

Big Data Management and Apache Flink

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<http://www.user.tu-berlin.de/marklv/>

<http://www.dima.tu-berlin.de>

<http://www.dfki.de/web/forschung/iam>

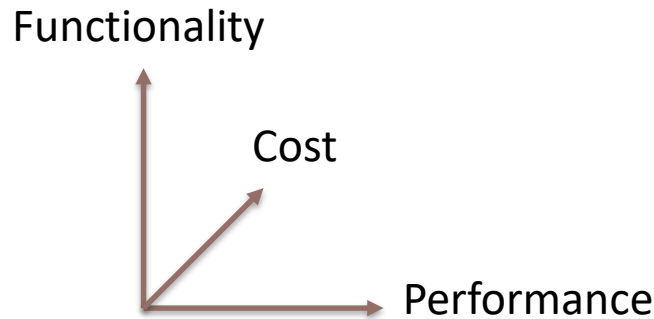
<http://bbdc.berlin>

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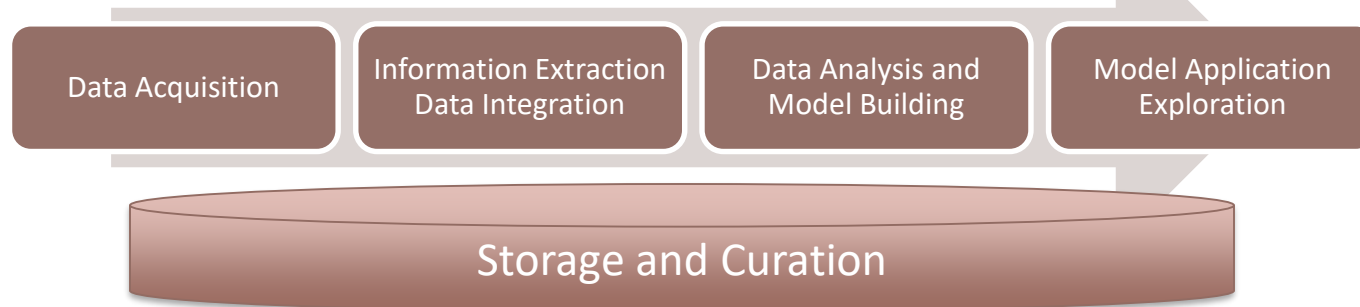


Data Management

- Managing the Complexity of Data Processing



- Industrialization of the Knowledge Engineering Process

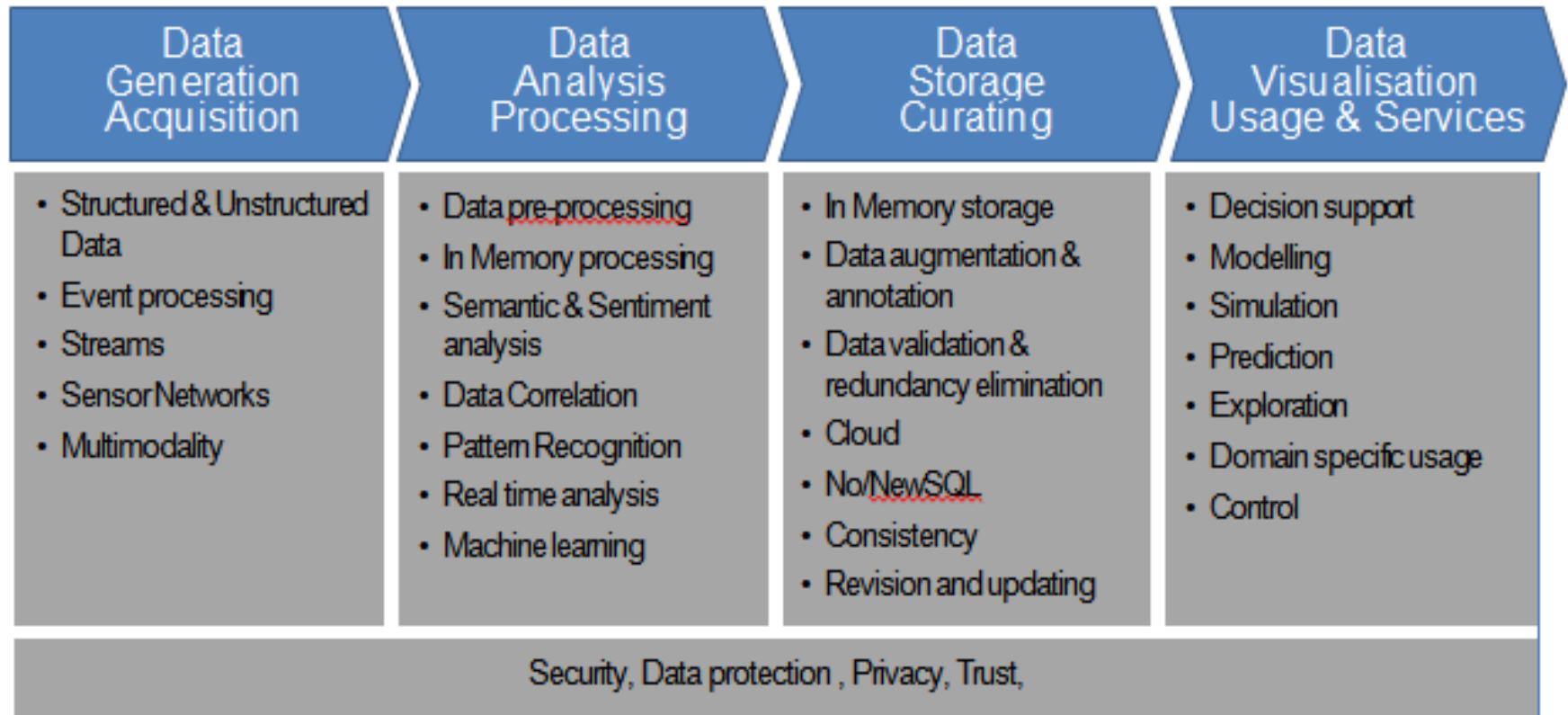


- Study Interactions and Trade-Offs & Build Generic Systems
 - 3P (**p**rocessing environment, **p**rograms, **p**eople)
 - Performance metrics
 - Throughput vs. quality measures
 - Human latency vs. system latency

A (rather incomplete) Data Management timeline

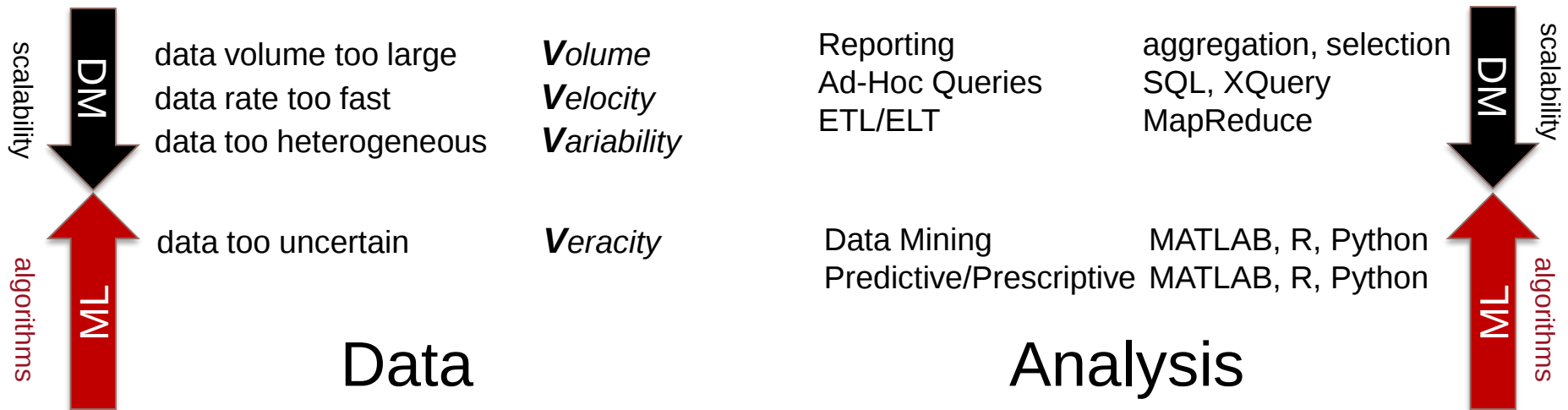
<i>Appearance of Relational Databases</i>	<i>First parallel shared-nothing Architectures</i>	<i>Open Source Projects and mainstream Databases</i>	<i>First columnar storage Databases</i>	<i>NoSQL and UDF-based commodity analytics</i>	<i>Alternative MapReduce implementations go mainstream</i>
SQL/OLTP	OLAP/Warehouse	OODBMS	XML-DBMS	„map/reduce“	„in-memory“
70s	80s	90s	00s	2004 - 2009	2009 - now
Ingres Oracle System-R	Gamma TRACE Teradata	DB2 Oracle BerkeleyDB MS Access PostgreSQL MySQL	MonetDB C-Store Vertica Aster Data GreenPlum ParAccel	MapReduce Hadoop	Spark Flink Impala Giraph Hive HBase SAP Hana Blu
1974: SQL		Open Source rises	2003: Internet Explodes	Google publishes MapReduce	Criticism of MapReduce

Some Aspects of the Data Processing Pipeline

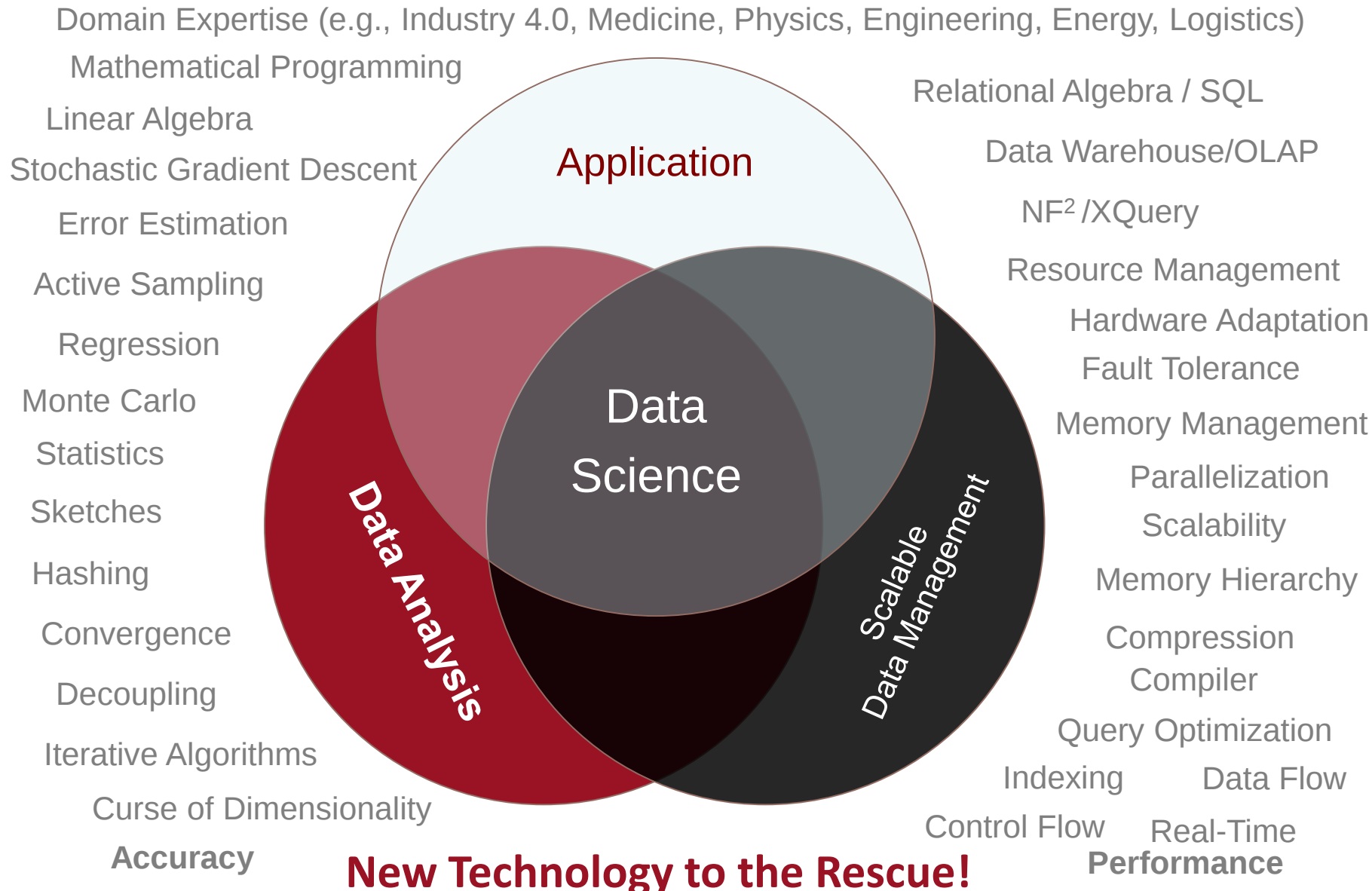


Source: bigdatavalue.eu

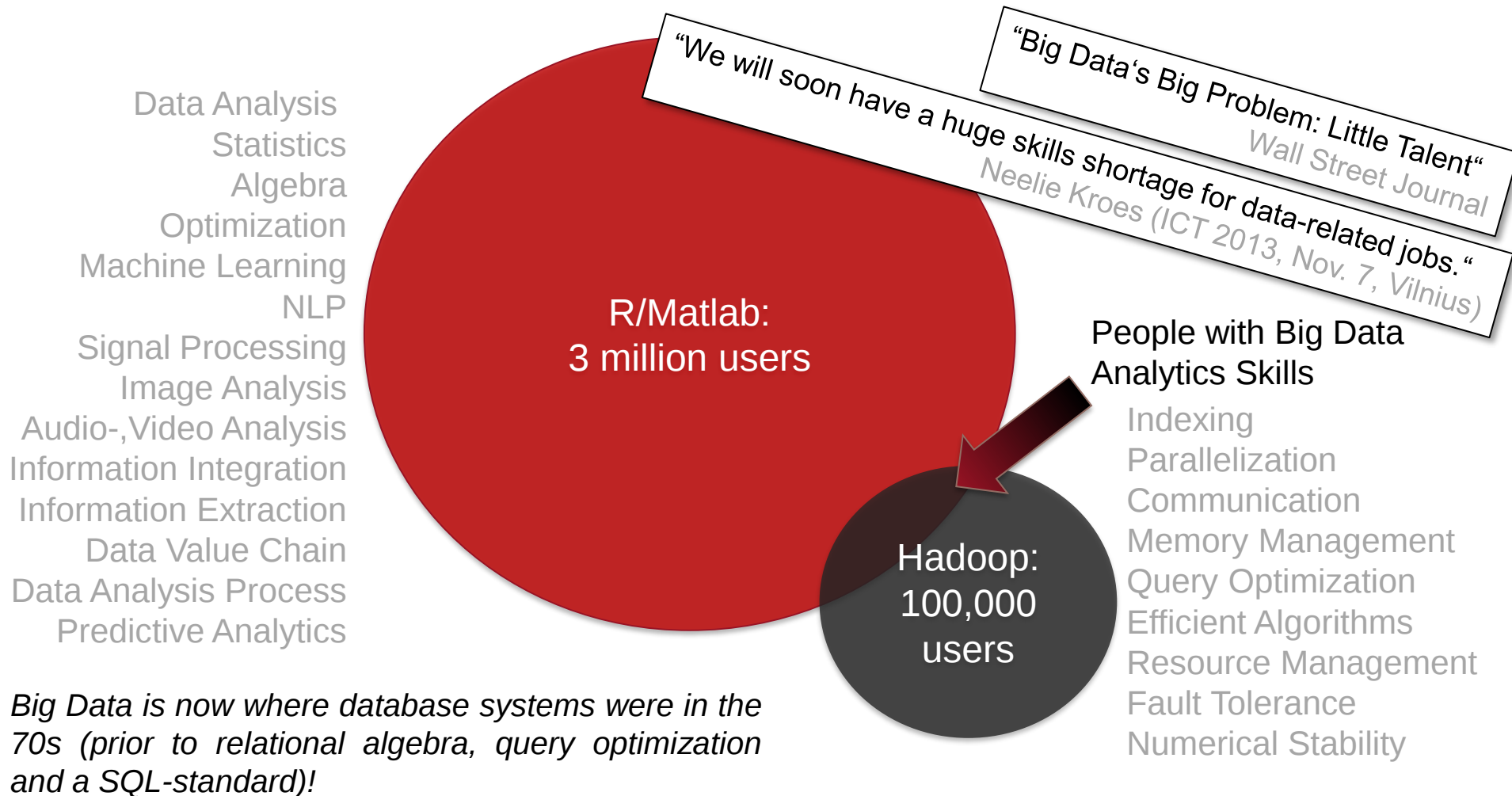
Data & Analysis: Increasingly Complex!



