leq c^m$, $c < n$.

Theorem [Lysikov, Lovett, Z]: There are T with $\text{PR}(T) = 2$ and

$$\text{PR}(T^{\otimes m}) = n^{m - o(m)}$$

Asymptotic subrank gap

$$T \in V_1 \otimes \dots \otimes V_k$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \text{SR}(T^{\otimes m})^{1/m} = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 1 \\ \geq 2^{h(1/k)} \end{cases} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \\ \leftarrow \end{array} \right\} \text{gap}$$

[Costa, Dalai]

← binary entropy, e.g.,

$$2^{h(1/3)} \approx 1.88$$

Theorem [Christandl, Gershgorin, me]

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \text{Q}(T^{\otimes m})^{1/m} = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 1 \\ \geq 2^{h(1/k)} \end{cases}$$

Generic T , $T \in W_k$