“Data Scientist” – “Jack of All Trades!”



Big Data Analytics Requires Systems Programming



Declarative languages to the rescue!

Declarative Languages to the Rescue!

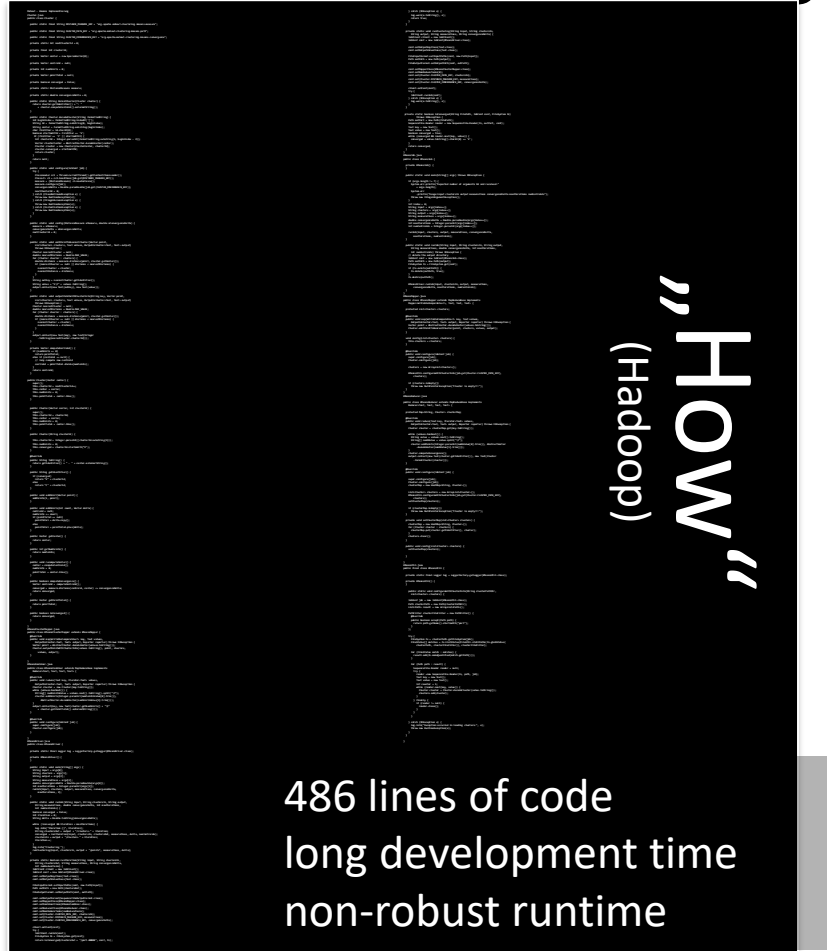
„What“, not „how“ Example: k-Means Clustering

A small thumbnail image showing a snippet of Scala code, representing a declarative program for k-means clustering. The code is dense but concise, illustrating the 'What' approach.

„What“
(Technology X Prototype)
(Scala frontend)

65 lines of code
short development time
robust runtime

Declarative data analysis program with
automatic optimization, parallelization
and hardware adaption

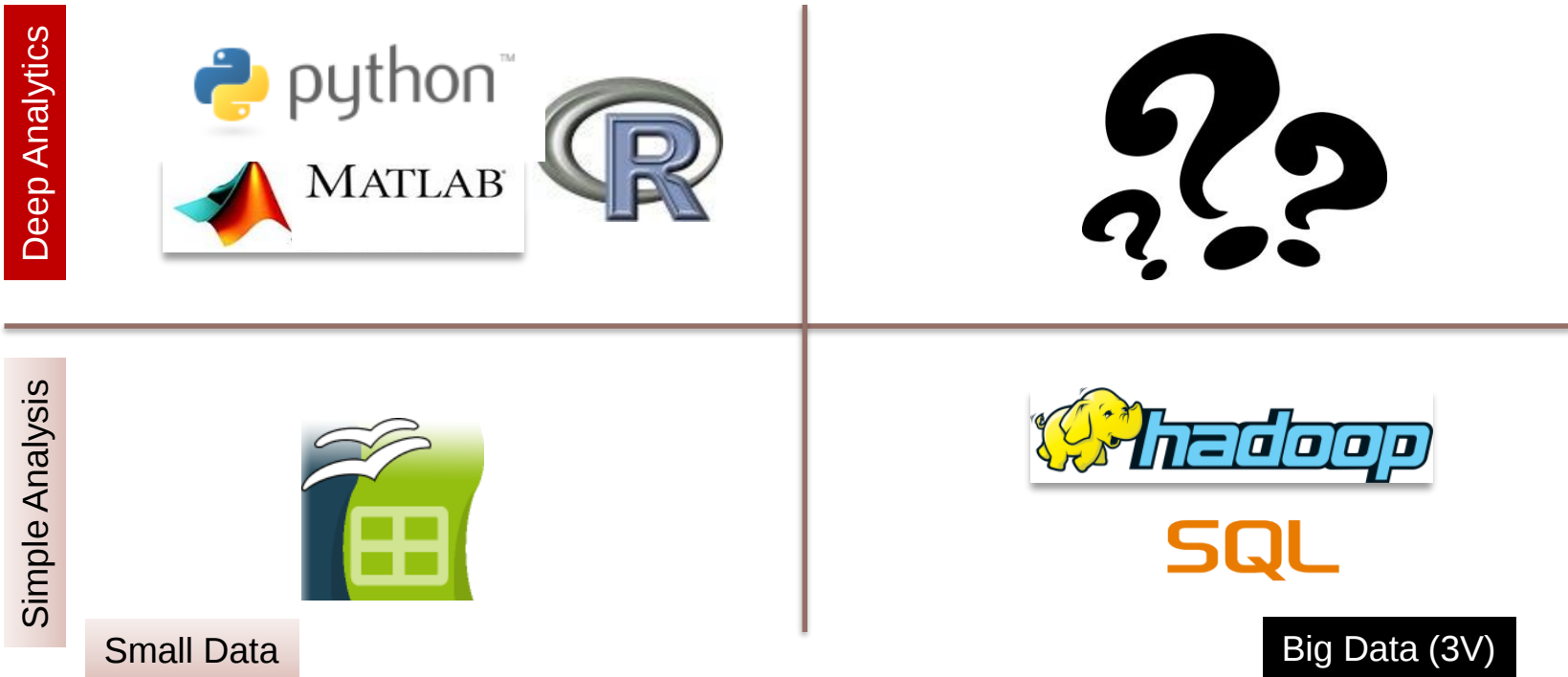
A small thumbnail image showing a snippet of Hadoop MapReduce code, representing a hand-optimized program for k-means clustering. The code is significantly longer and more verbose than the declarative version, illustrating the 'How' approach.

„How“
(Hadoop)

486 lines of code
long development time
non-robust runtime

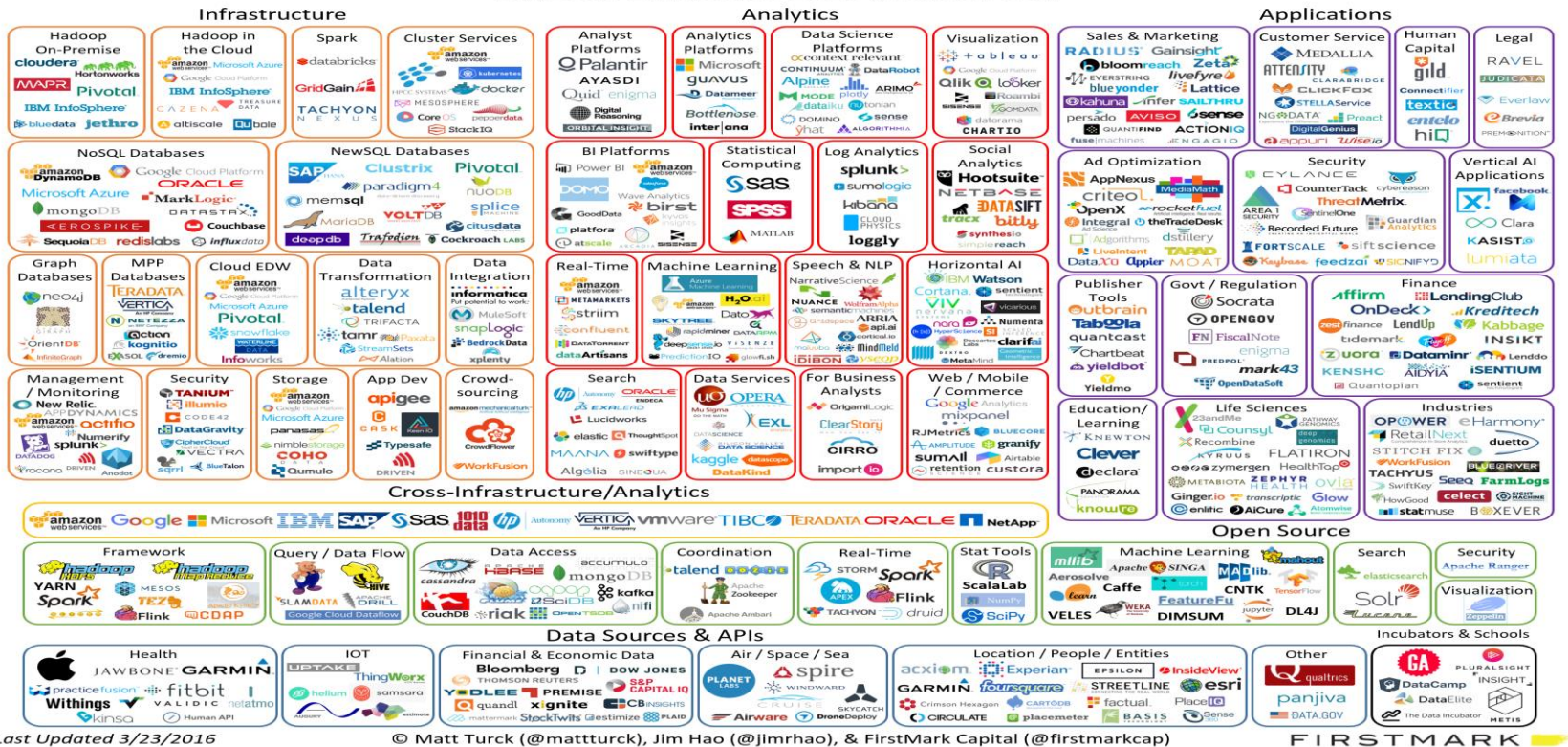
Hand-optimized code
(data-, load- and system dependent)

Deep Analysis of „Big Data“ is Key!



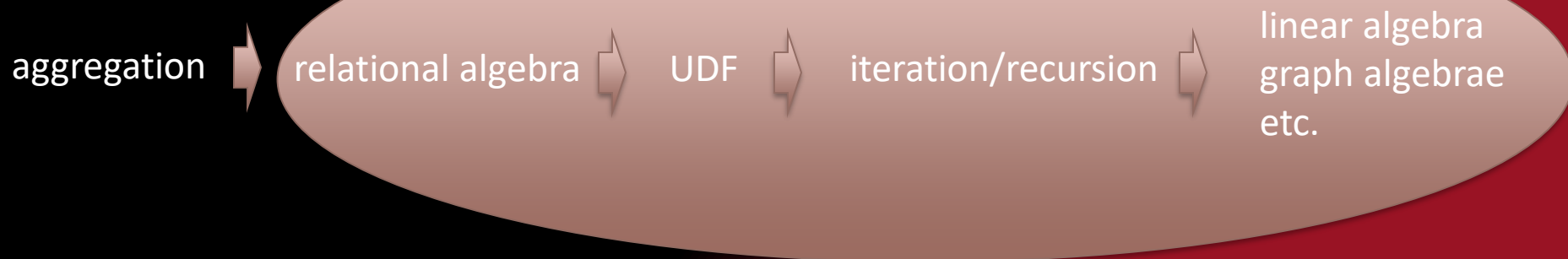
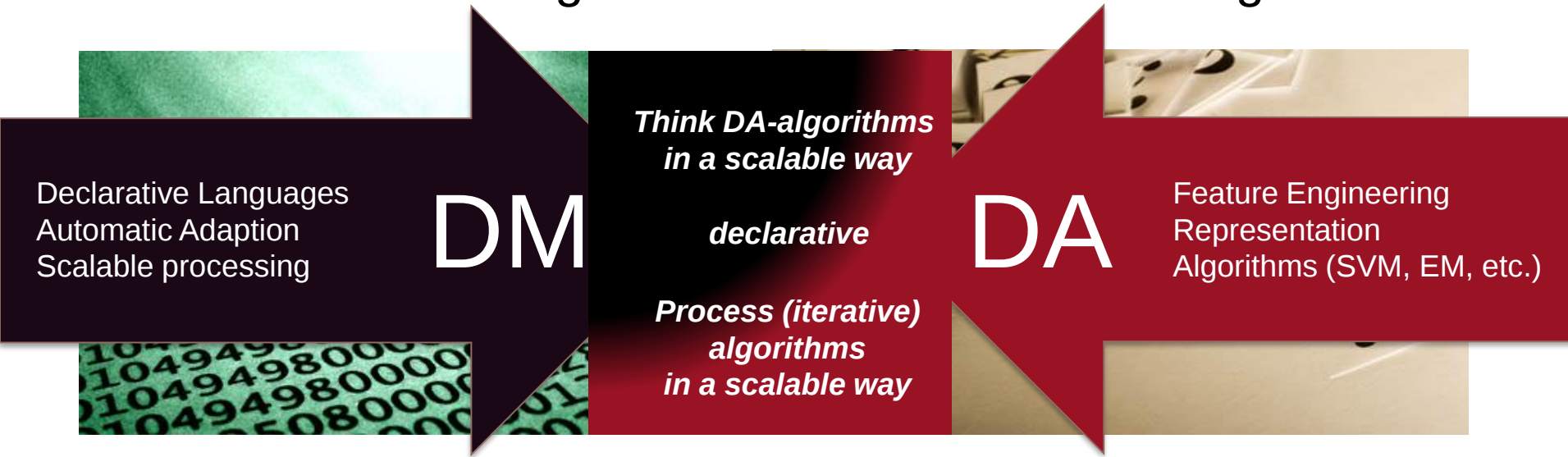
A Zoo of Technologies!

Big Data Landscape 2016 (Version 3.0)



<http://mattturck.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/Big-Data-Landscape-2016-v18-FINAL.png>

Challenge: Technologies for Data Science at the Intersection of Data Management and Machine Learning



Agenda

- Big Data Management
- Apache Flink
 - Data Stream Analysis
 - Iterations
 - The Flink Community
- Further Aspects
 - Fault Tolerance
 - Declarative Languages



Apache Flink – Big Data Batch and Stream Processing

Alexandrov, R. Bergmann, S. Ewen, J. C. Freytag, F. Hueske, A. Heise, O. Kao,
M. Leich, U. Leser, V. Markl, et al, "The Stratosphere platform for big data analytics,"
VLDB J., vol. 23, no. 6, 2014

<http://flink.apache.org>

<http://www.stratosphere.eu>

Stratosphere: General Purpose Programming + Database Execution

Draws on
Database Technology

- Relational Algebra
- Declarativity
- Query Optimization
- Robust Out-of-core

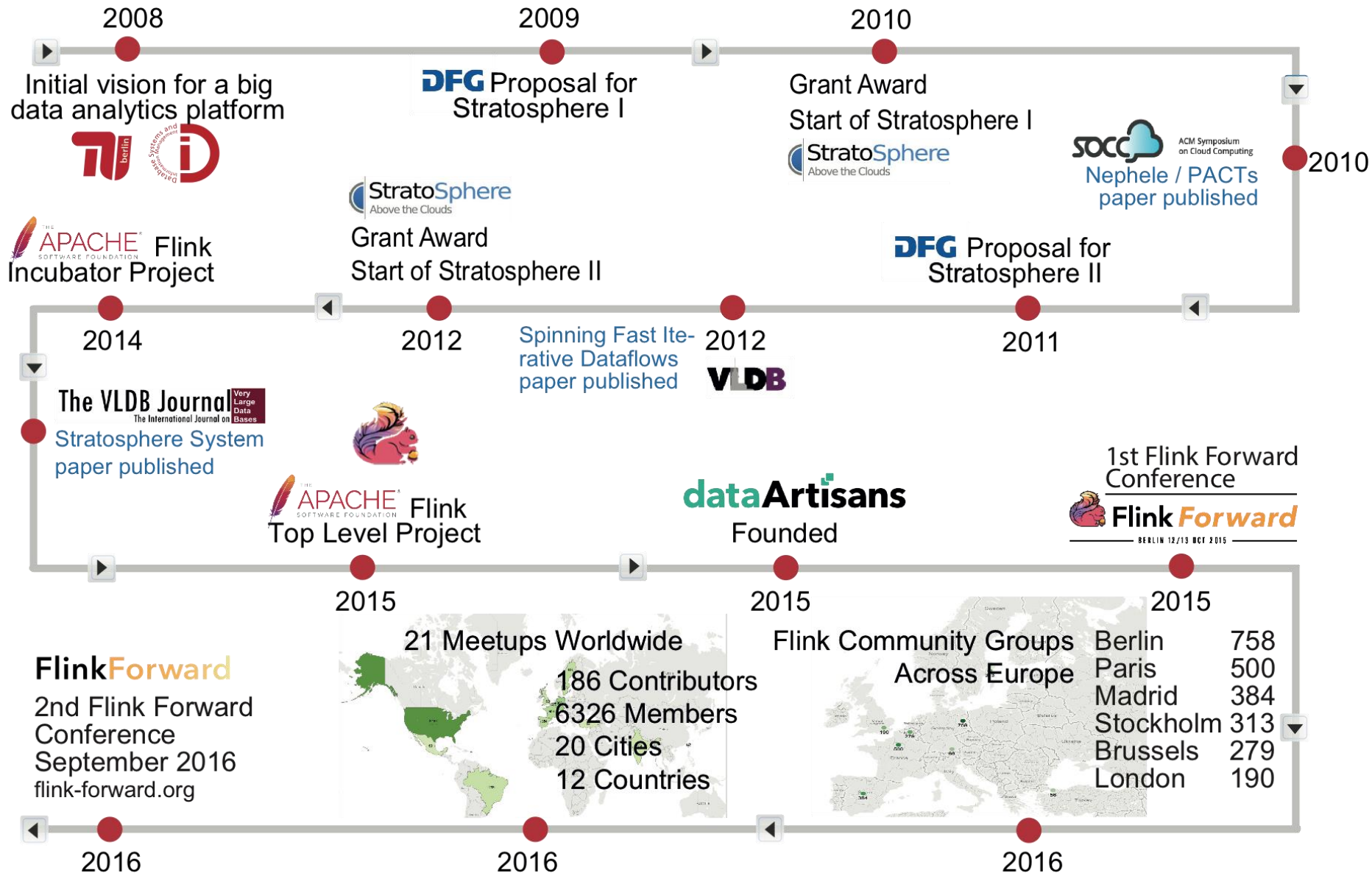
Adds

- Iterations
- Advanced Dataflows
- General APIs
- Native Streaming

Draws on
MapReduce Technology

- Scalability
- User-defined Functions
- Complex Data Types
- Schema on Read

Timeline



What is Apache Flink?

Apache Flink is an open source platform for scalable batch and stream data processing.

A distributed system that you can use to process data

Like a DBMS but not exactly a DBMS

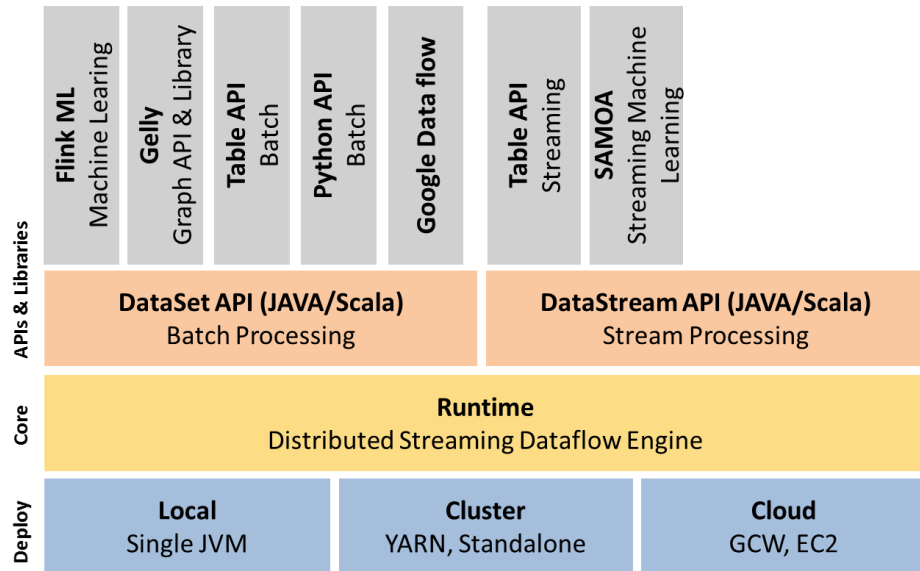
What kind of data?

Data that comes in the form of streams

What kind of processing

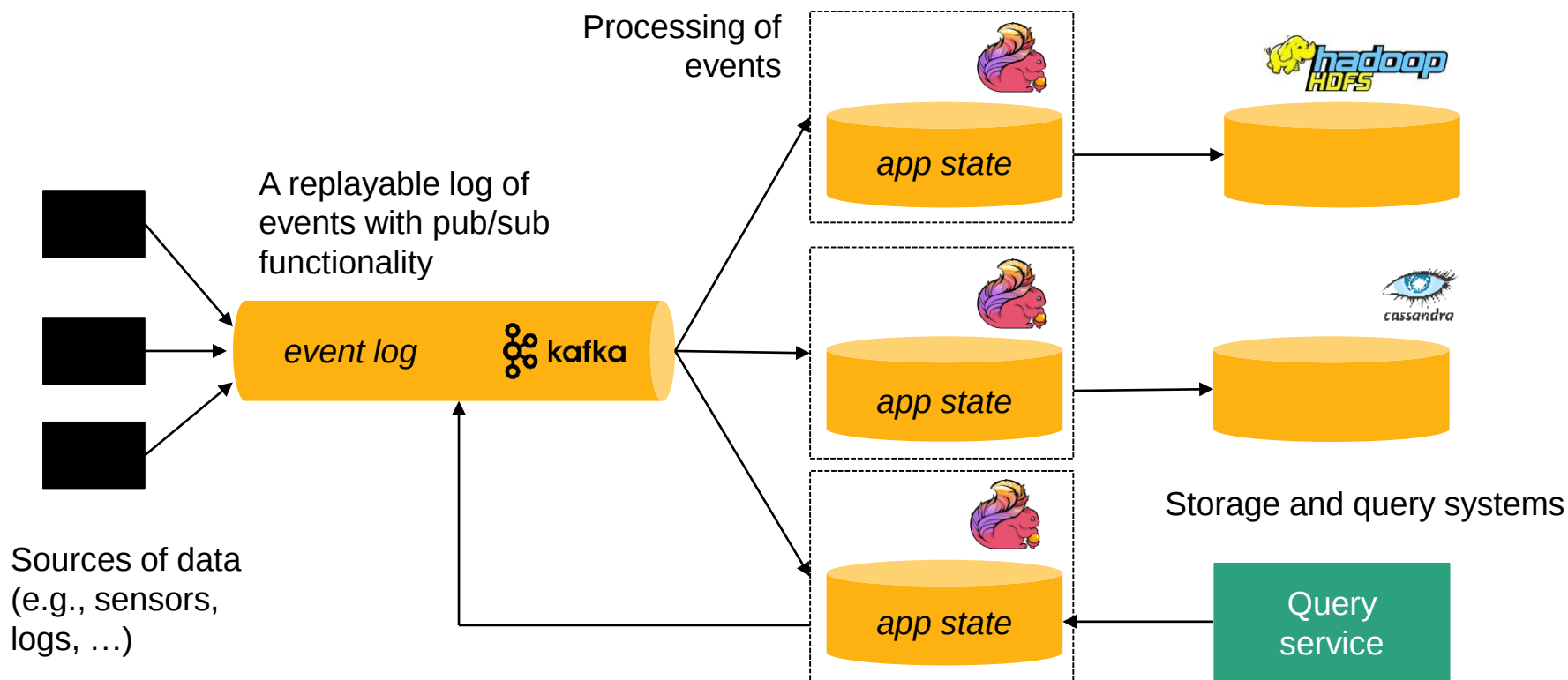
Quite flexible. You can use Java/Scala APIs similar to programming with Java collections, the new SQL API, etc

Distributed: runs on many (1000s) of machines and hides this complexity from the user



<http://flink.apache.org>

Basic application architecture

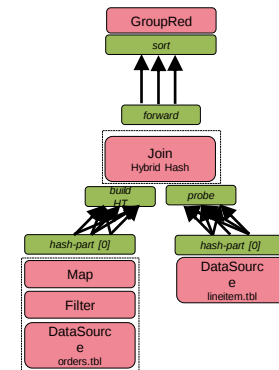
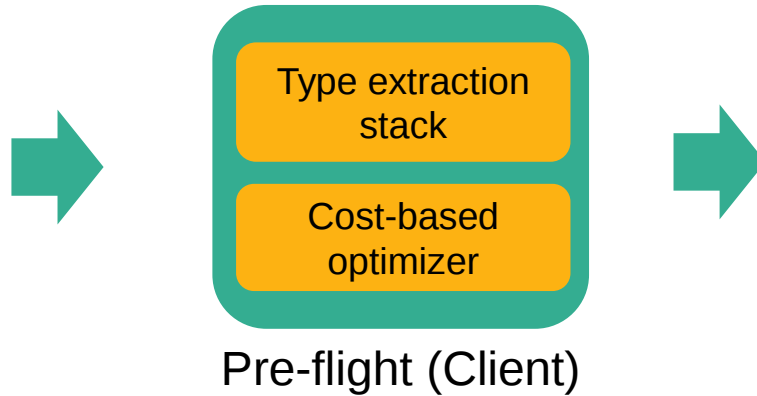


By courtesy of Kostas Tzoumas

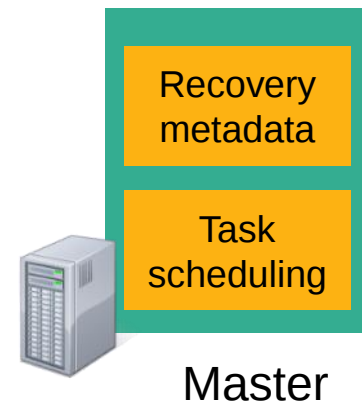
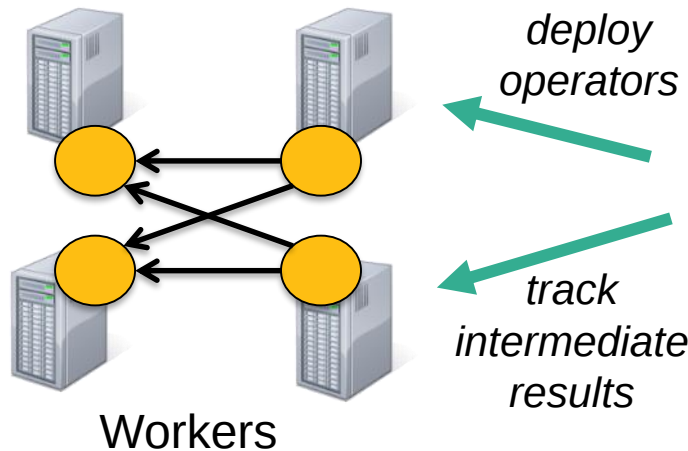
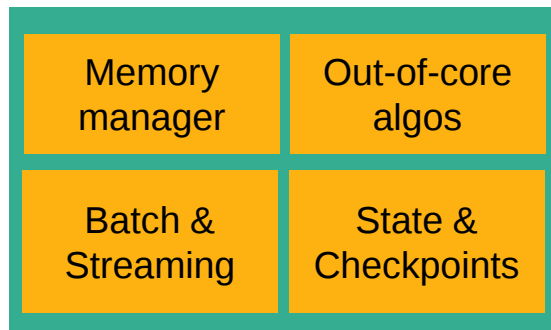
Technology inside Flink

```
case class Path (from: Long, to: Long)
val tc = edges.iterate(10) {
  paths: DataSet[Path] =>
    val next = paths
      .join(edges)
      .where("to")
      .equalTo("from") {
        (path, edge) =>
          Path(path.from, edge.to)
      }
      .union(paths)
      .distinct()
    next
}
```

Program



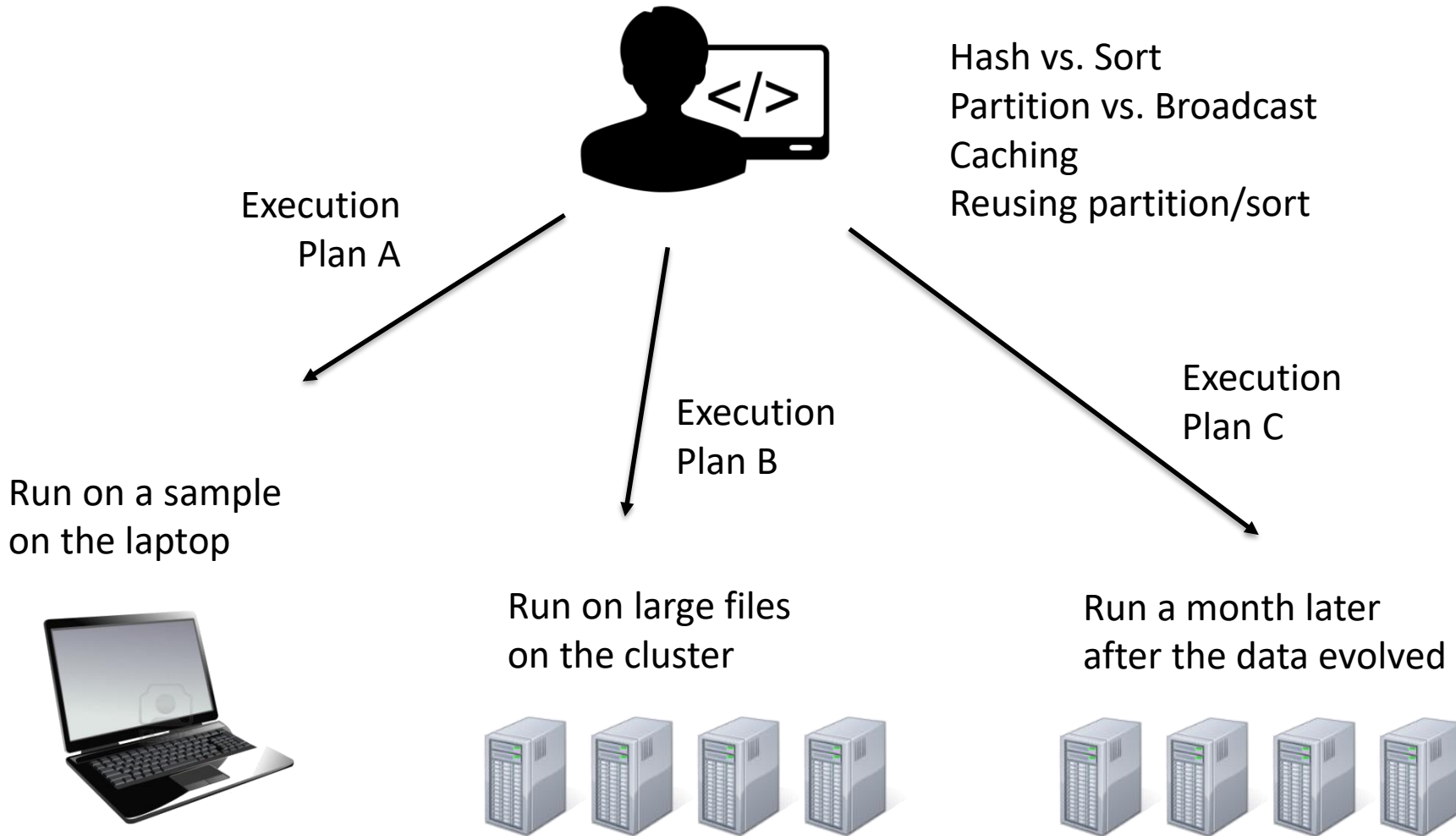
Dataflow Graph



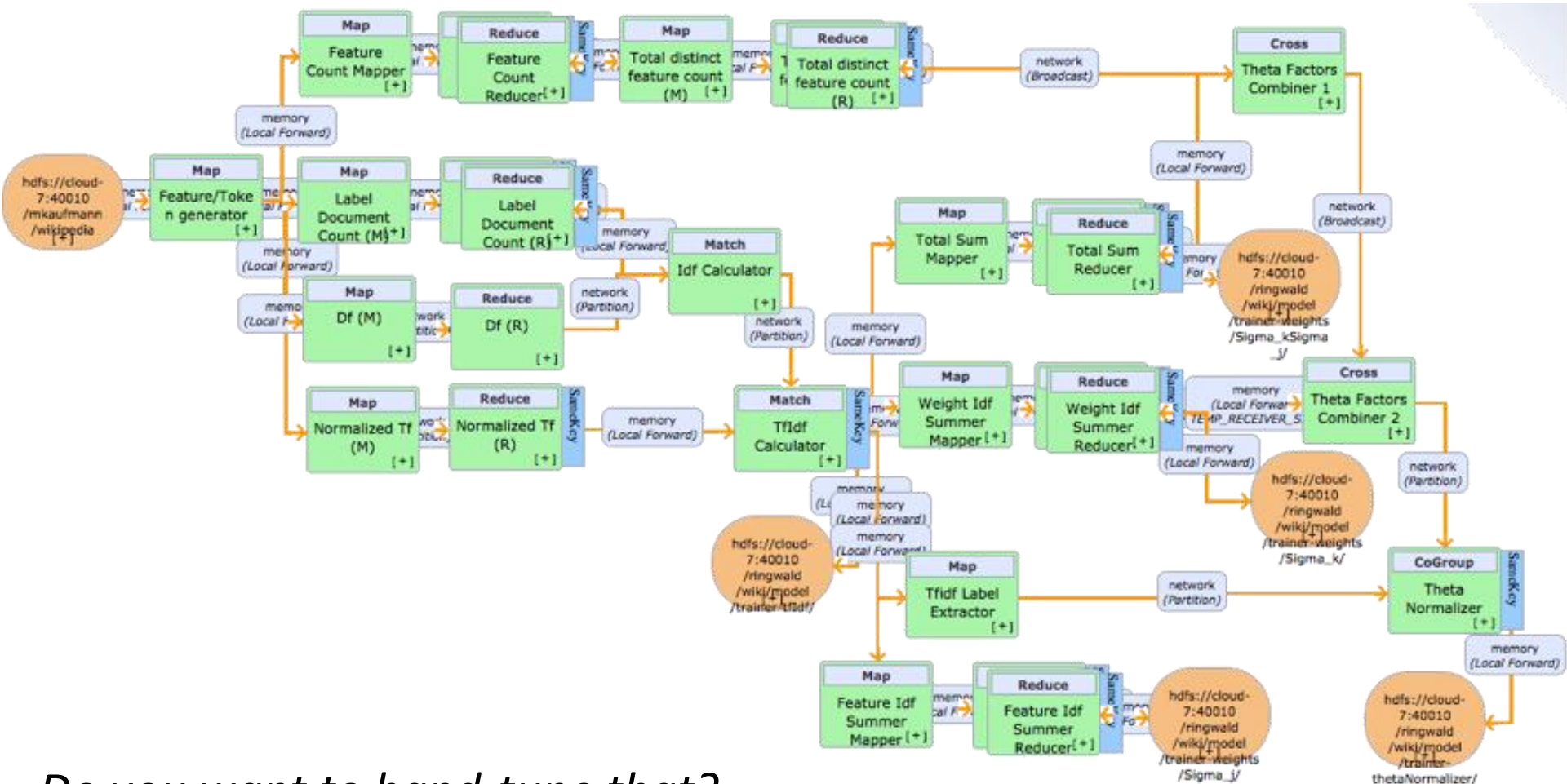
Master

Workers

Effect of optimization



Why optimization ?

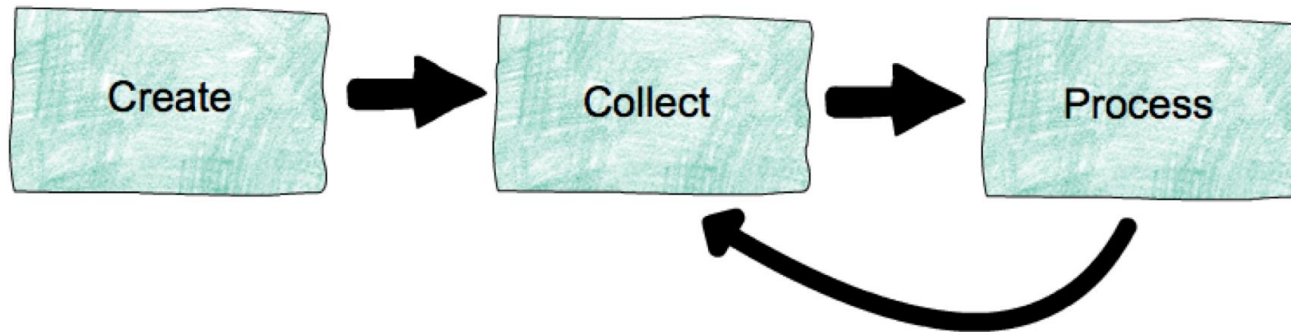


Do you want to hand-tune that?

P. Carbone, A. Katsifodimos, A. Ewen, V. Markl and e. al.: "Apache Flink™: Stream and Batch Processing in a Single Engine.,"
IEEE Data Eng. Bull., vol. 38, no. 4, pp. 28-38, 2015

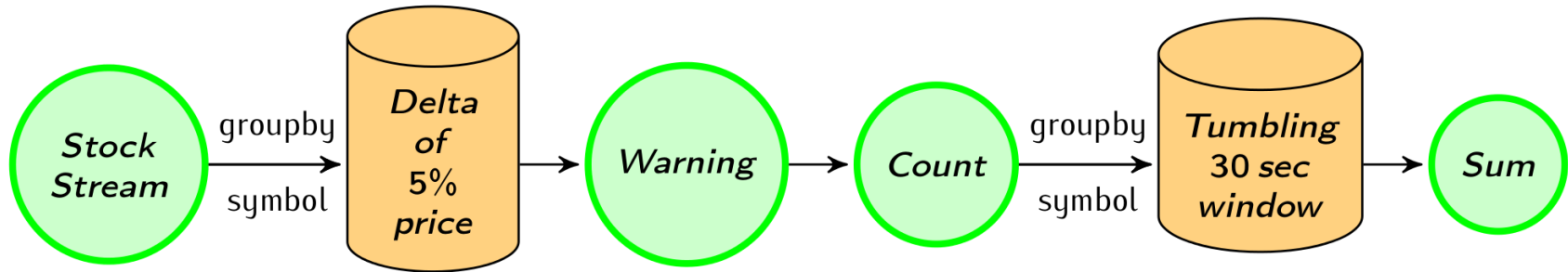
DATA STREAM ANALYSIS

Life of data streams



- **Create:** create streams from event sources (machines, databases, logs, sensors, ...)
- **Collect:** collect and make streams available for consumption (e.g., Apache Kafka)
- **Process:** process streams, possibly generating derived streams (e.g., Apache Flink)

Stream Analysis in Flink



```
case class Count(symbol: String, count: Int)
val defaultPrice = StockPrice("", 1000)

//Use delta policy to create price change warnings
val priceWarnings = stockStream.groupBy("symbol")
    .window(Delta.of(0.05, priceChange, defaultPrice))
    .mapWindow(sendWarning _)

//Count the number of warnings every half a minute
val warningsPerStock = priceWarnings.map(Count(_, 1))
    .groupBy("symbol")
    .window(Time.of(30, SECONDS))
    .sum("count")
```

More at: <http://flink.apache.org/news/2015/02/09/streaming-example.html>

Defining windows in Flink



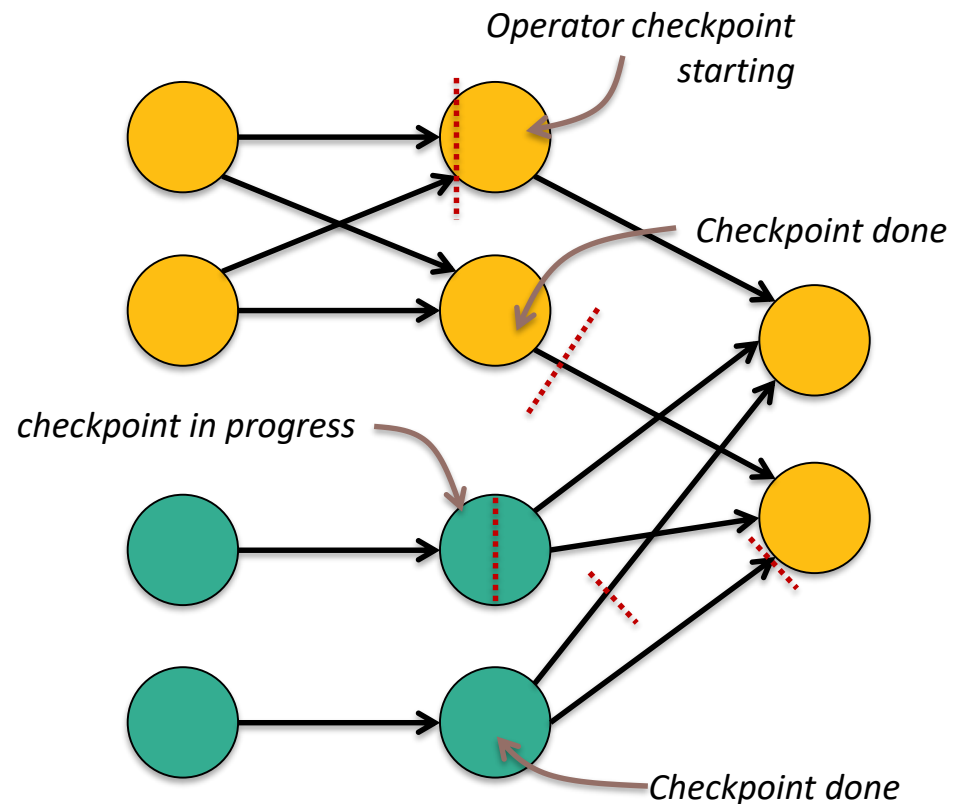
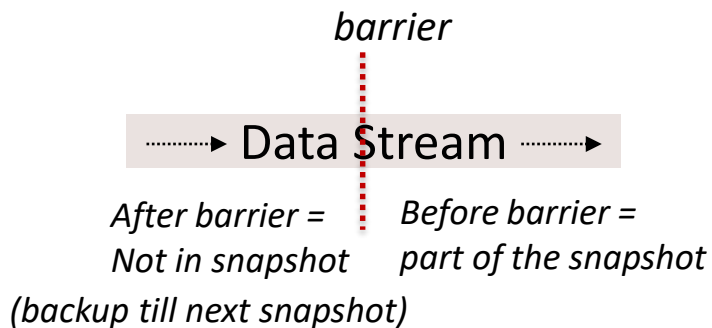
- Trigger policy
 - When to trigger the computation on current window
- Eviction policy
 - When data points should leave the window
 - Defines window width/size
- E.g., count-based policy
 - evict when `#elements > n`
 - start a new window every `n`-th element
- Built-in: Count, Time, Delta policies

Checkpointing / Recovery

- Flink acknowledges batches of records
 - Less overhead in failure-free case
 - Currently tied to fault tolerant data sources (e.g., Kafka)
- Flink operators can keep state
 - State is checkpointed
 - Checkpointing and record acks go together
- Exactly one semantics for state

Checkpointing / Recovery

Pushes checkpoint barriers through the data flow



Chandy-Lamport Algorithm for consistent asynchronous distributed snapshots

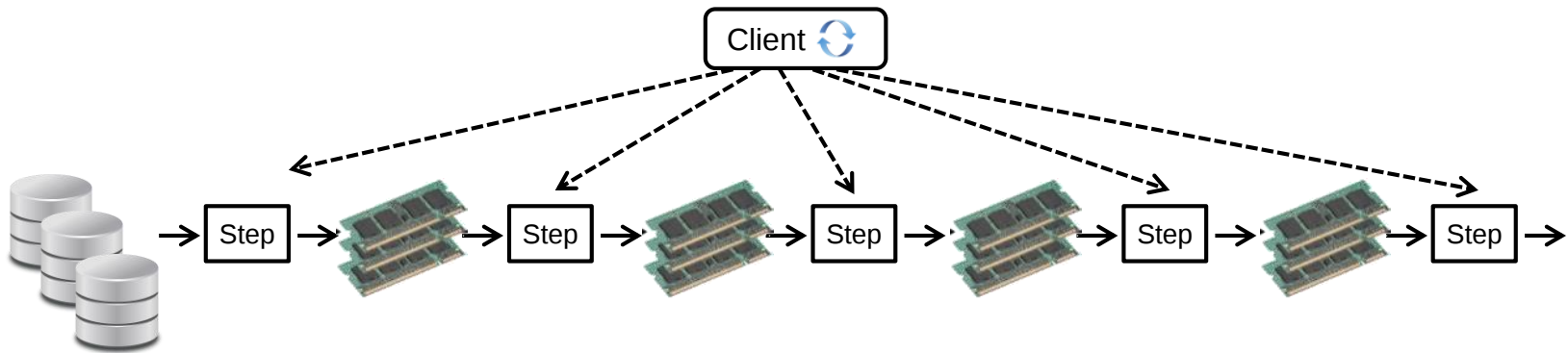
S. Ewen, K. Tzoumas, M. Kaufmann and V. Markl, "Spinning Fast Iterative Data Flows.," PVLDB, vol. 5, no. 11, pp. 1268-1279, 2012.

ITERATIONS IN DATA FLOWS

→ MACHINE LEARNING

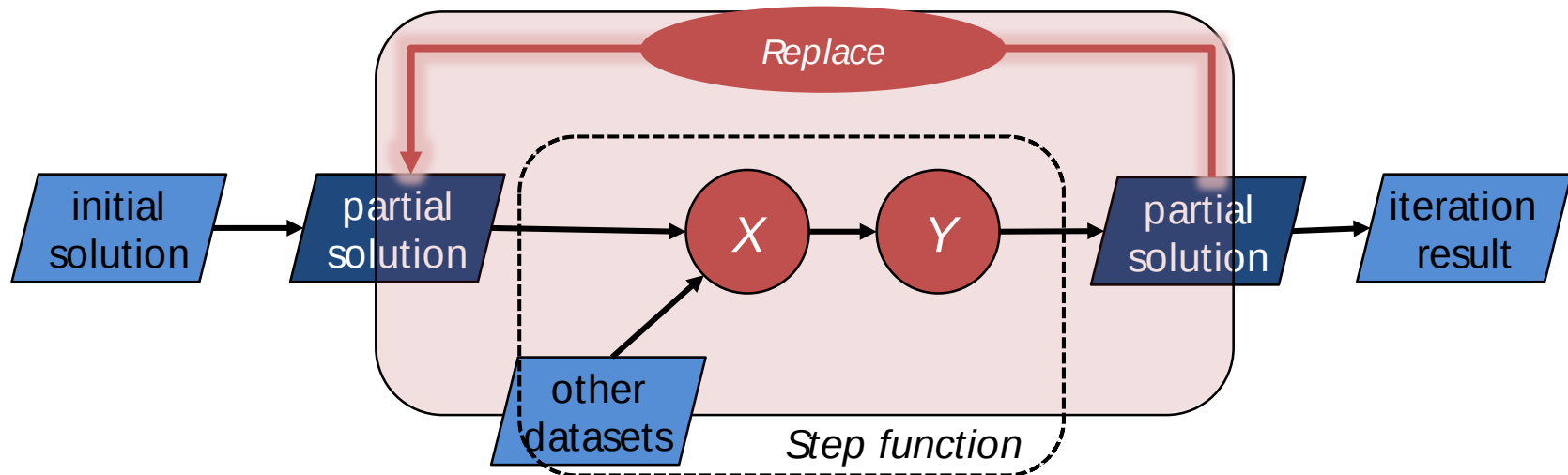
ALGORITHMS

Iterate by looping



- for/while loop in client submits one job per iteration step
- Data reuse by caching in memory and/or disk

Iterate in the Dataflow

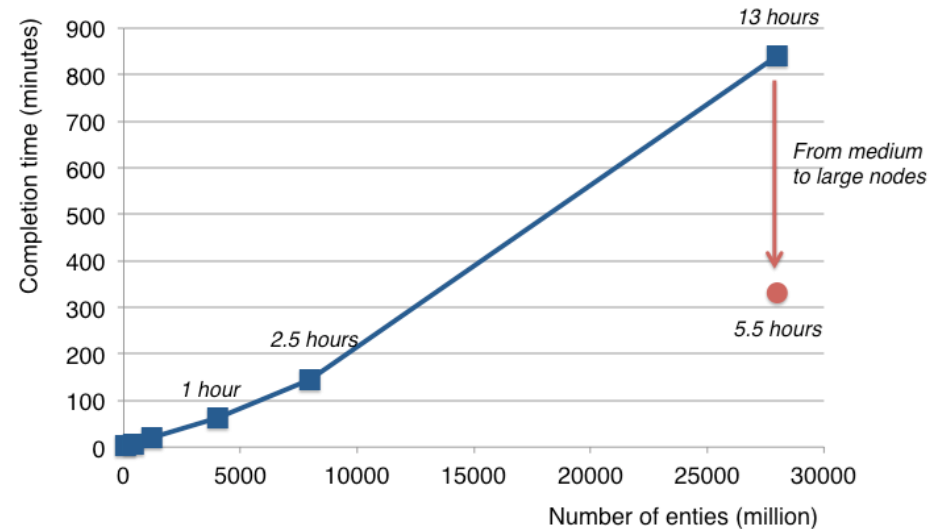


Large-Scale Machine Learning

Factorizing a matrix with
28 billion ratings for
recommendations

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{User} \\ \begin{array}{c} A \\ B \\ C \\ D \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Item} \\ \begin{array}{c} W \quad X \quad Y \quad Z \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline & & & \\ \hline & 4.5 & 2.0 & \\ \hline 4.0 & & 3.5 & \\ \hline & 5.0 & & 2.0 \\ \hline & 3.5 & 4.0 & 1.0 \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} A \\ B \\ C \\ D \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1.2 & 0.8 \\ \hline 1.4 & 0.9 \\ \hline 1.5 & 1.0 \\ \hline 1.2 & 0.8 \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} W \quad X \quad Y \quad Z \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1.5 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 0.8 \\ \hline 1.7 & 0.6 & 1.1 & 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$$

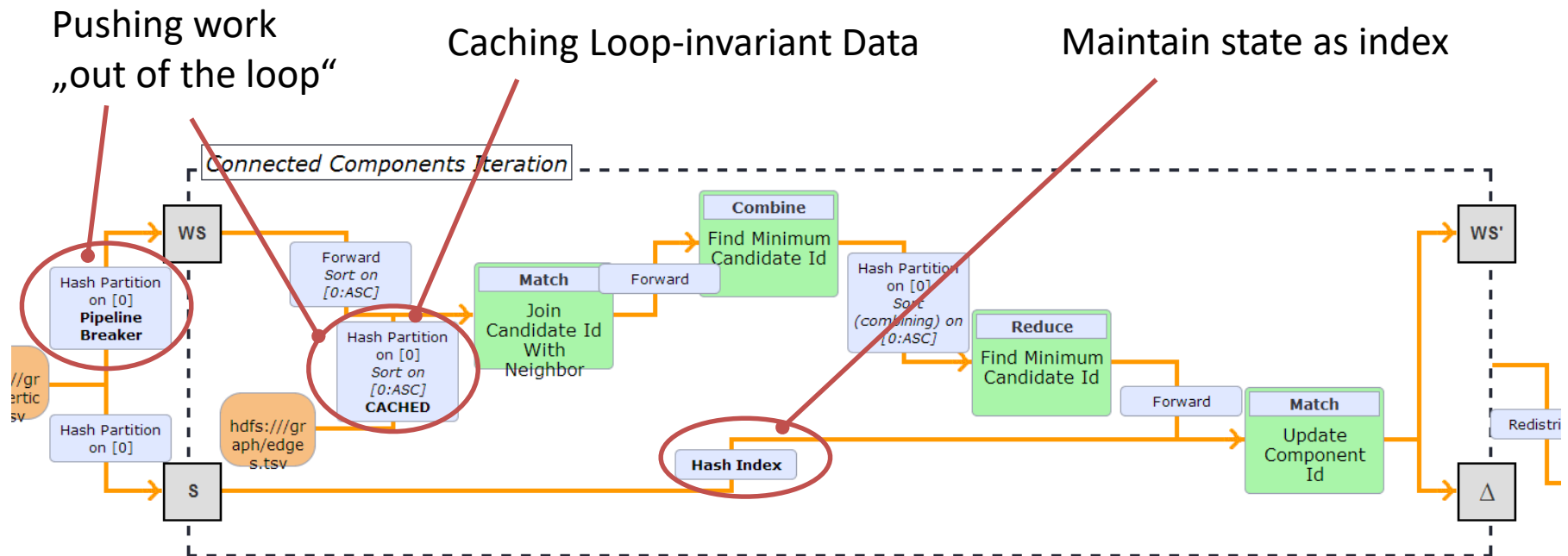
Rating Matrix User Matrix Item Matrix



*(Scale of Netflix
or Spotify)*

More at: <http://data-artisans.com/computing-recommendations-with-flink.html>

Optimizing iterative programs

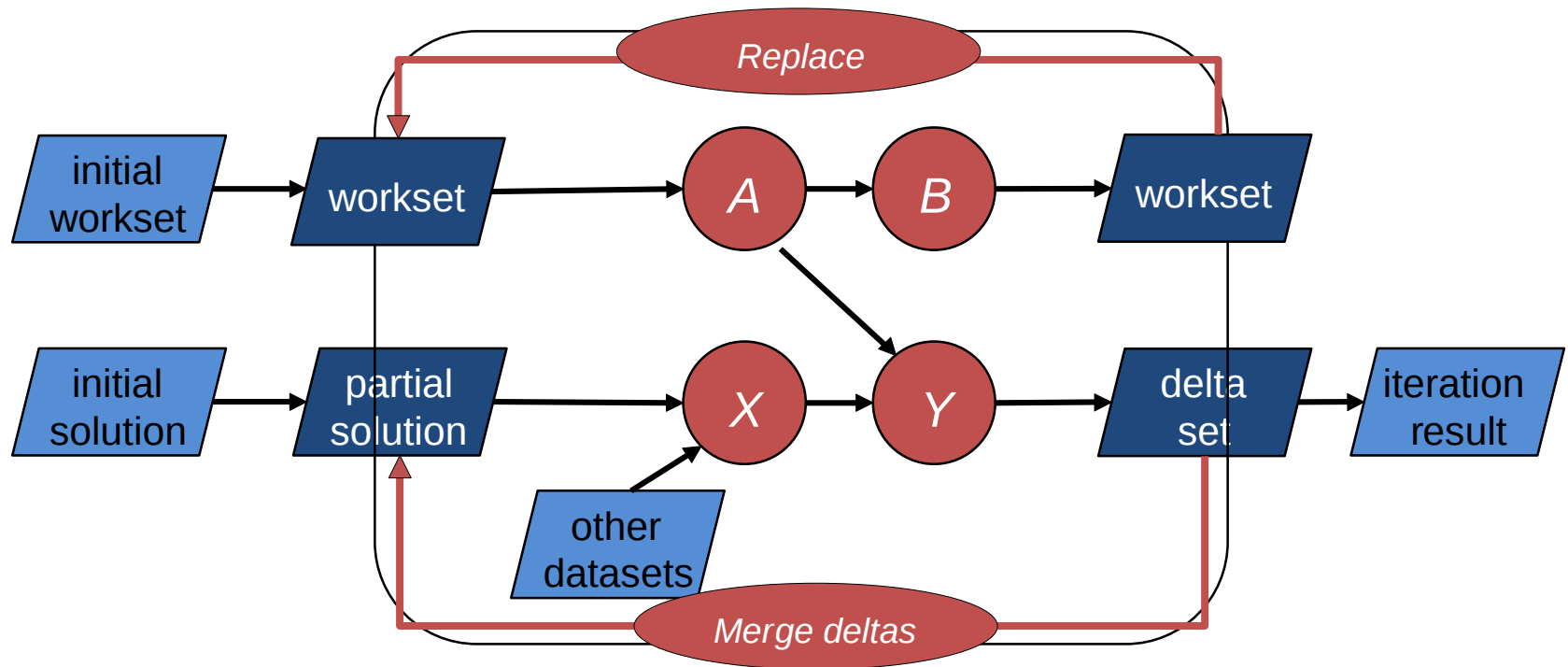


S. Ewen, K. Tzoumas, M. Kaufmann and V. Markl, "Spinning Fast Iterative Data Flows.," PVLDB, vol. 5, no. 11, pp. 1268-1279, 2012.

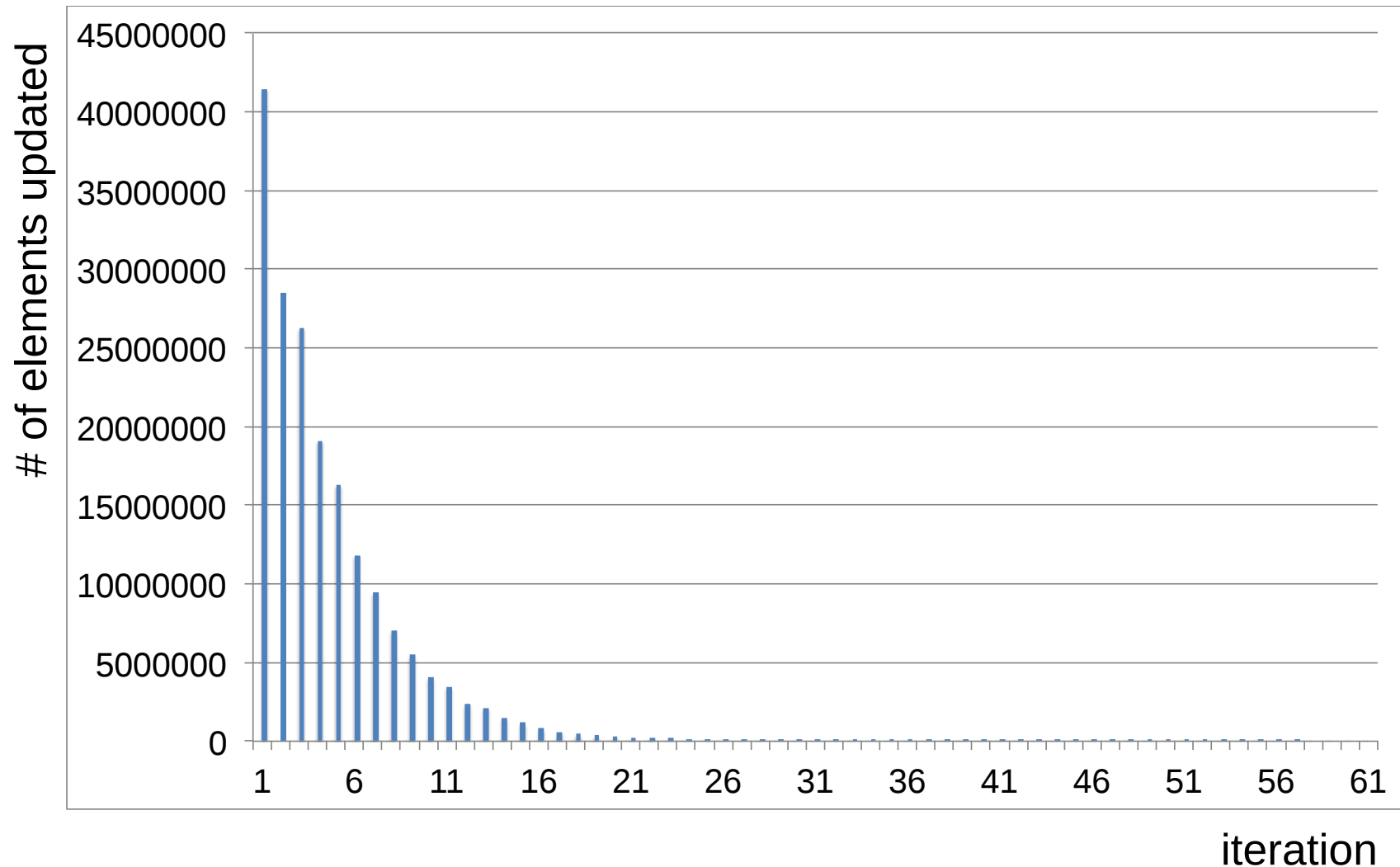
STATE IN ITERATIONS

→ GRAPHS AND MACHINE LEARNING

Iterate natively with deltas

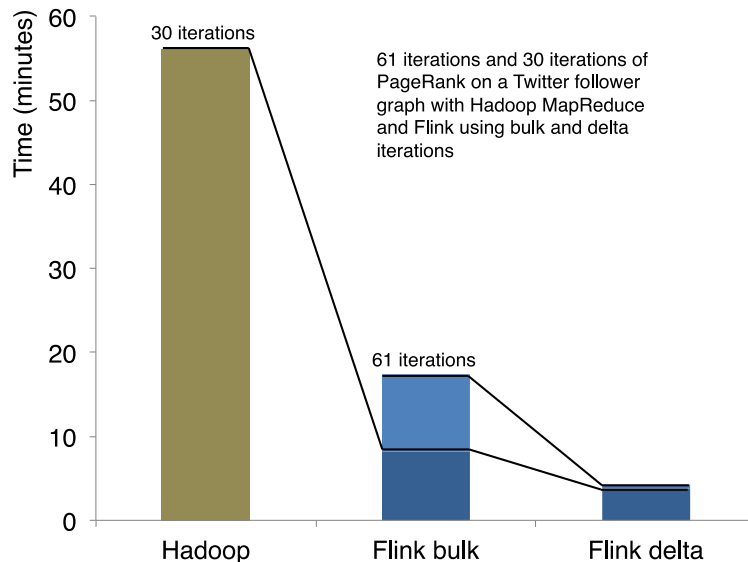
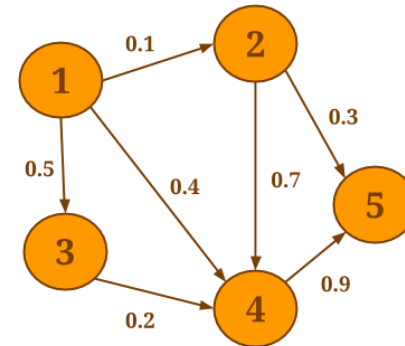


Effect of delta iterations...



... very fast graph analysis

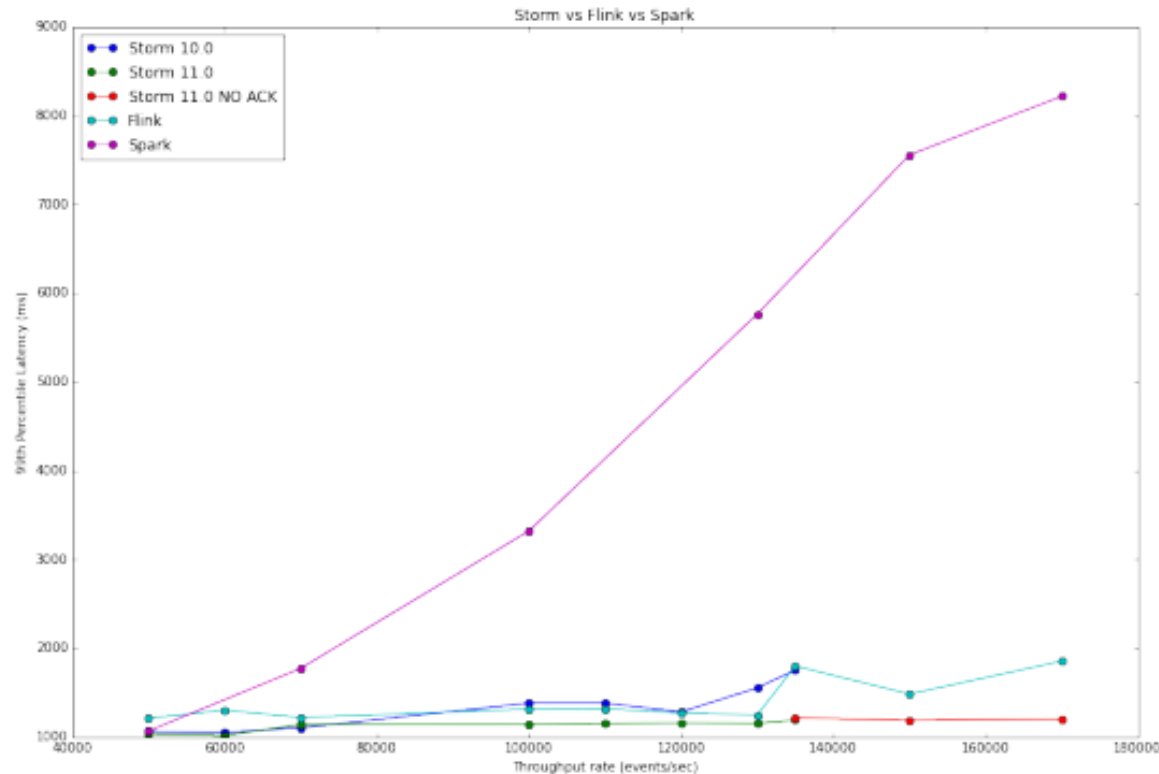
Performance competitive
with dedicated graph
analysis systems



More at: <http://data-artisans.com/data-analysis-with-flink.html>

... and mix and match
ETL-style and graph analysis
in one program

A Benchmark Result

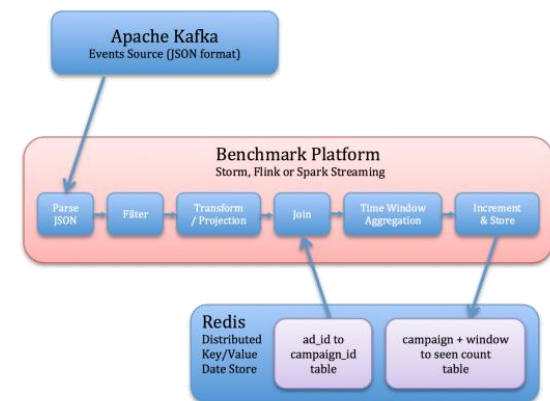


Source: <http://yahooeng.tumblr.com/post/135321837876/benchmarking-streaming-computation-engines-at>

Performed by Yahoo! Engineering,
Dec 16, 2015

[.]Storm 0.10.0, 0.11.0-SNAPSHOT and Flink 0.10.1 show sub-second latencies at relatively high throughputs[.]. Spark streaming 1.5.1 supports high throughputs, but at a relatively higher latency.

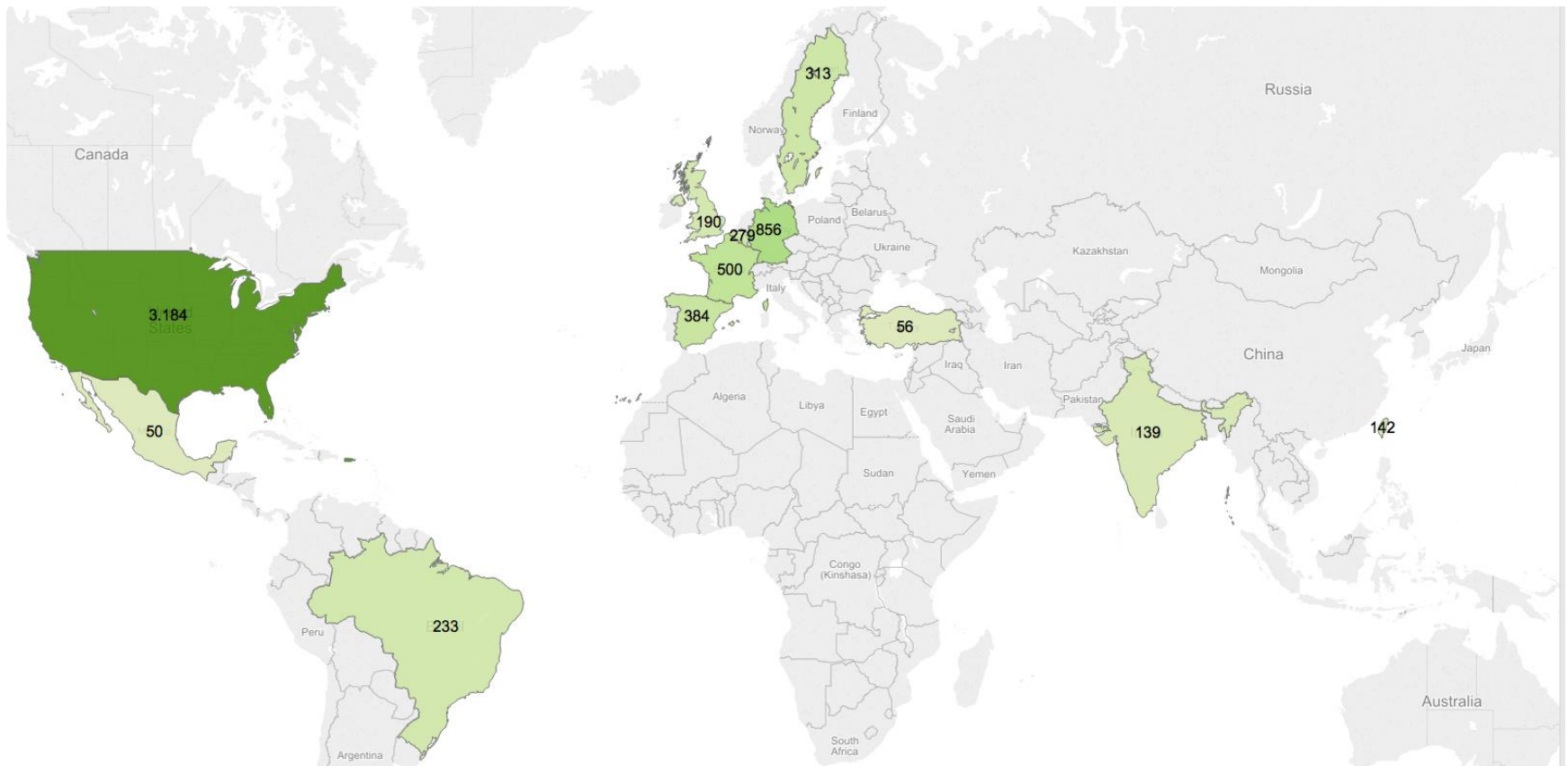
Flink achieves highest throughput with competitive low latency!



J. Soto and V. Markl, "A Historical Account of Apache Flink," [Online].
Available: [http://www.dima.tu-berlin.de/fileadmin/fg131/
Informationsmaterial/Apache_Flink_Origins_for_Public_Release.pdf](http://www.dima.tu-berlin.de/fileadmin/fg131/Informationsmaterial/Apache_Flink_Origins_for_Public_Release.pdf)

THE FLINK COMMUNITY

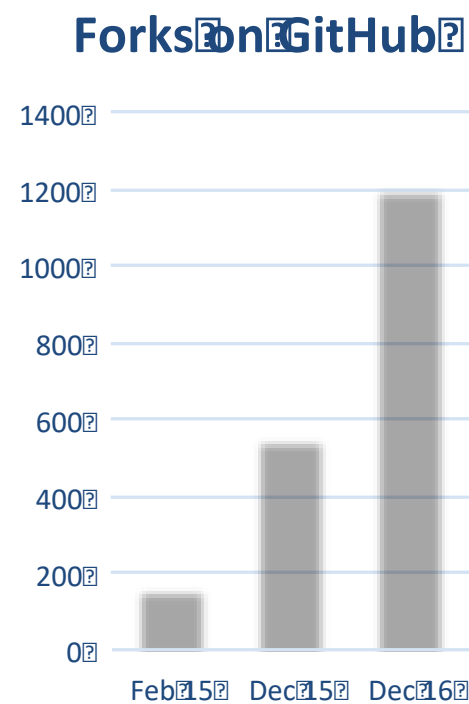
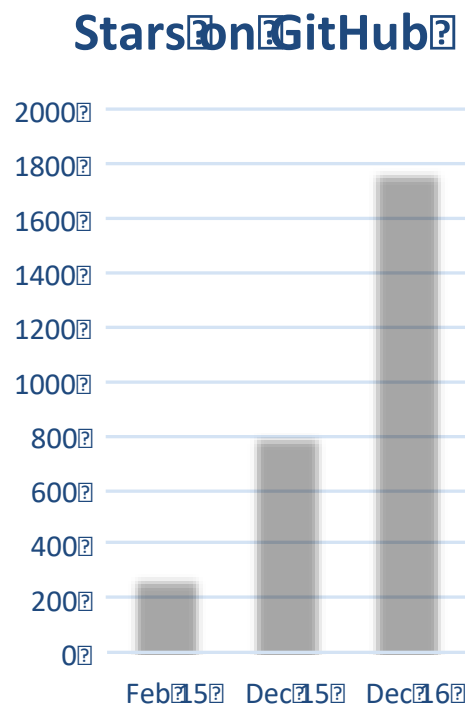
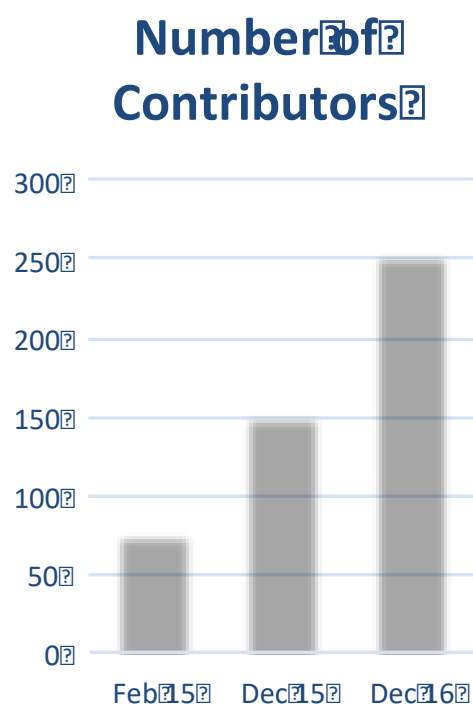
The Flink Community: Meetups By Country Concerning Flink



Apache Flink Meetups Worldwide (Data accurate as of 30.5.16)
6326 members *strictly focused on* Apache Flink (comprising 57%)
4771 members *broadier in scope*, including Flink (comprising 43%)

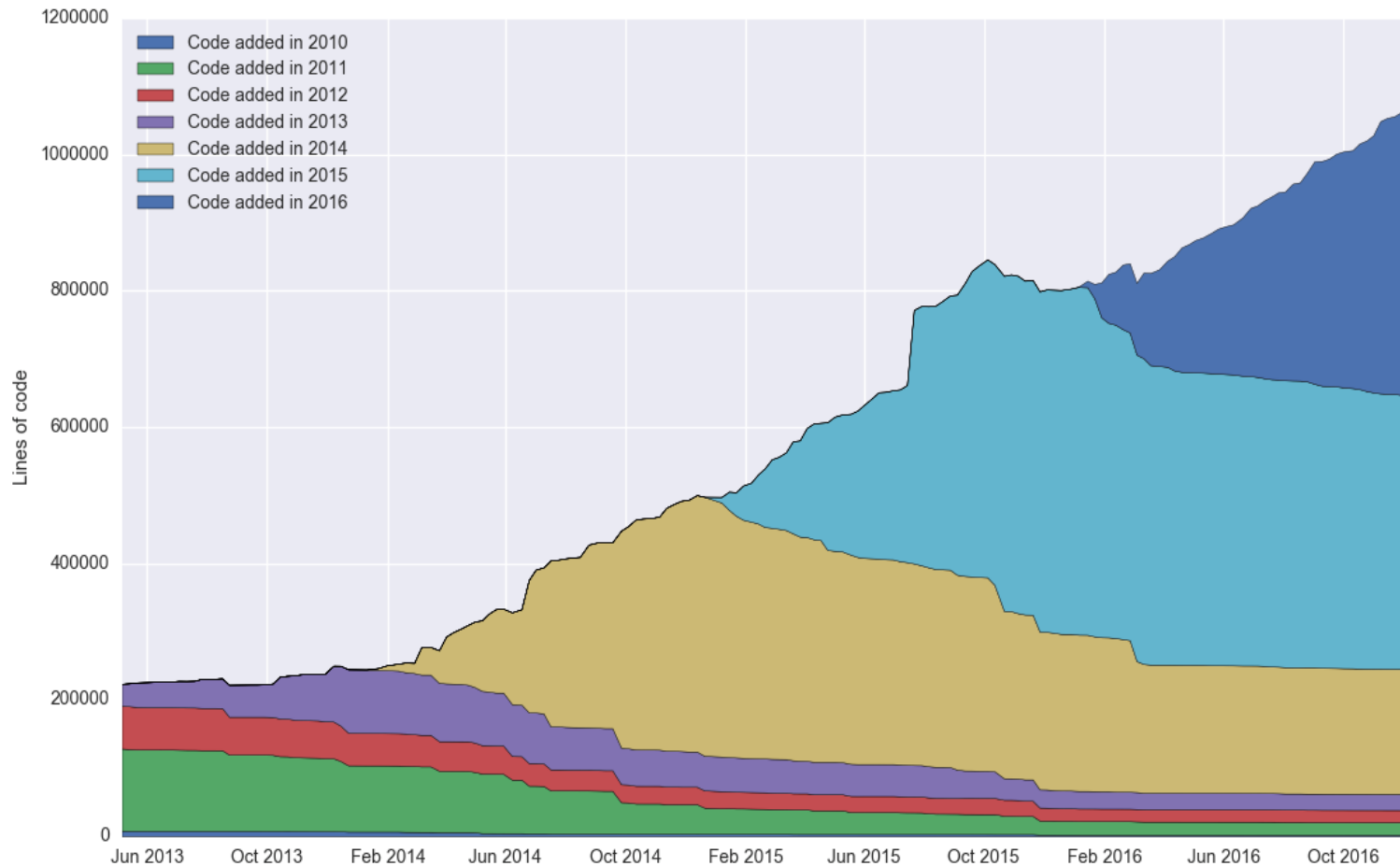
Flink community (2)

- More than 250 people have contributed code to Flink



By courtesy of Kostas Tzoumas

Code survival in Flink



By courtesy of Kostas Tzoumas

Powered by Flink



Zalando, one of the largest ecommerce companies in Europe, uses Flink for real-time business process monitoring.



Alibaba, the world's largest retailer, built a Flink-based system (Blink) to optimize search rankings in real time.



King, the creators of Candy Crush Saga, uses Flink to provide data science teams with real-time analytics.



Bouygues Telecom uses Flink for real-time event processing over billions of Kafka messages per day.

By courtesy of Kostas Tzoumas

> 20 Companies Using Flink



> 8 Software Projects Using Flink

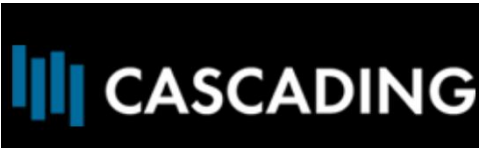


Google Cloud Platform



CLOUD DATAFLOW

A fully-managed cloud service and programming model for batch and streaming big data processing.



Apache Flink is a replacement for MapReduce to support large-scale batch workloads and streaming data flows. It eliminates the concept of mapping and reducers and leverages in-memory storage, resulting in significant performance gains over MapReduce.



Apache SAMOA is a distributed streaming machine learning (ML) framework that contains a programming abstraction for distributed streaming ML algorithms.



The Apache Mahout™ project's goal is to build an environment for quickly creating scalable performant machine learning applications.

Apache MRQL



MRQL is a query processing and optimization system for large-scale, distributed data analysis, built on top of Apache Hadoop, Hama, Spark, and Flink.

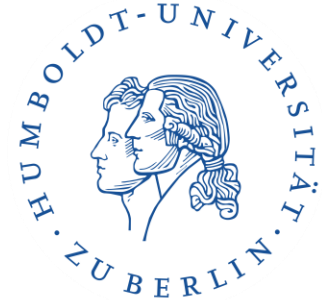


Apache Beam is an open source, unified programming model that you can use to create a data processing **pipeline**.

> 10 Research Institutions Using Flink



University of
Zagreb

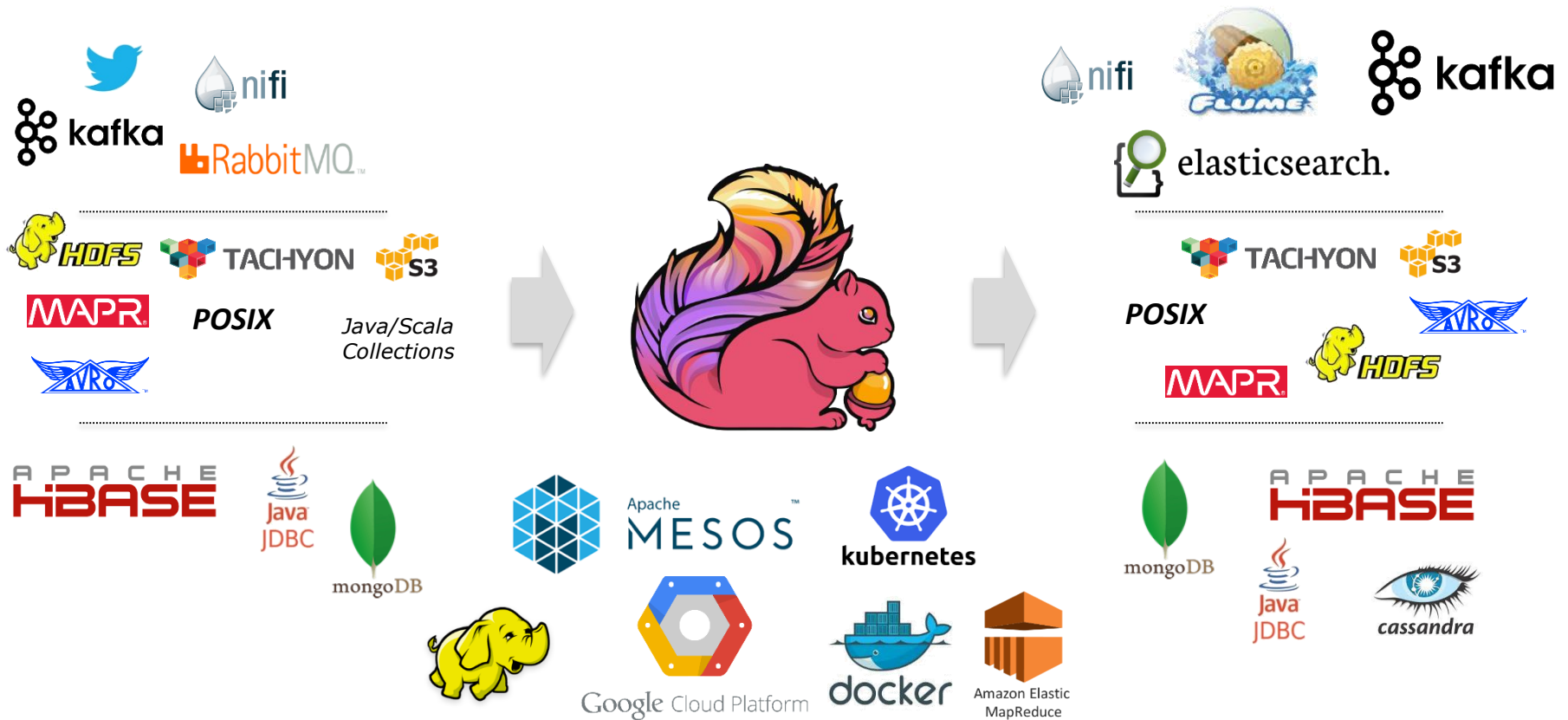


UNIVERSITÄT LEIPZIG



German
Research Center
for Artificial
Intelligence

Flink in the ecosystem



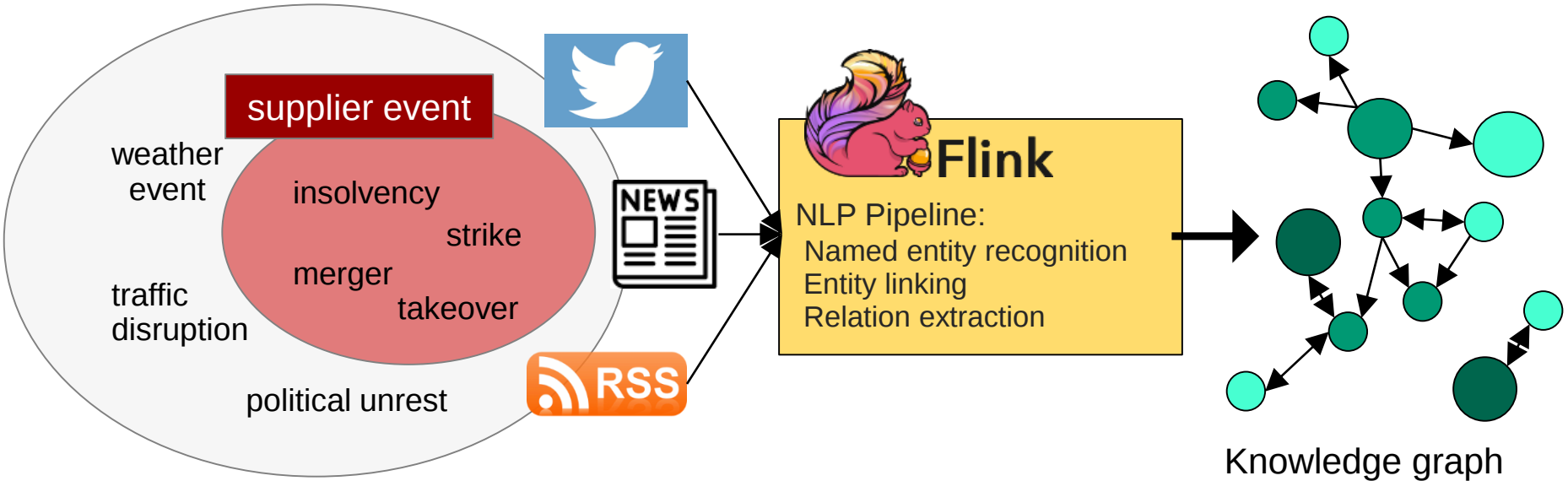
By courtesy of Kostas Tzoumas

Smart Data Web



Scenario

How can we detect problems, risks and potential bottlenecks in the supply chain based on the knowledge derived from natural language data?



Results

Knowledge graph for supply chain management

- continuously updated with relevant facts and events using parallel analysis of textual data streams
- linking company-internal with open knowledge

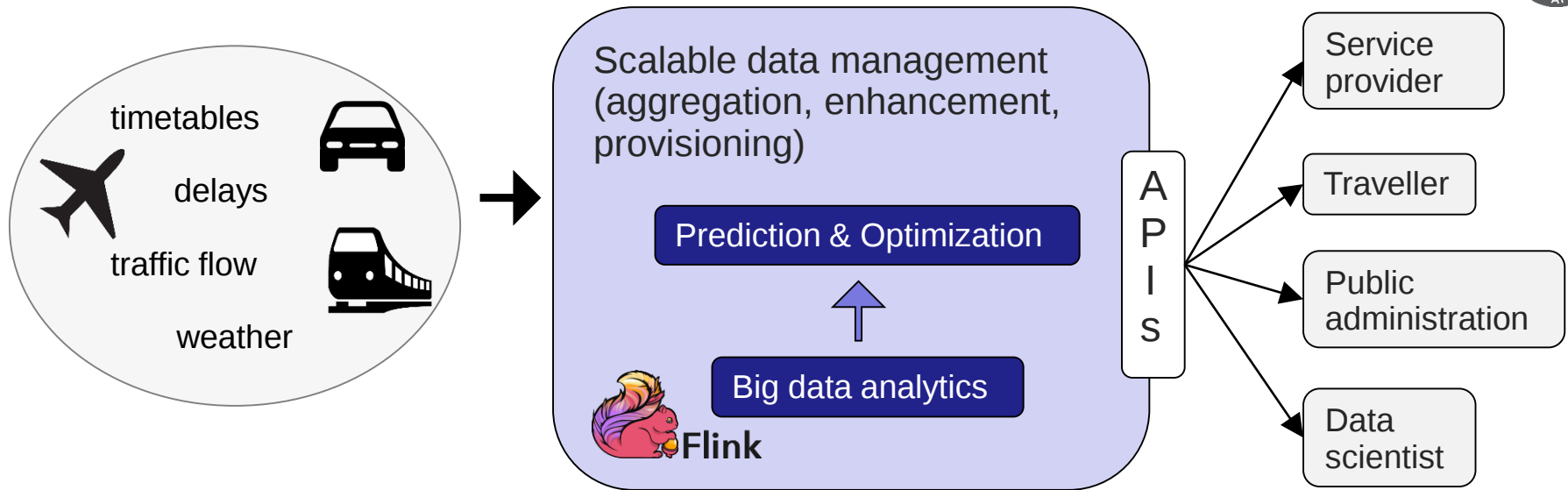
BMW Project "Smart Data Web": <http://www.smartdataweb.de/>

Smart Data for Mobility



Scenario

How do we aggregate and make use of mobility data from multiple modalities (air, road, railway)?



Results

- Big data analytics platform providing data and smart mobility services
- Prediction based on historical and real-time data considering a wide range of mobility-related aspects

SePiA.Pro

DAIMLER



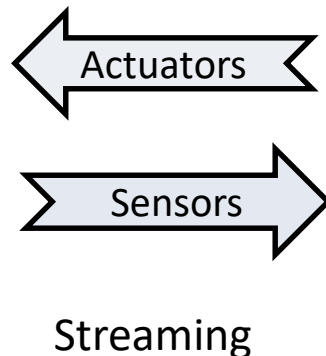
Foto: dpa



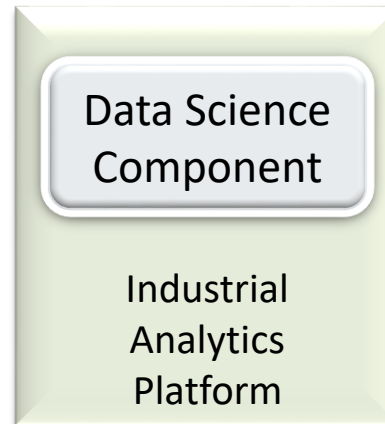
Scenario

- Service platform for industrial data analytics services for **production chain optimization**.
- Improvement of production planning and execution
- Cross customer analysis of machines from the perspective of a single machine manufacturer.

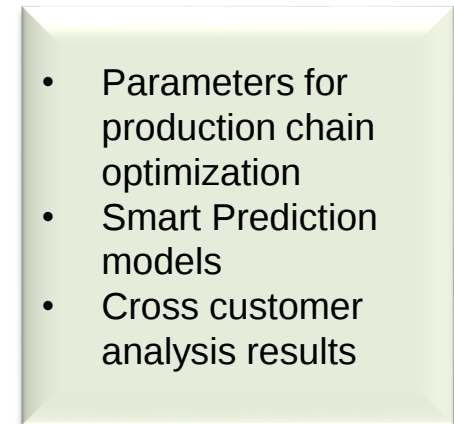
Data Sources



Flink Solution



Output

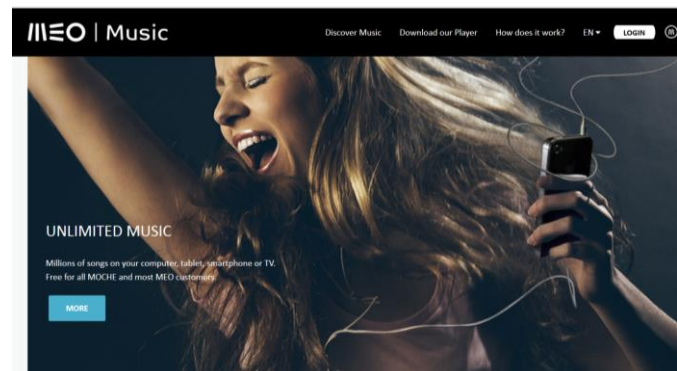


- Parameters for production chain optimization
- Smart Prediction models
- Cross customer analysis results

Results

- Scalable data analytics platform optimized for industrial settings
- Smart services (data, algorithms, structures, policies) for automatic provisioning

STREAMLINE



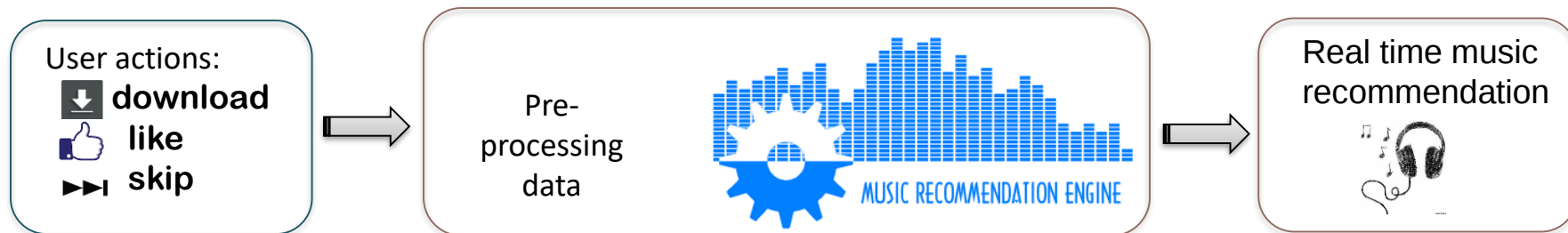
Scenario

- Transactions related with user actions on content are considered on the next day for new content recommendations.
- The goal is to do context aware content recommendation in real time.

Data Sources

Flink Solution

Output



Results

- Expected increase revenue by 25%
- Reduce time to recommend new content, move from daily batch to real time
- Reduce costs with manual back-office processes such as manually curating content; cost reduction by 60%
- Increase the total number of users consuming (clicking on) recommended content per day; increase by 50%

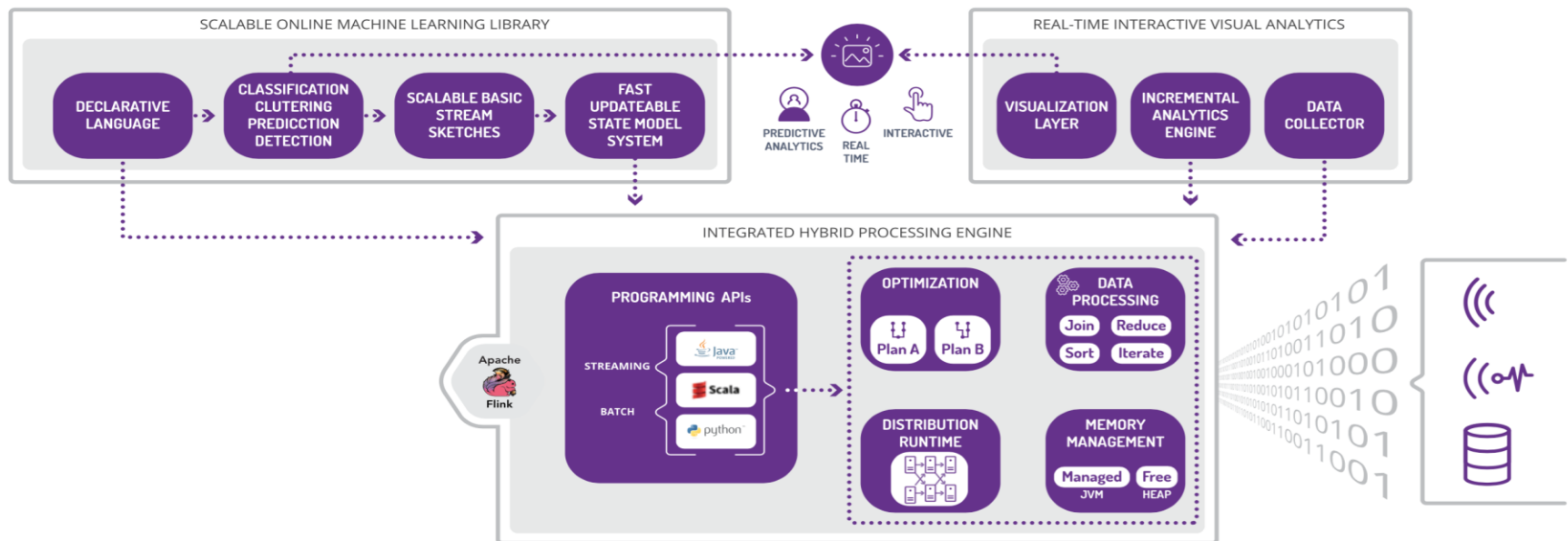


PROTEUS



Scenario

- Defects introduced in early processes of steel production have a great economic impact due to the costs
- The sooner defects are detected, the sooner the process can be modified in order to stop producing defective subsequent coils



Results

- Expected to achieve a reduction of 20% of defections coils and reducing rejected material by 15%.



PROTEUS, Horizon 2020, Ref: 687691

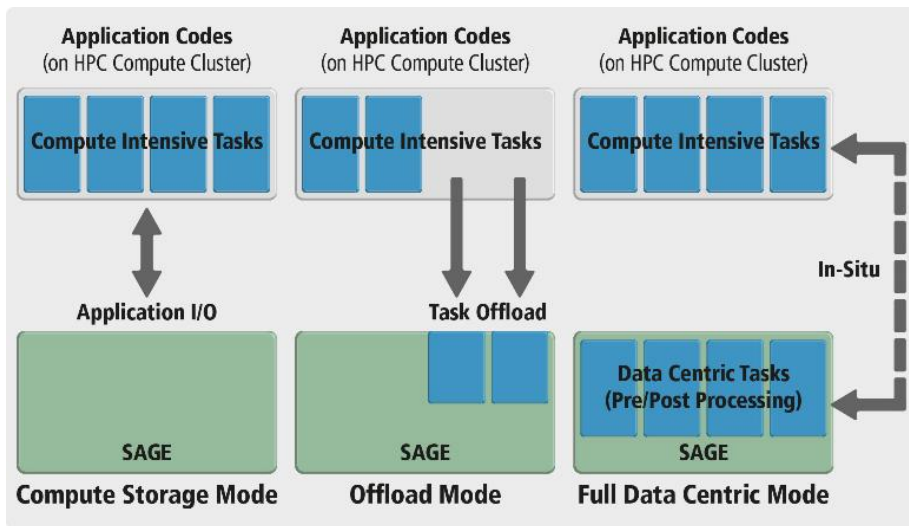
SAGE



© Wikimedia Commons/MOS6502

Scenario

In scientific research areas as vast as brain simulation, gene sequencing, and space weather forecasting, experiments and simulations generate increasingly large data sets. As these scale into the range of exabytes (billions of gigabytes), novel storage, processing, and analytics solutions must be devised to continue deriving insights and innovation in research.



Results

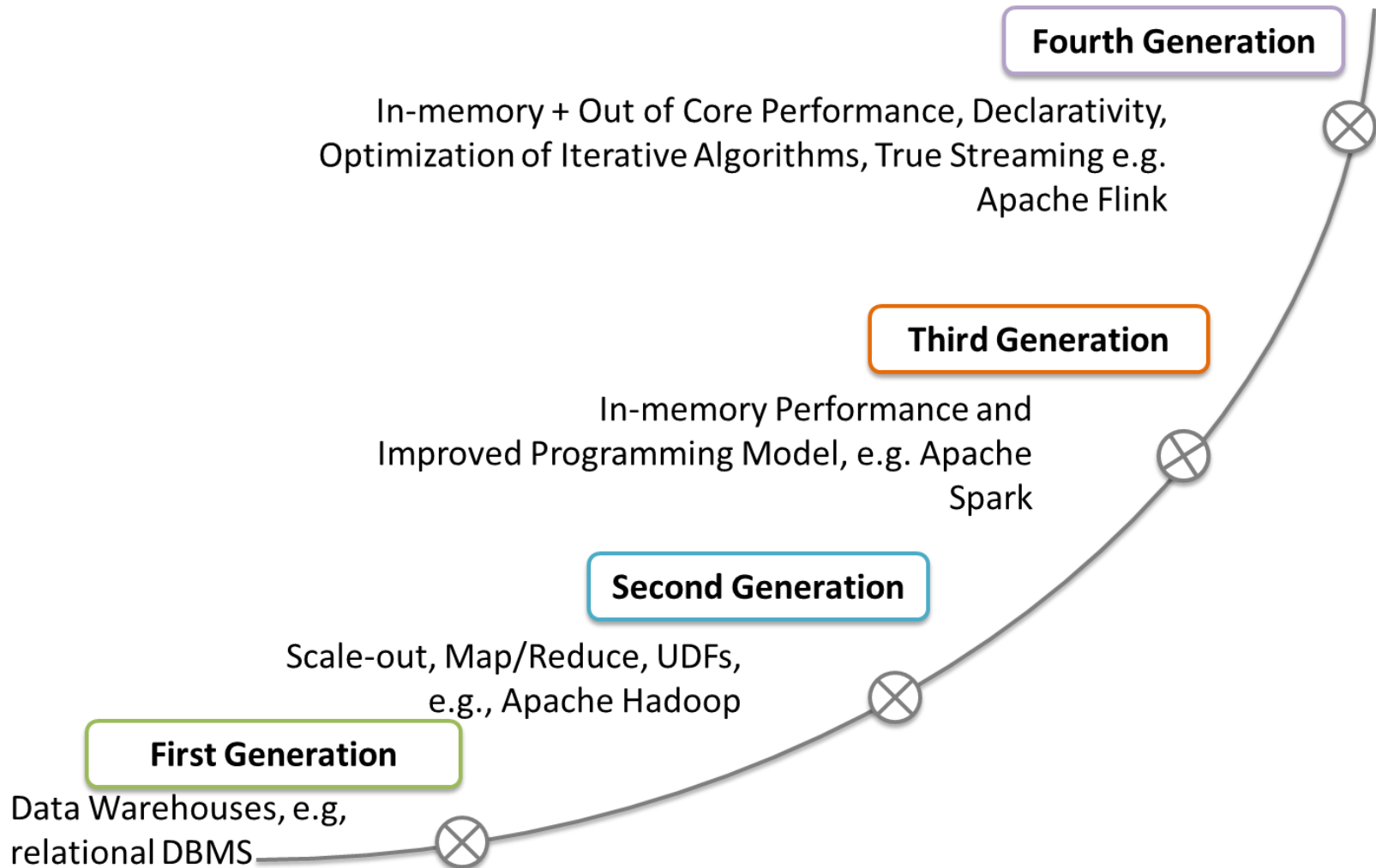
Development of a next-generation data storage system supporting current- and future-generation persistent storage media for exascale data processing. Project SAGE will integrate both current- and future-generation storage media within a multi-tiered hierarchy and introduce computational capabilities to the storage layer.

Thanks to my team members and students

- Dr. Stephan Ewen
- Dr. Sebastian Schelter
- Dr. Kostas Tzoumas
- Dr. Asterios Katsifodimos
- Fabian Hüske
- Alexander Alexandrov
- Max Heimel
- Juan Soto

and many more members of the Stratosphere Project, the Berlin Big Data Center, and the Apache Flink community

Evolution of Big Data Platforms



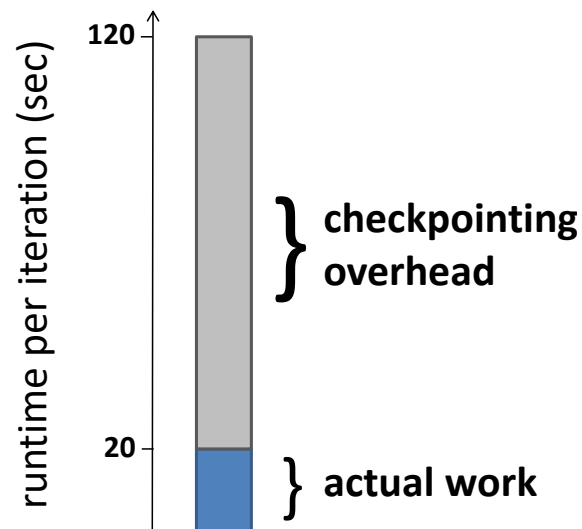
Fault tolerance

Pessimistic Recovery:

- Write intermediate state to stable storage
- Restart from such a checkpoint in case of a failure

Problematic:

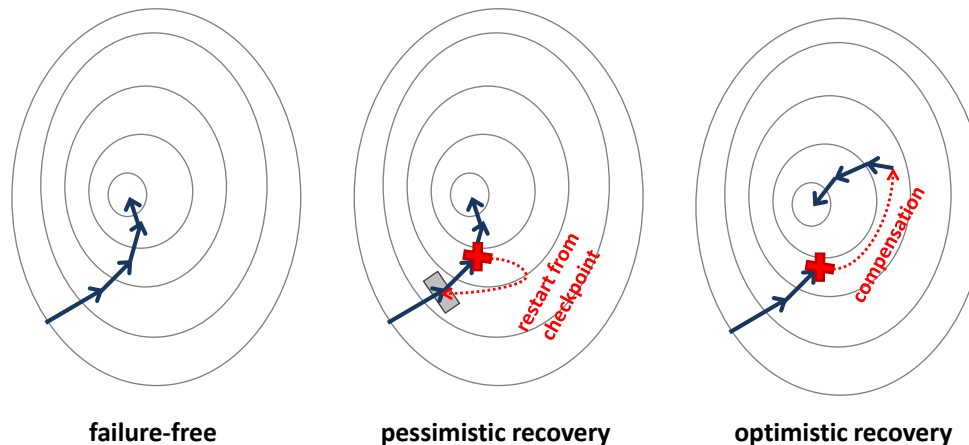
- High overhead, checkpoint must be replicated to other machines
- Overhead always incurred, even if no failures happen!



➤ How can we avoid this overhead in failure-free cases

Optimistic recovery

- Many data mining algorithms are **fixpoint algorithms**
- **Optimistic Recovery**: jump to a different state in case of a failure, still converge to solution



- No checkpoints → **No overhead in absence of failures!**
- algorithm-specific **compensation function** must restore state

All Roads lead to Rome

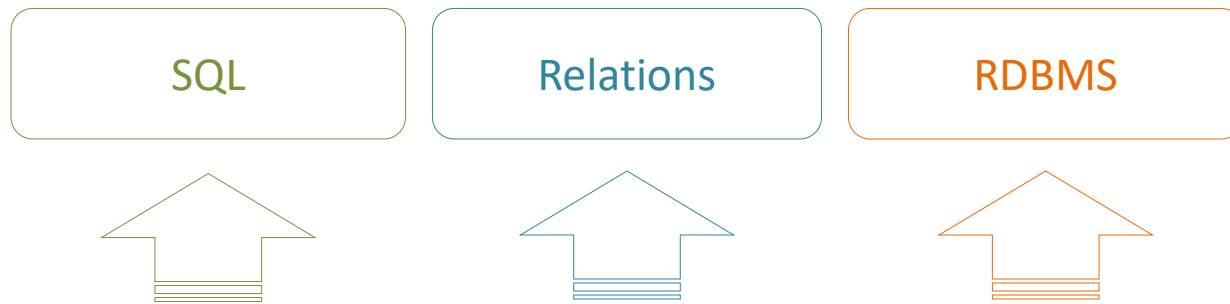
If you are interested more, read our CIKM 2013 paper:

Sebastian Schelter, Stephan Ewen, Kostas Tzoumas, Volker Markl: "All roads lead to Rome": optimistic recovery for distributed iterative data processing. CIKM 2013: 1919-1928

*Sergey Dudoladov, Chen Xu, Sebastian Schelter, Asterios Katsifodimos, Stephan Ewen, Kostas Tzoumas, Volker Markl: **Optimistic Recovery for Iterative Dataflows in Action.** To appear in SIGMOD 2015*

Declarative Data Processing and Big Data

A Billion \$\$\$ Mantra...



Declarative Data Processing

An effective, formal foundation based on relational algebra and calculus (Codd '71).

A simple, high-level language for querying data (Chamberlin '74).

An efficient, low-level execution environment tailored towards the data (Selinger '79).

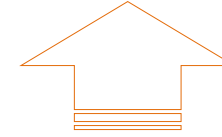
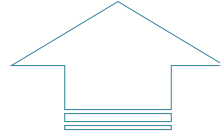
With 40+ years of success...



SQL

Relations

RDBMS



Declarative Data Processing

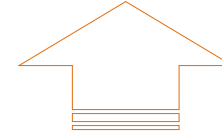
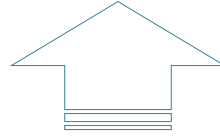
Is Being Revised



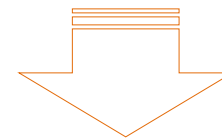
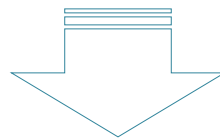
SQL

Relations

RDBMS



Declarative Data Processing



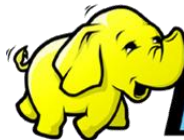
Second-Order
Functions

Distributed
Collections

Parallel Dataflow
Engines



Flink



hadoop

Spark

Mosaics of Theories and Systems

- First results
 - Alexander Alexandrov, Andreas Salzmann, Georgi Krastev, Asterios Katsifodimos, Volker Markl: Emma in Action: Declarative Dataflows for Scalable Data Analysis. SIGMOD 2016
 - Alexander Alexandrov, Asterios Katsifodimos, Georgi Krastev, Volker Markl: Implicit Parallelism through Deep Language Embedding. SIGMOD Record 45(1): 51-58 (2016)
- Next Steps
 - Open-Source Release
- Vision (Frontend): Multi-model DSL based on type contracts
 - Collection Processing *DataBag[A]*
 - Linear Algebra *Matrix[A], Vector[A]*
 - Stream Processing *Stream[A]*
- Vision (Backend): Target more execution engines
 - Column Stores
 - GPUs